Pittsburgh Gazette.

VOLUME LXXXIII. PITTSBURGH, THURSDAY, APRIL 30, 1868. NUMBER 102.

FIRST EDITION.

TWELVE O'CLOCK M.

FORTIETH CONGRESS.

The High Court of Impeachment—Mr. Nelson Explains—Proposition for Night Sessions—Mr. Evarts Continues, but Does Not Conclude His Argument.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

WASHINGTON, April 29, 1868.

SENATE.

Senator SUMNER offered a resolution, that Mr. Nelson having used improper language in this tribunal, calculated to provoke a duel and disrespectful to the Court, he deserved the censure of the Senate.

Senator SHERMAN objected to the consideration of the resolution, and Senator SUMNER objected to Mr. Nelson making any remarks, except in explanation. But the Senate allowed him to read a portion of letters bearing on the question of dates.

Mr. NELSON then explained what purported to be the original letter signed by Messrs. Butler, Logan and Garfield, dated March 9th; also, a letter sent to the President by Chauncy Black, March 16th, enclosing a copy with additional signatures.

Senator CAMERON offered an order for night sessions, which went over.

Mr. EVARTS then resumed his argument. He assumed it to be already shown that this tribunal is a court, and that the President is to be tried only on charges supported by law and evidence, and by common fame. He said much that had been elaborately advanced by the Managers must fall to the ground. So must fall the articles based on charges which had been repeatedly rejected as fair grounds for impeachment. He referred to the conduct of the case by the prosecution as similar to the practice of the Chinese, who make a great noise in the vicinity of an object to be attacked, or like the explosion of some two hundred and fifty tons of gunpowder at a safe distance from the walls of a fort. He said in this case, where the evidence had been suppressed, the enlargement of declamation and invective was more than unusually improper. He also spoke in a strain of sarcasm of Mr. Boutwell's reference to the President's counsel as attorneys whose minds had not been sharpened but enlarged by practice. He then considered Mr. Boutwell's definition of impeachable offences, and argued at length that no action could be so construed which did not proceed from malice and evil intention, supporting his view by quotations from records of the Humphrey trial, and also by the language of Burke in accusing Warren Hastings, when he expressly stated that the assertion and proof of evil intent were indispensable. Mr. Evarts held that the best way to determine the nature of offences which may be deemed high crimes and misdemeanors is to consider the punishments prescribed for them. He referred to the epithets applied by the Managers to punishment of deposition, and in forcible terms described the character and magnitude of the disgrace which such punishment involves. He claimed that the description of the penalties provided in the Tenure-of-Office law for its infraction showed the the comparatively trivial nature of the offense. A maximum but no minimum of punishment is provided. So, in the discretion of Court before whom the indictment should be tried the offender could be let off with a fine of six cents and imprisonment of one day. He read from the debate on this subject at the time when the bill was preposed, in which Mr. Williams and other Senators said there should be no minimum fixed, because the offense might arise from inadvertence and would not probably in any case have a character of moral guilt. Mr. Evarts then considered the general debates on the bill and proposed to prove that the offence charged was not made or to be considered penal, but more of a political nature, and then that even alleged infractions did not take place. He claimed that all belief of the President's former personal turpitude must be laid aside, and it must be considered that he was unimpeachable before twelve o'clock on February 21st. He then argued that even if the removal of Stanton had been actually effected, no change in the relations of the War Department to the rest of the government would have ensued, and hence that the mere act could not be considered as dangerous to the public safety. On the contrary, it would have been benefitted by it, because the relations existing between the President and Mr. Stanton were prejudicial to a proper working of the government. Hence it resulted that the crime consisted in a technical infraction of the law, if it shall be so held. The law applied only in its restrictions to himself. He believed it to be unconstitutional. It relates to an offence not penal, and under these circumstances his action could not be deemed a crime. He then briefly considered the question of what was meant by unconstitutional law, and said it was a paradox. It can be no offence to violate the provisions of such a mere piece of paper. He claimed no greater right for the President than for a private individual to test the constitutionality of a statute. Thus he argued the President made a paper removal, without force and violence, in order to assert his right to act under the Constitution, which, as he believed, was violated by the law in question. Against the assertion that formal violations are impeachable without reference to intention, he cited authority and argued at some length that the principles of common sense were opposed to any such view. At this point the Court took a recess.

On re-assembling Mr. EVARTS expressed his surprise at the Managers' denunciation of those who peacefully resisted the laws which they deemed unconstitutional. It was the duty of every ministerial officer to raise a question in favor of the Constitution, and in the highest degree it was the duty of the special defender of the Constitution. He referred to the case of Newell against the Auditor of the State of New York, in which the latter successfully resisted the issue of a loan of six millions, also to the New York law imposing a tax on brokers' sales, which was resisted and pronounced void by the United States Supreme Court. and to the action of Mr. Lincoln in suspending the *habeas corpus* in Florida, in causing the arrest of the Maryland Legislature, and creating Military Commissions in a time of peace. Congress, by endorsing all these acts, confirmed the doctrine that motive must be considered and a mere infraction of law was not in itself a ground for punishment. As to the punishment suggested by Mr. Boutwell as proper for the President, he said if the honorable and astronomical Manager could get over the laws of nature, the Constitution would not stand in his way, for removal from office was prescribed without limit as to the distance to which the culprit should be removed. (Great laughter.) He went on for some time describing in a manner which elicited roars of laughter a supposed flight of Mr. Boutwell as bailiff with the criminal in charge to his hole in the sky.

Mr. Evarts then took up the subject of the position and powers of the President, and held he was the direct representative of the people who elected him, and for whom he held his powers in trust. Evils and disturbances always result from accession to that office of one elected by the people and destitute of personal or political support. This exceptional weakness for the Presidential office is now heightened by extraordinary divisions of party strength in Congress, and so the constitutional safeguards to its independence is unavailing to urge the unequal contest, nor would he claim it to be fatal to the maintenance hereafter of a true position under the Constitution.

Mr. Evarts next spoke of the peculiar situation of the country from which have sprung the present proceedings. He referred to the chaos caused by the rebellion, and to the unprecedented social change wrought by the emancipation of four millions of slaves. He said the questions as to the part to be taken by the different branches of the government, and as to the application of the Constitution and laws in the work of reconstruction, were immensely difficult and readily productive of honest differences of opinion. He dwelt at length on the complication caused by political aspirations, and claimed that all these considerations were motives to avoid or delay the action of impeachment, to cure evils which political action would itself remedy. He referred to an article in the New York *Tribune* as an example of the feeling entertained by many that impeachment was warranted for political reasons, and argued in refutation of tha view thus taken. He held that the essence of the Constitution was the authority of the people, and that its arrangement of the relative powers of the different branches of the Government was based on the idea that terms of authority granted were so short that evils could be patiently endured for a few years until the people could by ballot remedy them.

At this point, four o'clock, the Court and Senate adjourned.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

Mr. STEVENS offered a resolution that four hundred copies of each of the Constitutions of South Carolina and Arkansas be printed for the use of the House. Referred to Printing Committee.

The House then proceeded to the Senate.

CANADA.

Government Estimates — Regulation of Duties.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

OTTAWA, April 29.—The estimates for the year ending in June were submitted to the House of Commons last night, in an elaborate speech, by Hon. Mr. Rose, Minister of Finance. He said the government intended to take the duty off of flour, corn and breadstuffs of all kinds; the duty on wine was to be twenty per cent. *ad valorem* and ten cents per gallon, whether in glass or wood; also ten per cent *ad valorem* on beer and porter; a duty of fifteen dollars would be charged on horses and ten dollars on cattle, two dollars on swine, and one dollar on sheep; thirty-one cents per gallon on all spirits manufactured in Canada, five cents per gallon on petroleum, coal oil twenty-five per cent. *ad valorem*, one per cent. per pound on all sugar above No. 9, Dutch standard, and twenty-five cents *ad valorem* and three-quarters of a cent per pound on all sugars below No. 9, Dutch standard. The duty on molasses is to be reduced to twenty-o ur per cent. *ad valorem*.

BRIEF NEWS ITEMS.

—Oil Creek has been made a borough.

—Romeo, the elephant, has been on the rampage again.

—The woods on the Capouse mountain, near Scranton, are on fire.

—Samuel Neeper committed suicide with a pistol on Sunday, in Bloomfield.

—Four of the crew of the ship Ida Lilly were arrested for mutiny yesterday at New York.

—Steubenville has a mysterious street lamp which goes out every night at ten o'clock.

—Rev. C. C. Parker has resigned the rectorship of the Episcopal Church at Warren, Penna.

—A new Sunday paper, to be called the *Globe*, will make its first appearance next Sabbath at Cincinnati.

—Irwin Peachy, a youth of eighteen summers, was married to a negress in McVeytown, Mifflin county, last week.

—The steamer Columbia arrived at New York last night from Havana. Among the passengers were Ristori and troupe.

—Three thousand, three hundred and sixty-one barrel of petroleum were shipped from Shaffer on Saturday and Monday.

—Robert, son of Bishop Boone, was accidentally shot and killed by a companion at Halifax Court House, Va., on the 25th.

—The Postoffice at California, a suburb of Cincinnati, was robbed Tuesday night. The robbers took every particle of mail matter.

—Ocean freights are now high, they are from 5s. to 6s. 6d. per barrel to any of the Northern European ports from New York or Philadelphia.

—John Callahan, a well known butcher in St. Louis, cut his throat yesterday in a fit of aberration, caused by whisky, and will probably die.

—Two seamen named John E. Morgan and Levi Clark have been committed at Boston for trial on a charge of scuttling the schooner James Sayward.

—308,550 barrels of petroleum were shipped over the Oil Creek and Allegheny River Railway from the 1st of January to the 28th of April, 1868.

—A lynx was killed near the Unitarian Church in Milwaukee last Sunday morning. It is supposed that excessive cold drove him into the city.

—The Grand Division of Sons of Temperance held a semi-annual session at Franklin, O., yesterday. Many prominent advocates of the cause were in attendance.

—At Cincinnati, yesterday, a young man named Slasson, recently from England, out of employment, and disheartened, made three unsuccessful attempts to commit suicide.

—The defense rested their case in the Cole murder trial at Albany, N. Y., yesterday. Their evidence throughout was intended to show the insanity of the prisoner.

—The County Commissioners of Springfield, Ohio, have offered $5,000 reward for the capture of Scott and Robinson, two murderers who escaped from gaol there last week.

—Special agent Slosnaker, on Tuesday, seized and libelled three large breweries in Houston, Texas, valued at $300,000. He has also recovered a large portion of tobacco and spirits stolen from the warehouse in Galveston.

SECOND EDITION.

FOUR O'CLOCK A. M.

THE CAPITAL.

Elections in North and South Carolina and Georgia—Indian Peace Commission—Court of Claims—Impeachment Arguments.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

WASHINGTON, April 29, 1868.

ATTEMPTED CAPTURE OF MURDERERS.

The following was received to-day at Gen. Grant's headquarters, from General Canby, dated Charleston 25th:

"A detachment of the Fortieth Infantry on the 25th inst. attempted to capture Riddick Carney and party, charged with several murders. Carney, while under arrest in 1866, murdered Lieut. Kergon of the Twenty-eighth Infantry and escaped. On this occasion two soldiers were killed, and the officer in command, Brevet Major Lyman, badly wounded. Carney and son were killed and a son-in-law badly wounded."

SOUTH AND NORTH CAROLINA ELECTIONS.

Gen. Canby also dispatches the following in relation to the elections in North and South Carolina:

"The returns are all in. The majority for the Constitution is 43,470. The majority for the Constitution in North Carolina has increased to 13,440. Forty-four counties send complete returns, nine incomplete, and thirty-six counties have not been heard from. The vote polled, as far as heard from, is 105,874."

THE GEORGIA ELECTION.

The following was received at General Grant's headquarters from General Meade, commanding Third Military District:

"The election in Georgia passes off as quietly as could be expected. One or two serious outbreaks only. There are many complaints of frauds from both sides and some applications for re-election. The official returns come in slowly. The probabilities are ratification by a very large majority, Bullock elected Governor, and a Democratic majority in the Legislature."

MILITARY RUMOR.

Specials give a rumor that the fifth cavalry, of which Gen. Emory is commander are to be transferred to other duty, and that Gen. Rosseau will be commander of the Department of Washington.

RESTORATION OF SOUTHERN STATES.

The Reconstruction Committee to-day agreed to postpone the question of the restoration of South Carolina and Arkansas till the Constitutions of other Southern States arrive.

INDIAN PEACE COMMISSION.

The Indian Peace Commissioners, if they do not meet hostile bands at Laramie, will proceed further into the country and probably reach Fort Rice, on the Upper Missouri, by the first of June. Further than this no efforts will be made towards conciliation with the tribes who fail to meet them.

IMPEACHMENT ARGUMENTS.

It is probable Mr. Evarts will consume the whole day to-morrow in concluding his argument. Mr. Stanbery has completed his argument, the delivery of which will take four hours. He expects to read at least part of it himself, his health having much improved. After Friday Manager Bingham will close the case, occupying two days.

COURT OF CLAIMS.

The Court of Claims has ruled out all depositions on cotton claim cases, and directed separate personal examinations of witnesses before one of the Judges.

Cotton Planters' Convention.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

NEW YORK, April 29.—A Convention of cotton planters, dealers and manufacturers met here to-day. Representatives were present from Texas, North and South Carolina, Maryland, Delaware, Tennessee, New Jersey, Mississippi, Arkansas, New York, Connecticut, Pennsylvania and Massachusetts. General Prall, of Alabama, opened the proceedings, and Mr. Richard Gosed, of Pennsylvania, was appointed President. Speeches were made by several gentlemen on the proposition to establish a permanent organization of a Cotton Manufacturers' Association.

At the evening session a permanent organization was effected with A. A. Lawrence, of Boston, President, and a Vice President from each State represented, such Vice Presidents to be Presidents of the local organizations of the States. The Convention then adjourned.

California News.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

SAN FRANCISCO, April 29.—The Democratic State Convention met here to-day, and after temporary organization adjourned till to-morrow. The indications are that Gov. Haight will be the choice of the Convention for President of the United States.

The Pacific Mail Company's new steamer "Ancon" went on trial trip to-day, having on board a large number of guests and the Chinese Embassy.

Arrived: James Guthrie, Hong kong. Sailed: Lady Bird, Liverpool.

The Georgia Election—A Democratic Legislature.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

AUGUSTA, April 29.—Eighty-four counties give, in the Senate, 13 Democrats and 11 Radicals; in the House, 69 Democrats and 46 Radicals. Two negroes are elected to the Senate and 12 to the House. The official count will be necessary to decide the choice for Governor.

Heavy Forgeries Discovered.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

SPRINGFIELD, April 29.—Heavy forgeries on various paper manufacturing companies and dealers in this vicinity by C. H. Thomas, of Boston, have been discovered. The losses amount to over $60,000, of which the Holyoke Paper Company and Hampshire Mills have a large share.

News From Mexico.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

GALVESTON, April 29.—Matamoras dates to the 14th, are received. The National Congress re-assembled on the first of April. Twenty of the Negrete's revolutionists had been captured and were being tried by a Military Commissioner. The Brownsville *Ranchero* estimates the Custom House deficit at $35,000.

Suicide of a Clevelander.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

CINCINNATI, April 29.—C. W. Adams, of Cleveland, O., committed suicide at the St. Nicholas Hotel, this afternoon, by taking laudanum.

FROM EUROPE.

The Trial of Fenians in London—The War Situation in Paraguay, South America.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

GREAT BRITAIN.

THE TRIAL OF FENIANS IN LONDON.

LONDON, April 29—*Evening.*—The trial of Burke, Shaw and Casy, for concern in the Fenian attack on Chester Castle, was resumed this morning.

Mr. Kylock, proprietor of a gun shop in Birmingham, testified he sold to Burke, in December, 1865, a quantity of caps and pistols. He also swore that five hundred rifles were bought by Burke of Mr. Hill, together with moulds for bullets, to the amount of £2,000. Witness, on a searching cross-examination, showed confusion about the identity of Shaw and Casy.

Mr. Hill was sworn and gave evidence confirming that of Kylock, stating also that Burke represented to him that the arms purchased of witness were for use in South America.

Several other witnesses were examined and testified the arms in question were sent from Birmingham to Liverpool. The evidence of a number of lodging house keepers, carmen and others from Liverpool was given which agreed that Burke had, under the name of Winslow, been a resident of that city about the time of the attack on Chester Castle, and proved his intimacy with leading and well known Fenians. The Court adjourned until to-morrow.

SOUTH AMERICA.

THE WAR IN PARAGUAY.

PARIS, April 29.—Terxera De Macedo, Brazilian Ambassador to this Government, has received the following news officially by the steamer which recently arrived at Lisbon from Rio Janeiro: "The Paraguayans are shut up in Humaita. The outer forts have been captured as have also the positions at Curupaity and Paco, and their gunboats sunk. Their President, Lopez, has fled. Humaita cannot hold out three days."

LONDON, April 29.—Further advices from the seat of war from Paraguayan sources state the Brazilian iron clads passed Humaita under fire of its guns. They were assisted in the perilous undertaking by batteries which had been planted by the allied commander around the fortress, and kept up a terrific fire upon the Paraguayans during the passage. The killed and wounded on board the fleet number 1500 men. A reconnoisance had also been made by the allied forces of the position of the Paraguayans, and it was ascertained that Lopez has massed his army at the northern extremity of his lines, which renders probable the abandonment of Curupaity by the Paraguayans.

GERMANY.

BERLIN, April 29.—It is officially stated that the reduction of the Prussian army will be 12,000 men.

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL.

LONDON, April 29—*Evening.*—Consols 93⅞a94. Bonds quiet at 7⅛. Others unchanged.

PARIS, April 29—*Evening.*—Rentes 2f francs—40 cts.

LIVERPOOL, April 29—*Evening.*—Cotton closed quiet; uplands 12¾c; Orleans 13c; sales 10,000 bales. Corn declined to 37s 9d. Bacon advanced to 59s 6d. Other articles unchanged.

ANTWERP, April 29—*Evening.*—Petroleum 42½ francs for standard white.

BRIEF NEWS ITEMS.

—Two of the supposed highwaymen who have been infesting the roads leading out of Cincinnati lately, were arrested yesterday, and the detectives are on the track of others.

—Two street railroad conductors, in St. Louis, Mo., named Philip Ryan and Chaplin, got into a quarrel yesterday, and the latter shot the former, killing him almost instantly.

—Two men, named Frank Buchanan and Thomas Laher, quarrelled in a saloon at St. Louis, yesterday, when Buchanan stabbed Laher, severing an artery, from which he died in six hours.

—The Louisville *Courier* announces that Gen. S. B. Buckner, who since the war has been residing in New Orleans, will remove to Louisville during next month and become editorially connected with that paper.

—Idaho advices to April 14th state that the Indians are committing depredations in Jordon Valley. It is thought the programme of the past four years is to be reenacted by the savages—robbing, burning and murdering. The Indians had made a raid through Fayette Valley, capturing and driving off stock. Troops had been sent in pursuit.

—Wm. Wilson, a stencil cutter, was imprisoned at Cincinnati, yesterday, to answer before the United States Grand Jury for cutting counterfeit United States tobacco brands, one of which was found on his person when arrested. J. Sayer, at whose shop Wilson was at work, is held in bonds of $1,000 for future examination before a United States Commissioner.

—A skiff containing four boys, engaged in fishing in the Wabash river, at Mt. Carmell, Illinois, was drawn under a dam by a counter current and all but one of them were drowned. The names of the lost are Young, Williamson and Cavenaugh, aged from seventeen to eighteen. John Steickler was accidentally shot and mortally wounded near the same place.

—C. M. Thomas, of Baltimore, manufacturer of envelopes, under the title of the "Hope Envelope Company," has absconded, leaving liabilities to the amount of $85,000, for $50,000 of which he had given forged notes on E. H. Bender, of Albany, and Gladding Bros., of Providence, to paper dealers in Baltimore. The victims are Peter Goodrow, John Goldthwait, Messrs. Dockway and a dentist named Joshua Tucker.

—News from Rio Janeiro to the 9th inst. is received. Dates from the seat of war on Parana are to March 25th. The Allies had taken the Paraguayan lines at Royas, and the headquarters of Marquis de Caxias were at Resso. Lopez has abandoned Pueu, and his whereabouts was unknown. The Allied fleet had gone up the river again to Fort Humaita, which was soon to be attacked. The Allies expect the Paraguayans will surrender.

—Much excitement has been caused in Skowhegan, Maine, over the supposed discovery that an old man named Fletcher was poisoned to death some months since in the house of Benjamin Hurd. The friends have been unable to find any trace of $20,000 in bonds reported to have been in his possession until last Wednesday, when $2,500 of the missing property was found in Hurd's house. Hurd and his house-keeper, Mrs. Loring, have been arrested and have made a partial confession, and are held to bail for trial.

The Fashions.

[From the N. Y. Evening Post.]

Bonnets are becoming smaller, if possible, and it is not improbable that in a short time they will vanish like the gossamer cloud, and a coiffure of lace and flowers, without frame, be worn instead. The effort to throw aside the Fanchon has not been successful, and it is now the prevailing style, with a slight diadem against which the flowers in front rest.

The ladies are not willing to give up a becoming style for a crown and standing front that detracts from a pretty face. Spangled and crystalized lace, as well as plain white lace, are still much used upon the bonnets, increasing the effect. The fleecy folds of rich lace harmonize with the bright, youthful face, adding to its beauty; while they give a softening effect upon features on which time has left its impress.

Green will be the prevailing color in millinery at present, the bright shade of apple green, which is darker than the Metternich, predominating. The majority of the bonnets are of thin material, crape, illusion or lace. Straws are not extensively used, but most of the fancy braids are very pretty. Straw cords, bands and straw flowers are used for decorating the straw bonnets.

The new style of round hat has a high, sugar-loaf crown, with a brim wider than that of last year. The new hat is of brown straw, the crown sloping up small and flat on the top; the brim wider on one side than the other, turns up, and is spanned by a velvet band. Rosette leaves of ribbon surmount this band, and black crystallized lace caught up by the band and tied in a loose knot, falls over the shoulder. It is a jaunty, pretty hat. The hats with low crown, and narrow, drooping brim, will be worn. A pretty one of white straw, has a fluted ribbon around the crown, and the edge bound with green velvet, with scarf of green frosted lace. A showy round hat is of pink silk, with pink, spangled lace streamers. The wide brim hats will be used later in the season for sea-side wear.

The ribbons used on bonnets are all narrow, the fashionable width being number sixteen. The very narrow is used for ties where lace overstrings are attached to the bonnet. White, straw color, blue, pink and lavender are used to some extent, but the leading color in ribbons is green, and the prettiest and most fashionable shade is the apple green. There has never been a greater variety of flowers, or a more attractive display, which will be much used in decorating bonnets. Indeed, the fashionable bonnet will be made up of lace or tulle, and clusters and wreaths of flowers that drop to the shoulder. Among the recent importations are beautiful vines with trailing tendrils and leaves, and mossy verdure that closely resembles that of the forest.

The little sunshades, or parasols in miniature, are made up of the richest of silk, and are gay and attractive. Parasols are also very showy, the blue, green, and lavender being embroidered in brilliant colors, after beautiful designs, and those in black silk are wrought in white, gold-color, or bright tints. The colored parasols are often edged with white lace that has a pretty effect. Real lace covers are much used over costly parasols, and add to their beauty. For the seaside or country wear, or for real use in the city, there are larger parasols of dark or black silk that are rich and elegant.

Premature Burial.

[From the Israelite.]

The present practice of our people—to bury their dead within some twenty-four or thirty-six hours of their decease—seems reprehensible in many respects. The peril of premature burial is obvious. We know so little of the theory and condition of death, even in our present state of medical science, that we cannot even be sure that life has actually fled when the ordinary signs of life have ceased. We cannot be sure that the spirit has passed irrevocably, materially speaking, from the mortal clay, even when the heart ceases to beat; the lips to breathe, the pulse to throb. We know that persons apparently dead by drowning have been brought back to life a long time after the ordinary signs of life have ceased to be apparent. We know that skillful treatment has, under Providence, restored respiration and animation some time after all apparent action had left the respiratory organs and the animated organism. Hence it is clear that death does not immediately succeed the apparent cessation of life. A man may be drowned and yet not immediately die. If this be the case in this cause of death, may it not be true in other causes producing death? May not the vital power be only suspended and not absolutely extinct when it *appears* to those around a patient's pillow that the signs of life have departed?

It is possible that we can, in the name of religion, consign our loved ones to a condition in which—if one spark of life remain or could be reanimated in them—it must be extinguished utterly, irretrievably? I believe that decomposition, or the beginning of decomposition, is the only *really reliable* sign of death. When a physical change of this character commences to affect the inert frame, it is probably palpable that the mystery which we call life has left it—left it until it be recalled in the unknown hour when, as we believe, the dead shall wake again.

Strange to say, we do not give to our supposed dead the last chance which would be afforded by our ancient customs, and probably prescribed rites. We do not, as I believe our fathers did, re-open the coffin at the burial ground, before finally parting with it in the cold sods. Why have we abandoned this practice—possibly a wise precaution?

The objection to burial, on the ground of the desire to remove the dead rapidly from the house of mourning, so that the latter may be purified from its presence, may be met by the establishment of a mortuary house in our cemeteries, in which for some days the supposed dead might be deposited and watched, till death be physically certain.

THE Copperhead majority of the Ohio Legislature have hit upon a new but eminently appropriate method of cutting down the Republican vote in that State. They have introduced a bill which provides that no pupil of an institution of learning shall be allowed to vote unless his parents have an actual residence in the township in which the college is located. By this means they expect to disfranchise several thousand students who under existing laws are voters, and of whom four-fifths have supported the Republican ticket. One of the members who voted for this bill, when traveling abroad, wrote home to have his letters directed to "——, Eurip." Among the pictures which now adorn his "palatial mansion" is one labeled "An Oshun (Ocean) Landskip." Evidently, Democracy has good reason to consider education its foe.

Origin of Westminster Abbey.

In one respect, Westminster Abbey stands alone among the buildings of the world. As time has rolled on, a fresh nucleus of life—or rather of death—has been formed within it, a new combination produced, a larger ramification thrown out. First, it was only kings who found their last home within its sacred walls; then nobles and ministers of state; and last, the true great ones of the land, whose valor saved or whose genius enriched it. The Abbey, as everybody knows, owes its origin to the piety of Edward the Confessor, of whom a very full description has been given by his cotemporaries—and this is the portrait which Dean Stanley has compiled from their materials. His appearance was such as no one could forget. It was almost that of an albino. His full, flush, rose-red cheeks strangely contracted with the milky whiteness of his waving hair and beard. His eyes were always fixed on the ground. There was a kind of a magic charm to his thin white hands, and his long, transparent fingers, which not unnaturally led to the belief that there resided in them a healing power of stroking away the diseases of his subjects. His manners presented a singular mixture of gravity and levity.

Unusually affable and gentle, so as to make even a refusal look like an acceptance, he burst forth at times into a fury which showed that the old Bersiker rage was not dead within him. "By God and His mother, I will give you just such another turn, if it ever come in my way!" was the utterance of what was thought by his biographers as a very mild expression of his noble indignation against a peasant who interfered with the pleasure of his chase. Austere as were his habits—old even as a child—he sometimes startled his courtiers by a piece of boisterous laughter, for which they or he could only account by some curious vision which had passed across his mind without their knowledge. His time was almost equally divided between devotional exercises and hunting. He would spend hours in church, and then again days together in hawking and cheering on his hounds.

When in exile in Normandy, Edward had thrown himself on the protection of his favorite saint, St. Peter, and swore that if his affairs succeeded, he would make a pilgrimage to that apostle's grave in Rome; and when he came to the throne he announced his intention of proceeding thither. But his great council would not let him leave the kingdom, far less risk the perils of the Roman brigands—who, it seems, have been by far the most permanent institution in Italy—so a deputation was sent to the Pope to beg a release from his vow. The release came on condition that he should found a monastery, and accordingly the "Collegiate Church or Abbey of St. Peter" was founded, which is much more commonly known as Westminster Abbey. When Edward died, he was of course laid in this temple of his own creation, attired in his own royal habiliments, his crown upon his head, a crucifix of gold, with a golden chain, round his neck, and the pilgrim's ring on his hand; and there, we are well assured, his dust reposes to this day.

Swords.

In all nations of the east the warrior looks upon his sword with feelings of strong devotion. Those wielded by himself on many a gory field are preserved with an affectionate care, while those captured from his enemy are hung away as trophies, and both pass from generation to generation as heirlooms, along with the ancestral halls. Spain has provided a national museum for weapons of war of all kinds, and in looking along its walls the student reads with unerring precision the dates of all her glory and disaster, from the ninth century onward. There hang the rude weapons of the forefathers, and the polished subtle blades of the modern cavalier. The tomahawk of the American Indian, the defensive weapons of the Montezumas and the Incas, hang side by side with the keen blades of the Saracen. The Moorish warrior held his sword in high reverence. The Damascus blade, his choicest weapon, was the type of Mohamedan civilization. How it was manufactured has always been a subject of inquiry, which has only ended in hypothesis. Some attribute its superior quality to the character of the steel, others to the peculiar quality of the Syrian water used for hardening them, still others to superior workmanship. The truth may be that all these theories are united in its production. Aside from the inherent qualities of the blade, the Orientals looked upon its peculiar wavy finish with the greatest gratification. The process by which this appearance of the dappled heavens was produced is called Damascening, and it also is wrapped in mystery. On many of the old swords captured in the Mores, in Syria, and in Africa, are engraved those memorable words of the Koran; "There is no God but God, and Mahomet is his prophet."

Before a blade thus ornamented the faithful Moor bowed in adoration, and the effect was to keep up in the army a perpetual religious enthusiasm, which rendered the soldier's stroke bolder, and kept his valor undaunted. The Spanish sword was ornamented and polished equal to the Moorish. The religious zeal of Spain during her American conquests seems to have been transferred to her weapons of war. History and creed appeared on her swords, on her halberds and pikes, in cabalistic characters, in artistic hieroglyphics. The skill and wealth of both these people were lavished upon their weapons, and now Spain preserves them, so that posterity may, in her galleries, read the chapters of her greatness along with those of her decadence.

FROM the report of Mr. Welles, of the Internal Revenue Department, it seems that there are about one hundred and thirty thousand (130,000) places licensed for the sale of liquor, or one for fifty-eight families. This traffic employs about 390,000 persons. The value of retail liquor sales for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1867, was the enormous sum of one billion, four hundred and eighty-three millions four hundred and ninety-one thousand eight hundred and sixty-five dollars ($1,483,491,865). That is $43 for every man, woman and child in the country. It is more than the entire product of the precious metals in all the States and Territories west of the Rocky Mountains for the last twenty years.

THE Springfield (O.) *Republic* says that the Hon. Samuel Shellabarger has been entirely cured of the disease with which he has been so long afflicted, and needs now only a brief interval for the recruiting of the strength and vigor necessary for the performance of his public duties.

The Pittsburgh Gazette.

SPRING.

BY CHARLES KINGSLEY.

See the land, her Easter keeping,
Rises as her Maker rose.
Seeds, so long in darkness sleeping,
Burst at last from winter snows.
Earth with heaven above rejoices:
Fields and gardens hail the Spring;
Shaughs and woodlands ring with voices,
While the wild birds build and sing.

You, to whom your Maker granted
Powers to those sweet birds unknown,
Use the craft by God implanted:
Use the reason not your own.
Here, while heaven and earth rejoices,
Each his Easter tribute bring.—
Work of finger, chant of voices,
Like the birds who build and sing.

EPHEMERIS.

—58 boats are in the Upper Missouri river trade.

—A Prussian school ship is in New York harbor.

—A. T. Stewart's income averages about $3,000,000.

—Maryland has a newspaper called the *Crumptonian*.

—Several Pennsylvanians are buying land in Virginia.

—Jefferson is performing Rip Van Winkle in Washington.

—Geo. H. Cutler, of Girard, Erie county, wants to go to Congress.

—Lesseps, the projector of the Suez canal, is a cousin of the Empress.

—During the last quarter, Alaska imported ten dozen of champagne.

—Colonel Kelley is in New York. He has not yet liberated Ireland.

—Hancock and Adams sounds well, but all's not well that sounds well.

—57 horses are in the stables at Fordham preparing for the spring races.

—There has never been a divorce granted in the State of South Carolina.

—The only hippopotamus now alive in America is on exhibition in Chicago.

—The City of Richmond luxuriates in more than half a million of war debt.

—Vitrol throwing has again become fashionable in various parts of the country.

—The ladies of Naples gave the Princess Humbert two embroidered handkerchiefs.

—Geo. Kane, of Halifax, sold his wife recently to another Nova Scotian for $6.

—Does sending a man to the Legislature come under the head of capital punishment.

—Cat harbor ought to be a pleasant resort, at least Catawaba is a favorite, here abouts.

—The original cartoon of Kaulbach's Era of the Reformation is on exhibition in New York.

—Lotta has a new play called "Archie Lovell," and founded on Mrs. Edward's novel.

—Napoleon is building houses ten stories high; his right hand man, Haus-mann, is well named.

—A special postal mission is said to be what brought Anthony Trollope back to America.

—Several hundred houses remain unrented in New York City, and still rents stay up.

—It is said that Frenchmen think that the *Sabre de mon Pere* is sung with full chorus in Paradise.

—Boston is expecting seventy-nine ships, from various quarters of the globe, which are now *en route*.

—The Hon. Joel Parker has presented Dartmouth College with eight acres of land for a college park.

—Mrs. Scott Siddons will come to America for $80,000. She could come for $150 by the Cunard line.

—Theresa has gone to London in hopes of there renewing the excitement which she once created in Paris.

—There is a gentleman in England who teaches the Chinese language, in that respect he is said to be unique.

—The Fenian headquarters on Fourth street, in New York, are advertised to let. Where are they gone to now?

—Sickles would like to preside over the Chicago Convention. A very laudable desire on the part of Mr. Sickles.

—One of the finest churches in Maine was dedicated at Portland by the Swedenborgians, on Wednesday of last week.

—Variegated marble, more beautiful than those of California or Tennessee has now been discovered in Union County, Ill.

—A private speculation, a new town called Wyoming, is growing rapidly seventeen miles North-west of Fort Sanders.

—Roman type is superceding the Gothic in Germany. This may be considered the last triumph of the Romans over the Goths.

—The Webb sisters are not spiders, and one of them is to become a wife in San Francisco. Wives are in demand in that place.

—A California lawyer has a case on hand from which he expects half a million dollars in fees. These can hardly be styled fees simple.

—*Punch* thinks that Congress has impeached the President because they want to reelect him and don't want to take an untried man.

—White birch sap makes pretty good sugar when boiled. The Louisiana slaves used to make pretty good sugar when basted.

—Bonnets are sold in Paris at three cents a piece. They are made of plaited wood splinters something like wooden cigar lighters.

—An English cabinet maker is being tried for throwing his son into a canal and then throwing stones at his head until he disappeared.

—Grover's German opera troupe, with Frederici, Johannsen, Himmer, Steinecke and Herrmanns, are now performing in Baltimore.

—The most fashionable summer resort on the Hudson this year is said to be Tarrytown. It is a good place for tourists to pitch their tents.

—The New York fair for the benefit of the National Home for the widows and mothers of soldiers has been postponed until September.

—Mrs. E. Oakes Smith says she is the first white woman who ever went to the sumit of Mount Katahdin. She is not in an insane asylum.

—The Davenport brothers have lost their spirits, who won't untie them any more and thus their rather questionable occupation is gone to join Othello's.

—Patrick Henry left eleven children when he died, and only one survives This is not so astonishing, however, as Patrick died sixty-nine years ago.

—Brignoli is followed about by an admiring beauty. Music must have charms to make the most unprepossessing looking of men fascinating in some eyes.

—The London *Times* says that at the recent race between Oxford and Cambridge; Cambridge only came in second because there was no third boat in the water.

—Baron De Budberg has been succeeded by Count De Stackelberg in the Russian Embassy at Paris. Queer names those Russians have—Bedburg and Straddleburg.

—Madam Parepa Rosa has sailed for California. It is believed that there is no truth in the report that she had chartered one vessel of each line to take her out in installments.

—Somebody in New York advertises for a medical diploma. He must be a very poor excuse for a man who can not get the degree of M. D., or any other D., out of some adolescent college.

—A circus manager advertised that "the hero of one hundred summersaults" would soon appear in Chicago. Immediately the general impression was that Senator Doolittle was coming.

—Senator Grimes, of Iowa, has given ten thousand dollars towards founding a public library in Burlington, which town is evidently rejoicing in the fact that Old Grimes is not dead yet.

—Prentice is probably the most vulgar funniest before the public, although he is not so coarse as Pomeroy. Both are down on Forney, which is very flattering indeed to that gentleman.

—The Astor House has been thirty-three years in existence. When it was first opened it was an up town hotel and considered one of the wonders of modern times. It isn't either any more.

—It is rumored that the *Independent* is to become religious; this may be true, but the most vivid imagination should find it hard to conceive the idea of the editor of the *Independent* becoming pious.

—Some adventurous individuals who do not fear jaw breaking among trout have decided to stock with those delicate little fish the waters of Lake Chan-bun-a-gun-gamany, near Webster, Mass.

—An exchange says that Chicago promises a Democratic majority of four thousand at the November election. We don't like to say it, but we think that either our exchange or Chicago is a liar.

—Seventy-five hundred Saxon and Prussian emigrants have passed through New York, during the past few days. Emigration from the port of Bremen has never been on so extensive a scale as this year.

—The Havanese have gone raving mad about Ristori, there never was such an ovation vouchsafed to an actress as that bestowed on the Queen of Tragedy at the farewell performance of "Sor Teresa" on Friday night.

—Chicago may again hide her diminished head. Connecticut has outdone her on the divorce question. We do not believe there was ever any place else so absurd a conglomeration of disgusting particulars as is contained in the great Judd case.

—An allopathic Medical college is to be founded in Detroit, $20,000 have been subscribed by Detroit physicians. If a sufficient sum to found the college is procured, the medical department of the university of Michigan will be transferred to it.

—Mrs Gladstone rushed into the lobby and kissed her husband, after his Irish Church speech. Suppose she had made a mistake and Mr. D'Israeli had received the salute, what a commotion would have been made by the English female lobbyists.

—Most women when they take to the offensive, use their nails! Mrs. Gillan, who lives in Chicago, differs from the rest of her sex; *she* took a hammer and pounded her husband's head. If she had driven one of her nails into his head she would have resembled Jael, as it was she only went to jail.

—A lady in Maine after writing very enthusiastically about General Hancock, says that he is one of those men whom armies idolize, and then says that General Grant is not. General McClellan was one of that kind, but it didn't keep him from repudiating his idolators and running on an anti-war ticket.

—We shouldn't be much surprised if King George of Hanover came over to America to live. Austria has told him to truss up his fardles and depart, and we don't see why he shouldn't come to New York to reside. It is a much pleasanter town than London, which seems to be about the only other place left for the royal exile.

—It is supposed that the Lelands have entered into a grand conspiracy to buy up and gain possession of all of the hotels in the country. Their latest acquisition is Taylor's hotel in Jersey City. The Metropolitan in New York is the biggest thing they have, and they would have plenty more if it were not for the Stetsons, who seem to be conspiring for the same purpose.

—Mayor Blackmore, like most of our other Mayors, has inaugurated his term of office by insisting on the sidewalks being cleaned occasionally. This is, of course, praiseworthy, and should be kept up, as it is in other cities; but a change could still be made for the better. It is very annoying to be splashed and sprinkled at all hours of the day whilst passing along the streets, and yet at present every one is liable to sudden shower baths at any time. In some of the Eastern towns, where the pavement cleaning law is enforced, the people are not allowed to clean between the hours of eight in the morning and seven in the evening, and by these means clean sidewalks are achieved and the water annoyance avoided during the greater part of the day. An amendment of this sort would, we think, be gratefully received by very many citizens.

DENTISTRY.

$8. ONLY $8.
A FULL SET OF ARTIFICIAL TEETH FOR EIGHT DOLLARS.
FULL UPPER AND LOWER SET FOR $12.
TEETH EXTRACTED WITHOUT PAIN.
NO CHARGE FOR EXTRACTING WHEN ARTIFICIAL TEETH ARE ORDERED.
ALL WORK WARRANTED FOR FIVE YEARS.
LAUGHING GAS FREE OF CHARGE, AT
QUINCY A. SCOTT'S
Steam Dental Establishment,
278 PENN STREET, 3D DOOR ABOVE HAND.
N. B.—As DR. SCOTT is a licensee under the Goodyear Patents, he will not make any "new (*bogus*) rubber" sets, but will continue to manufacture the genuine article—VULCANITE. mh23:d&T

GAS FIXTURES.
GAS FIXTURES
AND
Chandeliers,
FOR GAS AND OIL.
Just received, the finest and largest assortment ever opened in this city.
WELDON & KELLY,
147 WOOD STREET, COR. VIRGIN ALLEY.
mh24:n22

DRY GOODS.
87. MARKET STREET. 87.
SPRING OPENING!
AT
THEODORE F. PHILLIPS',
(Successor to J. M. Burchfield & Co.)
SPRING DRY GOODS.
SPRING DRY GOODS.
SPRING DRY GOODS.
MR. PHILLIPS respectfully announces that the extensive alterations to his
RETAIL DRY GOODS STORE
Are completed, and his establishment is NOW OPEN. He offers an entirely
New Stock of Dry Goods,
For Spring and Summer Wear, at the lowest Eastern Case Prices.
ap8:t 87....MARKET STREET....87.

ARBUTHNOT, SHANNON & CO.,
No. 115 WOOD STREET, PITTSBURGH, PA
WHOLESALE
DRY GOODS AND NOTIONS,
AT LOWEST EASTERN PRICES.
ap6:n23

AT DENNISON & HECKERT'S,
27 Fifth Street.
PLAIN LINEN HANDKERCHIEFS, 8 cents and upwards.
ALL LINEN HEM-STITCHED HANDKERCHIEFS, for 35 cents and upwards.
WATCH AND WORK BOXES, WRITING DESKS.
HOSIERY, in all grades and at all prices.
MORRISON'S STAR SHIRTS,
AT REDUCED PRICES!
KID GLOVES, CORSETS, HOOP SKIRTS, &c.
ALL OUR GOODS AT LOW PRICES.
fe10

CARR, McCANDLESS & CO.,
(Late Wilson, Carr & Co.,)
WHOLESALE DEALERS IN
Foreign and Domestic Dry Goods,
No. 94 WOOD STREET,
Third door above Diamond alley,
PITTSBURGH, PA.

HOUSEKEEPERS,
USE THE QUEEN,
QUEEN OF THE WASH-TUB.
A HOUSE CLEANER; A CLOTHES WASHER;
A STAIN REMOVER;
A SPOT ERADICATOR; A COLOR RESTORER;
Cheaper than Soap. Sold in Bottles by all respectable Grocers. Indorsed by the first families of Allegheny county. Manufactured by the
HESS MANUFACTURING CO.,
Office, No. 136 WOOD STREET, Pittsburgh.

NOTICE.--Proposals will be received by the undersigned on the
1ST DAY OF MAY, FOR THE
Plastering and Gas Fitting of the Seventh Ward New School House, Pittsburgh.
Separate bids, by the yard and lump, are solicited for the Plastering. The Directors reserve the right to reject any or all bids. Plans and specifications can be seen at the office of BARR & MOSER, Nos. 2 and 4 St. Clair street.
M. K. MOORHEAD,
JAS. ROBB,
A. A. MOORE,
Building Committee.
ap22:o96

PITTSBURGH, ALLEGHENY & MANCHESTER PASSENGER RAILWAY COMPANY.
NOTICE.—FOR SALE OR LEASE, that part of the Railway of said Company extending from the lower line of their property on Strawberry Lane, in McClure township, down to the terminus at Woods' Run. Parties wishing to purchase or lease the above described part of said Railway will apply within ten days from the 24th inst., as no proposal will be entertained after the 4th day of May prox. Proposals to be handed to the undersigned.
D. S. H. GILMORE,
Superintendent, *pro tem.*,
ap22:o98 No. 23 St. Clair St., Pittsburgh.

PERCEVAL BECKETT,
MECHANICAL ENGINEER,
(Late of P. F. W. & C. Railway.)
Office, No. 79 FEDERAL STREET, Room No. 2, up stairs. P. O. Box 50, ALLEGHENY CITY.
MACHINERY, of all descriptions, designed.
BLAST FURNACE and ROLLING MILL DRAWINGS furnished. Particular attention paid to designing COLLIERY LOCOMOTIVES. Patents confidentially solicited. ☞ An EVENING DRAWING CLASS for mechanics every WEDNESDAY NIGHT. ap4:n88

ICE! ICE! ICE!
WM. KREBS, Ice Dealer,
No. 55 DIAMOND ALLEY, Pittsburgh.
Orders left here or at Hand Street Bridge will receive prompt attention. Wagons running in Pittsburgh and Allegheny. ap7:o3

TRIMMINGS AND NOTIONS.
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL BUYERS
OF
Trimmings, Notions and Fancy Goods.
We have received a very fine assortment of
White Goods,
Which cannot be beat. It consists of
STRIPED, DOTTED AND PLAIN SWISS;
STRIPED, BARRED & PLAIN NAINSOOK;
LAWNS, CAMBRICS, Etc.
GOOD IRISH LINEN, at 37½c. per yard.
GOOD DAMASK TOWELS, at 12½c.
Our Line of HOSIERY is now Complete.
200 DOZEN OF CORSETS,
Just received, selling at EASTERN PRICES.
A Fine Lot of Parasols,
IN ALL STYLES AND COLORS.
SYSTEME ALEXANDRE KIDS, at $1 per pair.
GENUINE " " $1.85 "
LIGHT COLORED KIDS, at 50c. a pair.
TRIMMED MUSLIN SKIRTS at $1.00.
SUMMER BALMORALS, at 75c. and $1.
In PAPER COLLARS, we have a full variety.
MACRUM, GLYDE & CO.,
78 and 80 Market Street.
ap24:d16

NEW STORE! NEW STORE!
ROSENBAUM, STEINHART & CO'S
PHILADELPHIA EMPORIUM,
76 Market Street, Pittsburgh, Pa.
The undersigned respectfully inform the public that they have received their entirely new stock of goods, consisting of
Millinery and Straw Goods,
Ribbons, Laces,
Artificial Flowers,
Embroideries, White Goods,
Hosiery and Gloves,
Corsets and Skirts,
Fancy Goods, &c.,
To which they invite the attention of purchasers,
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.
One of our firm giving his entire attention to the purchasing of goods at the Eastern Markets, and having had long experience and all the facilities for procuring goods at the very lowest prices, we are enabled to offer great inducements.
Constantly receiving New Goods from the New York and Philadelphia auctions.
A share of public patronage is respectfully solicited.
ROSENBAUM, STEINHART & CO.,
No. 76 MARKET STREET.
mh24:n20

PERFECT FITTING
KID GLOVES.
"A. C. C."---"H. S. K."
We invite attention to our
KID GLOVE DEPARTMENT,
Which is now complete with every color and shade. In addition to our own special importation of the
Celebrated A. C. C. (Jouvin) KIDS,
We have secured the exclusive sale of the
"Harris Seamless Kids,"
The best Glove and most perfect fit.
MACRUM & CARLISLE,
ap11 19 FIFTH STREET.

AT EATON'S,
No. 17 Fifth Street.
New Parasols,
Straw Goods,
And Flowers,
JUST OPENED.
ap9
MACRUM & CARLISLE,
19 Fifth Street,
Now offer the most elegant line of
HAMBURGS
Ever opened in Pittsburgh, to which they especially invite the attention of their customers. The designs are nearly all new and original, and about ONE-FIFTH LESS THAN REGULAR PRICES.
ap11
MACRUM & CARLISLE,
19 FIFTH STREET,
Have just opened all shades of
BULLION AND RISTORI FRINGES.
BUGLE GIMPS AED FRINGES,
At very low prices. ap11

NOTICE TO OWNERS OF
DRAYS, HACKS, &c.
Notice is hereby given to all owners of Drays, Carts, Carriages, Buggies, &c., whether resident or non-resident in the City of Pittsburgh, to pay their Licenses at the Treasurer's Office of the City of Pittsburgh FORTHWITH, in accordance with an Act of Assembly, approved March 30th, 1860, and and an Ordinance of the Councils of the City of Pittsburgh, passed April 16, 1860.
All Licenses not paid on or before MAY 15, 1868, will be placed in the hands of the Chief of Police for collection, subject to his fee of 50 cents for the collection thereof, and all persons who neglect or refuse to take out Licenses will be subject to a penalty, to be recovered before the Mayor, double the amount of the License.
The old metal plates of previous years must be returned at the time Licenses are taken out, or pay 25 cents therefor.
RATES OF LICENSE:
Each One Horse Vehicle.....$ 7 50
Each Two Horse " 12 00
Each Four Horse " 15 00
Each Two Horse Hack..... 15 00
Omnibuses and Timber Wheels drawn by Two Horses, Eighteen Dollars each. For each additional Horse used in any of the above vehicles, One Dollar.
SAMUEL ALLINDER,
City Treasurer.
PITTSBURGH, February 18, 1868.

ALLEGHENY COUNTY
WORKHOUSE.
SEALED PROPOSALS will be received until the 25th inst., for LAYING BRICK BY THE THOUSAND, in accordance with the plans and specifications filed at BARR & MOSER'S office, and under the direction of the Superintendent.
GEO. ALBREE, Secretary,
ap9:o20 Wood street, corner Fourth.

JOSEPH S. FINCH & CO.,
Nos. 185, 187, 189, 191, 193 and 195,
FIRST STREET, PITTSBURGH,
MANUFACTURERS OF
Copper Distilled Pure Rye Whiskey.
Also, dealers in FOREIGN WINES and LIQUORS, HOPS, &c. mh28:n58

WHITE LIME.
250 BARRELS WHITE LIME,
Warranted equal to any in market, in store and for sale by
HUGH KNOX,
mh13:m56 No. 323 Liberty street, Pittsburgh.

CARPETS, OIL CLOTHS, &C.
CHINA MATTING
CARPETS!
A very superior quality of
White,
Fancy Striped
And Check
MATTINGS,
JUST IMPORTED.
ALL-WOOL INGRAINS,
IN BRIGHTEST COLORS.
Prices the Lowest in this Market.
McCALLUM BROS.,
51 FIFTH STREET, above Wood.
ap27
1868. SPRING STOCK OF 1868.
CARPETS,
JUST OPENING,
LARGE ASSORTMENT,
All Qualities
LOWEST PRICES IN THE CITY
SPECIAL INDUCEMENTS TO THOSE WHO BUY TO SELL.
BOVARD, ROSE & CO.,
21 Fifth Street,
mh10:d&wF OVER BATES & BELL'S.

WE HAVE JUST RECEIVED,
BY STEAMER COLORADO.
Of our own Direct Importation,
THE NEWEST AND CHOICEST PATTERNS OF THE CELEBRATED
JOHN CROSSLEY & SON'S
ENGLISH TAPESTRY
AND
BODY BRUSSELS,
FOR PARLORS AND HALLS,
WITH STAIR CARPETS TO MATCH.
McFARLAND & COLLINS,
71 AND 73 FIFTH ST. (Second Floor.)
ap7:TTS&T

J. & H. PHILLIPS.
1868. SPRING GOODS. 1868.
We are now receiving from our own and other manufactories a NEW STOCK of
FLOOR OIL CLOTHS,
CARRIAGE, FURNITURE, TABLE AND
WINDOW SHADE OIL CLOTHS,
OF EVERY DESCRIPTION.
Also, a full line of
Transparent Window Shades,
Hollands, Shade Fixtures,
Tassels, Cords, &c., &c.
WOLESALE AND RETAIL BUYERS will find our prices AS LOW, IF NOT LOWER, THAN CAN BE PURCHASED ELSEWHERE, and of quality and styles second to none.
J. & H. PHILLIPS,
ap3:n86 36 AND 38 ST. CLAIR ST.

STEAM
CARPET BEATING
ESTABLISHMENT.
Which TEN YEARS' TRIAL in New York and other Eastern cities has proved a complete success.
ITS ADVANTAGES:
1st—Fading and Shrinkage are completely avoided.
2d—No ripping apart necessary.
3d—When freed from dust, moths or their larvae, the Carpet looks nearly as good as new, save the natural fading from wear.
4th—When perfectly clean, a Carpet will wear as long again, a desirable matter as a mere point of economy, to say nothing of looks.
ALL ORDERS LEFT AT THE OFFICE,
No. 179 Liberty Street
Or addressed to P. O. Box 473, will receive prompt attention.
GEO. L. McCLINTOCK,
mh10: PROPRIETOR.

CRACKER BAKERIES.
MARVIN'S PATENT
FRENCH CRACKERS.
FRENCH CRACKERS.
FRENCH CRACKERS.
FRENCH CRACKERS.
FRENCH CRACKERS.
FRENCH CRACKERS,
And every variety of
SUPERIOR CRACKERS.
S. S. MARVIN,
91 Liberty Street, Pittsburgh.
TRY THEM. mh24

ESTABLISHED IN 1840.
SHEPHARD'S
Steam Cracker and Biscuit Factory,
317 LIBERTY STREET, PITTSBURGH.
Manufacturer and dealer in all kinds of
CONFECTIONERY,
FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC FRUITS, NUTS, &c.

WHITE LEAD AND COLORS.
J. SCHOONMAKER & SON,
PITTSBURGH
White Lead and Color Works,
MANUFACTURERS OF
WHITE AND RED LEAD;
ZINC, PUTTY, BLUE LEAD;
McCOY'S VERDITER GREEN,
And all colors, dry or in oil.
OFFICE, No. 67 FOURTH STREET.
Factory, Nos. 450, 452, 454, 456 and 458 Rebecca Street, and 49, 51 and 53 Lacock Street, Allegheny.

BUSINESS CHANGES.
DISSOLUTION.—The firm of
GREGG & CLENDINING,
Was dissolved on the 15th inst., by mutual consent. Either partner will sign the name of the firm in settlement. JAMES GREEG, No. 4 Hand street.
WM. CLENDINING, No. 50 Hand st
Pittsburgh, April 15th, 1868.
JAMES GREGG will continue the old business at No. 4 Hand street. All orders will be promptly attended to.
The business will also be continued at the old stand, No. 50 Hand street, by WM. CLENDINING. ap21:o8
HAVING DISPOSED OF MY LUMBER YARD, situate at 157 Rebecca Street, Allegheny, Pa., and long owned and conducted by Messrs. PATTERSON & EVANS, to ALEXANDER PATTERSON, I take pleasure in recommending my successor to all my customers and to all who are interested in securing the best qualities of all kinds of Lumber at prices to suit the most fastidious.
E. R. DONAHOE.
ap15:o60
THE PARTNERSHIP heretofore existing under the name and style of
JOHN H. BOYTS & CO.,
Is this day dissolved by mutual consent, the interest of JOHN KNABLE having been purchased by WM. N. OGDEN. The business of the late firm will be settled by JOHN H. BOYTS and WILLIAM N. OGDEN, who have this day formed a Copartnership under the name and style of BOYTS & OGDEN.
JOHN H. BOYTS,
JOHN KNABLE.
Pittsburgh, March 9th, 1868. ap16:o68
DISSOLUTION.—THE FIRM OF ATWELL, LEE & CO. was dissolved on the 1st of February, 1868, by mutual consent. Either partner may sign the name of the firm, in settlement.
JOHN ATWELL.
CHARLES ATWELL.
A. J. LEE.
The undersigned will continue the WHOLESALE GROCERY BUSINESS, under the name and style of ATWELL & LEE, at the old place, No. 131 Second street. A continuance of the patronage of the friends and the public is respectfully solicited.
CHARLES ATWELL.
mh7:m53 A. J. LEE.

MERCHANT TAILORS.
HENRY MEYER,
MERCHANT TAILOR,
No. 73 SMITHFIELD STREET, Pittsburgh, P.
Constantly on hand, a full assortment of CLOTHS, CASSIMERES, VESTINGS, &c. ap20:o86
DUFF & CO., Merchant Tailors
No. 34 Federal St., Allegheny,
Have just received a large and well selected stock
FINE SPRING GOODS,
Suitable for a first class custom trade. Also, a large stock of GENT'S FURNISHING GOODS. ap18
P. McARDLE,
MERCHANT TAILOR,
No. 93½ SMITHFIELD STREET, PITTSBURGH
Keeps constantly on hand a fine assortment of
CLOTHS, CASSIMERES & VESTINGS
Also, GENT'S FURNISHING GOODS. GENT CLOTHING MADE TO ORDER, the latest style.
NOW READY.
For the Spring Season,
With a large and complete stock of
BOYS', YOUTHS' AND CHILDREN'S
CLOTHING.
All the new and leading styles, to be found at
No. 47 ST. CLAIR STREET.
GRAY & LOGAN.

PIANOS, ORGANS, &C.
BUY THE BEST AND CHEAPEST PIANO AND ORGAN.
Schomacker's Gold Medal Piano
AND ESTEY'S COTTAGE ORGAN.
The SCHOMACKER PIANO combines all the latest valuable improvements known in the construction of a first class instrument, and has always been awarded the highest premium wherever exhibited. Its tone is full, sonorous and sweet. The workmanship, for durability and beauty, surpasses all others. Prices from $550 to $150, (according to style and finish,) cheaper than all other so-called first class Piano.
ESTEY'S COTTAGE ORGAN
Stands at the head of all reed instruments, in producing the most perfect pipe quality of tone of any similar instrument in the United States. It is simple and compact in construction, and not liable to get out of order.
CARPENTER'S PATENT "VOX HUMANA TREMOLO" is only to be found in this Organ. Price from $100 to $550. All guaranteed for five years.
BARR, KNAKE & BUETTLER,
mh9 No. 12 ST. CLAIR STREET.
SECOND HAND
MELODEONS AND ORGANS,
In perfect order, from $35 to $130.
CHARLOTTE BLUME.
mh12 42 Fifth st., 2d door above Wood.

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LUMBER! LUMBER! LUMBER!
ALEXANDER PATTERSON,
YARDS No. 86 Preble Street formerly Manchester and No. 157 Rebecca street, opposite Gas Works,
ALLEGHENY CITY.
DEALER IN ALL KINDS OF
Rough and Planed Lumber,
Flooring, Doors,
Weatherboarding, Sash,
Shingles, Mouldings,
Saw Mill Lumber, Cedar and Locust Posts,
Lath and Palings, Oak and Yellow Pine.
ALSO—FIRE BRICK, TILE and CLAY. a15:o
FORT PITT LUMBER COMPANY
Capital, - - - $125,000.
PRESIDENT--EDWARD DITHRIDGE.
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DEALER IN ALL KINDS OF
LEAF TOBACCO AND SEGARS,
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Branch of 172 Water street, N. Y.
ap4:n77 DANIEL F. DINAN.
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R. & W. JENKINSON,
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jy8:n26

ARCHITECTS.
BARR & MOSER,
ARCHITECTS,
FRUIT HOUSE ASSOCIATION BUILDINGS, Nos. 2 and 4 St. Clair Street, Pittsburgh, Pa. Special attention given to the designing and building of COURT HOUSES and PUBLIC BUILDINGS.
HOLMES, BELL & CO.,
ANCHOR COTTON MILLS,
PITTSBURGH.
Manufacturers of HEAVY, MEDIUM and LIGHT ANCHOR AND MAGNOLIA SHEETINGS AND BATTING.

Financial Matters in New York.

Gold Closed at 139¼@139¾.

By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

NEW YORK, April 29, 1868.

GOLD AND MONEY.

Money very easy, 6@7c for call loans, demand light, bulk of business at inside rate. Discount, inquiry limited and met at 7@8c; Sterling dull, 9¾@10c for prime bills. Gold opened firmer and rose to 39¾c but under Government sales and forthcoming payments of May interest fell to 39¾ @39¼c at close. Export to-day $250,000: Assistant Treasurer bought $550,000 7-30's and sold $400,000in gold. He commenced to disburse May interest which amounts to $27,000,000, and of which $21,000,000 will be paid here. Loans of gold made at 1@3 per cent, for carrying and flat for borrowing.

GOVERNMENTS

Opened strong and new bonds advanced slightly; market closing steady; Henry Clews & Co. furnish the following 4-30 quotations: Coupons of 1881, 113¾@113¾; do '62, 112@112¼, do '64, 110¾@110¾; do '65, 110¾@110¾; do new, 108¾@108¾; do '67, 109¼@109¼; 10-40's, 102¾ with slight decline; weakest shares were the Central and Erie; western shares show considerable strength. The market closed heavy.

Following are 5,30 quotations: Canton 81¼@49; Cumberland 31¼@32; Wells Express 25¼@26; American 61@61¼; Adams 62@62¼, United States 61@63; Merchants Union 31¼@32; Quicksilver 26¾@27; Mariposa preferred 11@11¼; Pacific Mail 92¼@ 92¾; Atlantic 31@34; Western Union 36¾ @37; New York Central 126¾@126¾; Erie 70¼@70¾; preferred 73¼@73¾; Hudson 137¼@137½; Reading 89¼@90; Ohio and Mississippi 30¾@31; Wabash 51@51½; St. Paul 63¼@64; do preferred 75¾@ 76; Michigan Central 114½; Michigan Southern 89¾@90; Illinois Central 126@ 126½; Pittsburgh 82¼@83½, Toledo 105¾ @106¼; Rock Island 93¾@93¾; Northwestern 62½@67; do preferred 74¾@74¾; Fort Wayne 103¼@103¾; Hartford and Erie 14¾@15; Cleveland and Ashtabula 92; Hannibal preferred 84; Missouris 77¾; New Tennessee's 67½.

MINING SHARES

Quiet: Gregory, 290; Smith & Parmelee, 225; Quartz Hill, 105.

SUB-TREASURY.

Receipts, $2,777,391; payments, $1,666,542; balance, $109,295,086. Exports for week, including specie, $4,170,473.

New York Produce Market.

By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

NEW YORK, April 29.—Cotton very dull and a shade lower; sales 600 bales at 32¼c for middling upland. Flour; receipts of 236 bbls, and 5,928 sacks; 5a10c lower; sales 8,900 bbls at $9a9,65 for superfine state and western, $10,10a10,80 for extra state, 10,10a11,25 for extra western. $12,40a 13,90 for white wheat extra, $10,25a14,00 for round hoop Ohio, $11a12,50 for extra St. Louis, $12,50a16,00 for good to choice do, closing quiet. California heavy and lower; sales 1,400 sacks at $12,65a14,00. Rye Flour quiet; sales 25 bbls at $8,50a10,00. Corn meal steady. Whisky nominal. Wheat; receipts 160,282 bush; 2a4c lower; more doing, chiefly for export; sales 116,000 bush at $2,40 for No 2 spring mixed with rye, $2,45 2,46 for No 2 spring, $2,55a2,60 for No 1 do, and $2,59 for No 1 and 2 do mixed, all afloat; sales—300 bush Michigan Amber; 2,92½ for Long Island Amber; $3,10 for white Long Island and white Canada; $3,19 for white Michigan. Rye dull and drooping. Barley quiet. Barley malt dull. Corn: receipts—109,693 bush; market heavy and 1a2c lower; sales—88,000 bush at $1,12a 1,16; new mixed western afloat and closing $1,12a1,15; old do $1,14½a1,15 in store; $1,16a1,17 do afloat, closing at inside quotation; $1,20 for southern yellow. Oats; receipts—26,075 bush; market without change; sales—38,000 bush at 84¼ for western; do in store 86. Rice steady. Coffee firm and quiet. Sugar steady; sales 700 hogsheads; Cuba at 10¾a12½; Porto Rico at 11¼a13. Molasses quiet; sales—140 hogsheads Cuba $48a51. Hops quiet. Petroleum firm at 12½ for crude; 27½ for refined bonded. Leather; Hemlock title firm at 27a28c for Buenos Ayres light weights. Wool very quiet, with sales of 35,000 lbs at 45a59c for domestic fleece. Coal quiet, with sales by auction of 15,000 tons Scranton, at $3,70a3,80 for lump, $3,72a 3,90 for steamboat, $3,92½a3,97½ for grate, $4,05a4,20 for egg, $4,62½a4,72½ for stove, $3,77½a3,80 for chestnut. Pork firmer and a fair demand, with sales of 3,950 bbls, at $29,25a29,37 for new mess, closing at $29,37 regular; $27,50a28 for old do., closing at $27,75 regular; $23a23,50 for prime, and $25a25,50 for prime mess; also, 250 bbls new mess, seller, June, at $29,45. Beef steady, with sales 450 bbls at $15a20,50 for new plain mess, and $20,20a24,75 for new extra mess; also 125 tierces at $36a36,50 for prime mess; $40a43,50 for India mess. Beef hams quiet; sales 80 bbls at $36,50a37,50. Cut meats firm; sales 425 pkgs at 13a13¼c for shoulders; 17¼a18¼c for hams. Middles firm and quiet; sales 50 boxes clear rib at 9c. Lard a shade firmer and quiet; sales 300 bbls at 18¼a18¾c; small lots at 18¾c. Butter unchanged. Cheese steady and in good demand. Freights to Liverpool quiet and firm.

LATEST.—Flour closed quiet and a shade lower for common. Wheat active and steady at $2,45 for No. 2 and $2,57 for No. spring. Rye nominally lower. Oats quiet at 84c in store. Corn dull and heavy at $1,12a1,14½ for new mixed western afloat and $1,14 for old mixed western in store. Pork quiet and steady at $5,00, New Mess $29,50 regular. Beef steady with a fair demand. Cut Meats quiet and steady. Bacon quiet and firm. Lard closed firm at 18¼a18¾c for fair to prime. Eggs quiet and unchanged.

St. Louis Market.

By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

ST. LOUIS, April 29.—Tobacco active, firm and unchanged. Cotton—Nothing doing. Flour firm, quiet and unchanged; all super ranges at $7a8; extra, $8,50a9,25; double extra, $10,50a11,50; double extra to choice, $11,75a13,75, and fancy family, $14a 15. Wheat—Receipts 1,500 bush and dull and heavy at $2,72a2,86 for prime to choice red and white fall; $2,10a2,18 for spring. Corn—Receipts 6,900 bush and actitive at 85a88c. Oats—Receipts 8,600 bush and firmer at 72a74c. Rye—Receipts 2,000 bush; buyers are holding off for lower prices. Barley—Very little doing at $2,60a2,70. Pork firm at $28,25a28,50. Bulk meats—Sales 8,000 lbs clear rib sides at Hannibal at 16c; loose shoulders 12¾c. Bacon active and firmer at 13¼c for shoulders; 17c for clear rib; 18c for clear sides; sales 100,000 lbs loose shoulders to sellers for June at 14½c. Lard firm at 18a18½c for fierce, and 19c for keg. Live stock unchanged.

Toledo Market.

By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

TOLEDO, April 29.—Flour—receipts 2,627 bbls and quiet. Wheat—receipts 1,750 bu and unchanged; sales amber Michigan at $2,71. Corn—receipts 16,935 bu and active at a shade lower prices; sales No. 1 at 91¼a 91¼c; Michigan 91a91¼c; No. 1 buyers for May 93c; sellers for June 91¼c. Oats—receipts 3,450 bu, and small sales at 72c, but held at 73c. Rye scarce. Seeds dull. Mess Pork $28. Lard 17c. Lake freights dull at 3¼c on corn by steam to Buffalo.

Milwaukee Market.

By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

MILWAUKEE, April 29.—Flour is dull; choice Wisconsin and Iowa $9,62a10,50, medium $9,25a9,50, and common $8,75a9,00. Wheat unsettled and lower at $2,11¾ for No. 1 spring, and $2,01¼ for No. 2. Oats active and steady at 62½c for No. 2. Corn firmer at 84c for new shelled. Receipts—2,800 bbls flour, 49,000 bus wheat, 5,000 bus oats, 1,100 bus corn. Shipments—2,700 bbls flour, 3,000 bus wheat, 200 bus oats.

Chicago Market.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

CHICAGO, April 29.—Flour less active and nominally lower; sales spring extra $10a 12,25. Wheat in better demand and 1a1½c lower; sales No. 1 $2,15a2,16, and No. 2 a; $2,07a2,10; closing $2,08¼a2,09 for No. 2. Corn, in fair shipping inquiry and steady. sales No. 1 at 86¼a86¾c; No. 2 at 84a84½c; new at 84½a85¼c; rejected 82a83c; closing 86½c for No. 1, and 84½a83¾c for new. Oats, less firm and in good demand at 62¼a 63¼c for regular and fresh. Receipts closing with free sellers at 63c. Rye, quiet and 3a5c lower; sales No. 1 at $1,78a1,80; No. 2 at $1,75. Barley, quiet and unchanged; No. 2 in store $2,35 for sample lots on track, and delivered $2 30a2,45. Provisions more active; mess pork advanced 25c per barrel; sales at $28,25. Lard, firm and steady at 18a18¼c. Bulk Meats active and unchanged; dry salted shoulders sold at 13½; dry salted hams 16; short ribbed and middles 15¾ and Cumberland middles at 13½. Loose live hogs in good demand; market steady and firm; sales at $7,90a8,50 for light to fair and at $8,75a9,50 for good to choice. Beef Cattle very dull at 50a75c lower; sales at $5,00a 6,87½ for light stockers and butchers, $7,00 a7,50 for light shipping stock and $7,75a8,25 for fair to good smooth beeves. Receipts—6,739 barrels Flour; 43,533 bushels Wheat; 91,500 buushels Corn; 18,260 bushels Oats; 5,424 Live Hogs. Shipments—18,202 barrels Flour; 9,079 bushels Wheat; 111,487 bushels Corn; 3,126 bushels Oats; 1,612 Live Hogs. Freights more active and easier at 7a8 for Wheat and 5½ for Corn to Buffalo.

Philadelphia Market.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

PHILADELPHIA, April 29.—Petroleum less active; crude at 17c, and refined in bond at 26½c. Flour dull at $10,50a11,75 for northwestern extra family, and $11a13 for Ohio do. Wheat in steady demand at $2,95a3. Rye advanced to $2,20. Corn in good demand at $1,21a1,22 for mixed western. Oats unchanged.

Memphis Market.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

MEMPHIS, April 29.—Cotton quiet, but firm, middlings held at 31¼a32c. Receipts —31 bales, Exports 46 bales. Flour dull, superfine $8a8,50. Pork $29,00. Racon firm, shoulders 14c, clear sides 18¼a18½c. Bulk shoulders 12¾a13c, clear sides 16c. Lard 18¼a19c. Corn $1,00a1,02. Oats 80a 85c. Hay $17,00. Bran 35c.

IMPORTS BY RAILROAD.

PITTSBURGH, FT. WAYNE AND CHICAGO RAILROAD, April 29.—5 hhds tobacco, M Heyl; 5 do do, A Schaub; 1 car reapers, I Dickey & Co; 1 box butter, Thos Hager; 46 green hides, G N Hoffstott; 1 bbl peaches, Knox & Orr; 16 sks rags, Markle, Dixon & Co; 12 ale bbls, Spencer & McKay; 50 bdls rakes, Lindsay & Co; 97 do do, J Knox; 10 bbls oil, B L Fahnestock & Co; 10 sks rags, McCullough, Smith & Co; 2 do wool, W Parker Jr & Co; 25 steel hinges, Anderson, Cook & Co; 200 dozen handles, Meyer & Sumner; 7 bxs cheese, Meanor & Harper; 95 bdls felloes, Hare & Co; 1 car lumber, Nanz & Henecherother; 1 do staves, C Lotz; 2 wagons, Grover & Baker; 257 bxs white glass, C Ihmsen & Son; 33 sks rags, Godfrey & Clark; 10 bxs exterminator, J Collins; 6 bdls wheels, M McWhinney & Co; 1 bbl tallow, Wm Flaccus & Son; 8 caddies tobacco, E Wormser; 30 bxs cheese, J Connor; 3 cases hardware, Marsh, Grier & Co; 1 caddie tobacco, E Megraw; 4 cars metal, Bryan & Caughey; 6 do do, Nimick & Co; 4 do do, J Moorhead; 2 do do, Moorhead & Co; 1 do do, J Wood, Son & Co; 200 bbls flour, Shomaker & Lang; 1 plows, P Briggs.

CLEVELAND AND PITTSBURGH RAILROAD, April 29—1 car pig iron, Nimick & Co; 17 do do, Cambria Iron Co; 2 do do, Union Iron Mills; 16,000 feet lumber, Aubrey & Co; 2 cars ore, Bryan & Caughey; 7 do do, Shoenberger & Blair; 450 sks wheat, J S Liggett; 10 hlf bbls tobacco, C Keothen; 106 bdls hdls, McElroy & Co; 11 bbls paint, J & H Phillips; 7 do do, J Thompson; 1 bx saws Lippincott & Co; 10 bxs sales, Fairbanks, Morse & Co; 49 stones, J Woodwell & Co; 150 bxs starch, Arbuckles & Co; 25 do do, S Cooper; 25 do do, Carter, McGrew & Co; 25 do do, J D Dravo; 30 do do, Head & Metzgar; 15 do do, D Haworth; 20 do do, J H Lippincott; 27 do do, J Mills & Son; 10 crate do, J A Renshaw; 25 bxs do, J K Smith & Co; 15 do do, Strickler & Co; 135 bdls chairs Bedford Char Co; 18 do do, Hammer & Dauler; 5 sks barley, McCullough, Smith & Co; 36 jugs molasses, J Porterfield; 50 bbls oil, Wm McCutcheon; 14 bgs rye, J & W Fairley; 158 sks corn, McBane & Anjer; 136 do do, McHenry & Hood; 3 bbls eggs, Robb & Herron.

PITTSBURGH COLUMBUS AND CINCINNATI RAILROAD, April 29.—106 sks oats, McHenry & Hood; 22 do do, 9 do potatoes, Robb & Herron; 1 bx dry goods, M Silverman; 9 bbls eggs, 4 do dry peaches, 9 do apples, W H Graff & Co; 25 half bbls fish, Shomaker & Lang; 8 sks oats, J Schleline; 3 sks furs, 5 sks rags, 2 do barley, E Smith; 23 bbls dry apples, Meanor & Harper; 2 do tobacco, J J Albeitz; 7 bbls eggs, 5 do apples, 1 tub butter, M W Rankin; 8 bbls eggs, Graff & Reiter; 2 do do, Voight, Mahood & Co; 12 sks horns, A Hooveler & Co; 7 bdls hides, Wm Flaccus & Son; 4 bx tools, S Fahnestock & Co; 1 do hams, M McWhinney & Co; 25 bxs starch, Means & Coffin; 100 hf bbls fish, Smith, Johnson; 34 sks rye, M Steel & Son; 11,200 lbs millfeed, J Dorrington.

ALLEGHENY VALLEY RAILROAD, April 29—5 cars lime, Shoenberger & Blair; 2 do pig iron, H Woodsides; 1 car salt, J Connor; 2 cars railroad, P C & C R R; 41 sks oats, Casey & Bro; 16 do rye, W H Kirkpatrick; 9 bbls scraps, Flaccus & Son; 1 bbls eggs, Paul & Gibson; 11 bgs rye, W J Meek; 6 bdls trees, D E Sexton; 3 calves, J Hoffman.

ALLEGHENY STATION, April 29.—2 cars staves, Ralya & Robertson; 1 car scraps, J S Price; 1 car stone, Adair & Co; 100 barrels flour, S C McMasters; 100 do do, R Knox & Son; 320 sks do, Stewart & Langenheim; 4 cars metal, Spang & Chalfant; 1 car staves McIntire & Co.

MISCELLANEOUS.

G.

THE GREAT

ARABIAN PHYSICIAN

A.

TREATS DISEASES IN ALL ITS FORMS.

P.

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FISH! FISH!

50 bbls. No. 1 Mackerel;
50 " " 2 do;
50 " " 3 do;
200 hf. do. Nos. 1, 2 and 3 Mackerel;
45 kitts No. 1 Mackerel;
500 half bbls. Lake Herring;
150 do. White Fish;

In store, for sale by SCHOMAKER & LANG, 173 and 174 Wood street mh30

LOCUST STREET.

Notice is hereby given that the Viewers' Report in the matter of opening LOCUST STREET, Allegheny, has been filed in the District Court, at No. 632, April Term, 1868, and will be confirmed unless exceptions are filed in proper time.

JOHN C. McCOMBS, City Attorney. ap17:o80

BLUE SHADING, for Store Windows, of the different widths, for sale at Nos. 26 and 28 St. Clair street.

ap15 J. & H. PHILLIPS.

RIVER NEWS.

The fine packet Kate Robinson, Capt. R. Robinson, is announced for Cincinnati and Louisville. She will leave with dispatch.

The Wild Duck Barges, Capt. Anawalt, is also announced for St. Louis forthwith. The Mary Davage will have her repairs finished to-day, and will leave for St. Louis to-morrow. Her barges are at Steubenville taking out nails.

The Glendale, Capt. Hare, is filling up steadily for St. Louis and the Upper Mississippi, and the Kate Robinson, Captain Robinson, is announced for Cincinnati and Louisville.

The splendid side-wheel packet J. N. McCullough, Capt. Moore, leaves Thursday at 12 m. for Cincinnati and Way points. To persons going that way a fine opportunity is presented.

Business on the landing was dull—freights being scarce to all points.

The river continues to fall, the Monongahela marks indicating four feet six inches. It was reported raining at Oil City yesterday. This may bring a rise in the Allegheny.

Several steamers are between this port and Wheeling, including the R. C. Gray and Wheeling.

Tuesday's Cincinnati *Commercial* says: The Maggie Hays and Alice V., from Pittsburgh, Armadillo, from St. Louis, were the only departures outside of the daily packets. The St. Charles, for Pittsburgh, was the only departure outside the local packets. The Maggie Hays departed for St. Louis full of freight and people. The Emma No. 3 will arrive from St. Louis today on her way to Pittsburgh.

Business was very dull along the levee yesterday, as is usually the case on Monday. One-half of the Natoma has been sold at Memphis to Captain James Lee for $4,500. She will be laid up for a few weeks and undergo a thorough overhauling, preparatory to resuming her place in the Friar's Point trade. The Charles Bowen arrived from the Kanawha yesterday, with seven barges of cannel coal, one barkboat, one corn-boat, and two wood-boats. The Bowen returns to-day with a tow of nine empty barges.

NASHVILLE, April 27.—River rising with thirteen feet on Harpeth Shoals. Rain this morning but clear to-night. Arrived—Tyrone, from Cairo. In port—Umpire, W. White and Tyrone,

ST. LOUIS, April 27.—The river is falling here quite rapidly—eight inches per day. All the upper rivers continue declining, with a fair stage of water in each. The lists of steamboat arrivals and departures continue liberal, imparting a busy aspect to the wharf. The total number of arrivals of steamers during the past forty-eight hours was eighteen, comprising seven from the Upper Mississippi, two from the Lower Mississippi, one from the Missouri, four from the Illinois, and four from the Ohio. The Messenger passed on to Pittsburgh after a short delay. The Importer was loaded to her guards. The Leonidas brought a full trip of freight as passengers.

Tuesday's Cincinnati *Gazette* says: Capt. A. Q. Ross is in the city. He says that members of Congress appear to be exceedingly ignorant of the perils of river navigation. One member that he conversed with thought that if a boat or two was a 100 feet wide, a bridge span of 150 feet would be ample. No accounts is taken of the effects of cross currents, &c. He also states that our Representatives will be governed in their action and influence by the recent action of the Cincinnati Chamber of Commerce, favoring a 500 feet span of bridges.

The steamer Westmoreland, Captain E. Evans, was announced to leave Cincinnati for New Orleans on Tuesday evening. The St. Charles, Capt. Dravo, left Cincinnati for this port on Monday evening with a fine trip. So says the Cincinnati papers.

The Dubuque *Herald*, of Saturday, says: The Sheridan cleared for St. Louis Thursday night with one of the heaviest trips of the season. She arrived here with 7,000 sacks of grain on her, and took from here a barge containing 2,000 sacks and 100 barrels of flour, about all the freight she wanted, and departed, drawing four and a feet of water.

The Vicksburg *Times* says the "champion" Robt. E. Lee has made her last Vicksburg trip for the present, and that her future movements had not been determined. The Governor Allen is running in her place. It is not improbable that the Lee will be posted for St. Louis, under the direction of Captain John W. Cannon. The *Times* says the Mississippi remained at Vicksburg repairing boilers. The insignificant loss of a few hours is far preferable to a boiler explosion, or even the risk of having one. The Dora is on her way to Pittsburgh from New Orleans, loaded nearly to her guards. The Vicksburg *Times* says: "Captain Tom Leathers thinks the Quitman is second in point of speed to no boat plying the waters of the Mississippi river, always excepting the acknowledged 'champion.' Captain Tom Tobin, with 'the famous Pargoud,' will have to be on the look out next Saturday, for the 'war horse' will be very apt to come up the coast in a hurry unless she has a big trip of freight, and that will be something very improbable."

The Memphis *Appeal* actually says that Captain DeHaven's earnest efforts in trying to reduce the cost of transportation on the Father of Waters by building a steamer of large capacity, and at the same time economizing labor, etc., will make the Captain's name immortal. If that is so, we could name several otther immortals lying around loose.

Rivers and Weather.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

LOUISVILLE, April 29.—River falling slowly with 7½ feet water in the canal. Weather clear and warm.

PROFESSIONAL.

JOS. A. BUTLER,

ALDERMAN AND POLICE MAGISTRATE.

Office, 126 WYLIE STREET, near Washington, PITTSBURGH, PA.

Deeds, Bonds, Mortgages, Acknowledgments, Depositions, Collections, and all other legitimate business executed promptly. mh20:n9

ARCHIBALD BLAKELEY,

ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,

No. 98 FIFTH STREET.

ap6:n99:dAr PITTSBURGH, PA.

SAMUEL McMASTERS,

ALDERMAN,

Ex-Officio Justice of the Peace and Police Magistrate, Office, GRANT STREET, opposite the Cathedral, PITTSBURGH, PA.

Deeds, Bonds, Mortgages, Acknowledgments, Depositions, and all Legal Business executed with promptness and dispatch. mh16

EUSTACE S. MORROW,

ALDERMAN,

EX-OFFICIO JUSTICE OF THE PEACE AND POLICE MAGISTRATE.

OFFICE, NO. 73 PENNA. AVENUE, PITTSBURGH, PA.

Deeds, Bonds, Mortgages, Acknowledgments, Depositions and all Legal Business executed with promptness and dispatch. my20

A. AMMON,

Justice of the Peace,

CONVEYANCER, REAL ESTATE & INSURANCE AGT.

CARSON STREET, EAST BIRMINGHAM.

Collection of Rents solicited and promptly attended to. my3:y60

WILLIAM H. BARKER,

JUSTICE OF THE PEACE, CONVEYANCER, &C.,

Office, CARSON STREET, nearly opposite the Railway Depot, SOUTH PITTSBURGH.

Business entrusted to his care promptly attended to. my1:y61

FOR SALE.

500 bush. No. 1 Spring Wheat;
200 " prime Winter Wheat;
150 " prime Rye;
1,000 " Oats;
350 " prime Peach Blow Potatoes;

For sale by HITCHCOCK, McCREERY & CO.

STEAMBOATS.

FOR CINCINNATI.

THURSDAY PACKET—AT 12 M.

The new and splendid side-wheel steamer

J. N. M'CULLOUCH,

G. D. MOORE.....Commander.
D. MOORE.....Clerk.

The above elegant side-wheel steamer will leave regularly as announced, connecting at Cincinnati with Packets and Railroads to Louisville, Nashville, Memphis, New Orleans and St. Louis. Also to the Upper Mississippi and Missouri rivers.

Freight or passengers receipted through either by rail or river.

Especial attention given to Orders and Way Business.

For freight or passage apply on board or to JAS. COLLINS, CHAS. BARNES, } Agents. ap23

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BAYARD.....A. S. SHEPHERD, Master.
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PACKET LINE leaves every

TUESDAY, THURSDAY AND SATURDAY,

At 3 o'clock P. M., from the foot of Irwin street.

This line is composed of the following boats:

IDA REES No. 2, R. REES, Master, W. F. STEWART, Clerk.

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PITTSBURGH AND ST. LOUIS BARGE CO.—FOR ST. LOUIS.—The

WILD DUCK BARGES.... Capt. J. W. ANAWALT,

THURSDAY, APRIL 30TH.

For freight apply on board or to CHAS. BARNES, JAS. COLLINS, } Agents. ap24

FOR ST. LOUIS, DUBUQUE, ST. PAUL, and the intermediate ports, in connection with the Northern Line.—The fine passenger steamer

LORENA.....Capt. SAM. SHUMAN,

Will leave for the above and all intermediate ports

THIS DAY—4 P. M.

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REGULAR WEDNESDAY PACKET FOR CINCINNATI.—The fine steamer

ARGOSY.....Capt. VANDERGRIFT,

W. H. Senll, Clerk, leaves Pittsburgh for Cincinnati every WEDNESDAY at noon.

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FOR CINCINNATI AND LOUISVILLE.—The steamer

KATE ROBINSON.....Capt. ROBT. ROBINSON,

Will leave as above on

THIS DAY—4 P. M.

For freight or passage apply on board or to JOHN FLACK, J. D. COLLINGWOOD, Agents. ap23

FOR ST. LOUIS, KEOKUK, GALELA, DUBUQUE AND ST. PAUL.—The fine steamer

GLENDALE.....J. H. HARE, Master,

Will leave as above announced on

THIS DAY—4 P. M.

For freight or passage apply on board. ap25

LEGAL.

IN THE COURT OF QUARTER SESSIONS OF ALLEGHENY COUNTY, No. —, of March Term, 1868.

MISCEL. DOCKET.

L. S. On the 18th day of April, 1868, the Petition of divers citizens of Allegheny was presented to the Court, showing that an alley in the City of Allegheny, beginning on Ridge street and extending through to Robeeno street, in said city, was laid out by ST. CLAIR DENNY, over land then owned by him, twelve feet wide; that A. P. OSGOOD, A. H. ENGLISH and G. W. LYON are at present the owners in the soil over which said alley has been laid out; that said alley has never been opened or used by the public, &c., and praying that the Court decree the vacation of said alley; whereupon the Court made the following order:

And now, to wit, April 18th, 1868, upon the petition of A. M. Marshall, C. A. Carpenter, Van B. Fowler, Albert Stright, John Orr, Marchall Heinle, John Atwell, C. P. Matthews, John Frazier, S. P. Shriver, B. Bakewell, Jr., J. W. Simpson, twelve freeholders of the vicinity of the alley within named, praying the Court to decree the vacation of the same, a rule is granted upon all the parties desiring to be heard, to appear in Court on the 23d day of May next, at 10 o'clock A. M., to show cause, if any they have, why said alley shall not be vacated, and the Court direct that this rule be published once a week for four successive weeks, in the GAZETTE newspaper, published in said county of Allegheny.

BY THE COURT.

From the Record.
ap23:p1-TH JNO. G. BROWN, Clerk.

ALLEGHENY COUNTY, ss.

In the Court of Common Pleas, No. —, June Term, 1868. In the matter of the application of the HEBREW BENEVOLENT SOCIETY OF ALLEGHENY COUNTY, for a Charter of Incorporation. And now, to wit, April 18th, 1868, the Court direct said writing to be filed in the Office of the Prothonotary of the Court of Common Pleas in and for said county, and notice thereof to be published in one newspaper printed in the city of Pittsburgh, and county of Allegheny, for at least three weeks, setting forth than application has been made to the Court for the purpose of granting the "Hebrew Benevolent Society of Allegheny County" a Charter of Incorporation, and that the same will be granted at the next term of the Court of Common Pleas, unless exceptions hereto be filed in proper time.

BY THE COURT.

From the Record.
JACOB H. WALTER, Prothonotary.

All persons interested will please take notice of the above order of Court. JOSIAH COHEN, ap23:p3-TH Attorney for the Association.

BANKRUPT NOTICES.

THIS IS TO GIVE NOTICE that on the 23d day of April, A. D. 1868, a Warrant in Bankruptcy was issued against the ESTATE OF JAMES S. DRAVO, WILLIAM B. DRAVO and ANTHONY E. DRAVO, Co-Partners, of Elizabeth Tp., in the county of Allegheny, State of Pennsylvania, who have been adjudged bankrupts on their own petition; that the payment of any debts and delivery of any property belonging to such bankrupts, to them, or for their use, and the transfer of any property by them are forbidden by law; that a meeting of the creditors of the said bankrupts to prove their debts and to choose one or more Assignees of their estate, will be held at a Court of Bankruptcy, to be holden at the office of the Register, at No. 93 Diamond street, in the City of Pittsburgh, before SAMUEL HARPER, Esq., Register, on the 14th day of May, A. D. 1868, at 10 o'clock A. M.

THOMAS A. ROWLEY, U. S. Marshal, as Messenger. ap27:p21

OILS.

WARING AND KING,

Commission Merchants and Brokers in

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PITTSBURGH, PA.

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H. M. LONG & CO.,

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LUBRICATING OILS.

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my24:b57

L. J. BLANCHARD,

Wholesale and Retail Grocers,

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ap18:n89

ALEX. M'BANE.....J. B. ANJER.

McBANE & ANJER,

COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

Dealers in FLOUR, GRAIN and PRODUCE GENERALLY. No. 141 WATER STREET, above Smithfield, Pittsburgh. ja5

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SHOMAKER & LANG, Wholesale dealers in Groceries, Flour, Grain, Produce, Provisions, Fish, Cheese, Salt, Carbon Oil, &c., Nos. 172 and 174 WOOD STREET, near Liberty street, Pittsburgh, Pa. no8:n55

JOHN I. HOUSE.....EDW. HOUSE.....WM. H. HOUSE.

JOHN I. HOUSE & BROS., Successors to JOHN I. HOUSE & CO., Wholesale Grocers and Commission Merchants, Corner of Smithfield and Water Streets, Pittsburgh, Pa.

H. RIDDLE, No. 183 LIBERTY STREET, Pittsburgh, Pa., Commission Merchant and Wholesale Dealer in Country Produce, Groceries and Pittsburgh Manufactures. Cash advanced on Consignments, and paid for Produce generally. au21

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R. KNOX & SON, COMMISSION MERCHANTS and dealers in FLOUR, GRAIN, MILL FEED and PRODUCE GENERALLY, No 79 DIAMOND, opposite City Hall, Allegheny City ja17:n37

DAV. CRAWFORD, COMMISSION MERCHANT IN PIG METAL, BLOOMS, ORE, WROUGHT SCRAP IRON, FIRE BRICK AND CLAY, &c. Warehouse and Office, Nos. 366 and 368 PENN STREET. Storage furnished. Consignments solicited. oc3

LITTLE, BAIRD & PATTON, Wholesale Grocers, Commission Merchants and Dealers in Produce, Flour, Bacon, Cheese, Fish, Carbon and Lard Oil, Iron, Nails, Glass, Cotton Yarns and all Pittsburgh Manufactures generally, 112 and 114 SECOND STREET, Pittsburgh.

J. B. CANFIELD & SON, COMMISSION & FORWARDING MERCHANTS, and Wholesale Dealers in Western Reserve Cheese, Butter, Lard, Pork, Bacon, Flour, Fish, Pot and Pearl Ashes, and Oils, Dried Fruit and Produce generally, Nos. 144 and 146 Front street, Pittsburgh.

JOHN SHIPTON.....A. WALLACE.

SHIPTON & WALLACE, WHOLESALE GROCERS AND PRODUCE DEALERS, No. 6 SIXTH STREET, Pittsburgh. ja12:n58

FERTILIZERS.

TO WHEAT GROWERS.

EUREKA AMMONIAT

The Pittsburgh Gazette.

PUBLISHED DAILY, BY
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F. B. PENNIMAN, T. P. HOUSTON, Editors and Managers. JOSIAH KING, N. P. REED,

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THURSDAY, APRIL 30, 1868.

THE WEEKLY GAZETTE, *issued on Wednesdays and Saturdays, is the best and cheapest family newspaper in Pennsylvania. It presents each week forty-eight columns of solid reading matter. It gives the fullest as well as the most reliable market reports of any paper in the State. Its files are used exclusively by the Civil Courts of Allegheny county for reference in important issues to determine the ruling prices in the markets at the time of the business transaction in dispute. Terms: Single copy, one year, $1.50; in clubs of five, $1,25; in clubs of ten, $1,15, and one free to the getter up of the club. Specimen copies sent free to any address.*

WE PRINT *on the inside pages of this morning's* GAZETTE: *Second page: Poetry and Ephemeris. Third page: Financial Matters in New York, Markets by Telegraph, River News, Imports, Steamboats, &c. Sixth page: Home Financial, Produce and Petroleum Markets. Seventh page: A story entitled "Proposing by Letter," Amusements, &c.*

GOLD closed in New York yesterday at 139¾@139¼.

GENERAL SCHOFIELD authorizes the statement that the President nominated him to be Secretary of War without even intimating that he desired to do so. He has written a letter declining to accept the nomination.

A WASHINGTON letter says of Mr. GROESBECK's argument in the President's behalf that "he did not acquit ANDREW JOHNSON, but he probably made himself BEN WADE's successor in the Senate, in case the latter becomes President." They say, however, at Columbus, that the Ohio Democracy have already assigned the seat to Mr. JEWETT, of Zanesville.

WHEN ARRAIGNED the other day by Lord Derby, in Parliament, for vacillations and inconsistencies in his views of Irish policy, an eminent English statesman had the manly courage to avow that the peace of the Empire was the aim of his life, and that, preferring his own plan, he had accepted another as, under the circumstances, the most practicable solution of the Irish difficulties. It would be a good thing for our own Republic, if its leading statesmen and politicians were more frequently found daring to emulate the moral courage of EARL RUSSELL.

FLORIDA will vote early in May, and no serious opposition to the success of Reconstruction is anticipated. The Virginia election, which had been ordered for June, has been postponed by General SCHOFIELD, in consequence of the exhaustion of the funds appropriated by Congress. The difficulty will be speedily remedied and a new order of election issued. General SCHOFIELD's recent visit to Washington is understood to have been for the purpose of arranging with General GRANT the details of a plan to submit the new Constitution to the people of this State, in separate parts, in order to obviate any existing danger of the defeat of an instrument which, as an entirety, is most wisely framed, by the injudicious and unpopular disfranchising clause, upon which his opinions were submitted ineffectively to the Convention before its adjournment.

THE PROTRACTED speech-making by counsel is likely to answer a very good purpose, in developing, among Senators, an evident impatience of further needless delays. It was voted, the other day, by 30 to 19, that fifteen minutes in debate was too much to concede to each Senator upon each article or separate proposition. A proposition to give to each Senator half an hour and no more in the final deliberation, was also lost by 34 to 16. Although the subject was then laid aside, to be again brought up after the conclusion of the arguments, the present decision as to the length of Senatorial discussions, is not likely to be changed. As it stands, each Senator will have fifteen minutes for explanation of his vote, on all of the articles, and no more. This will make a decision of impeachment attainable within a two days' discussion. Embarrassing questions may arise as to the extent of the penalty—whether it shall, or not, include disqualification for election to any Federal office—and also as to the mode of agreeing upon a verdict and of pronouncing judgment, but it is believed that Senators have already reached conclusions upon these points, and that no additional delays will result from them. It is worthy of note that the wide latitude of speculation in which the public have indulged, and the restless feeling of uncertainty which has been insidiously cultivated by the President's friends, are entirely due to the reticence of the Senate. And that reserve has been most commendable.

GEN. HANCOCK is fast gaining ground with influential Democrats as a Presidential candidate, and the indications are now that Mr. PENDLETON, who, sixty days since, would have secured the nomination almost without an effort, will find a dangerous competitor in his military rival. The postponement of the Convention to so late a period as July is found seriously detrimental to Mr. PENDLETON's prospects, and he is palpably losing strength daily, while new and formidable combinations are forming in behalf of the less objectionable candidate. The General's official agency in the hanging of Mrs. SURRATT is apparently less objectionable to an influential wing of the Democracy, than the practical repudiation with which PENDLETON leads the assault upon their pockets. Nor is the Ohio politician's war-record altogether acceptable to the shrewder Democratic leaders. Disguise it as they may attempt to, these gentlemen cannot wholly conceal their hankering desire for a candidate whose loyal military services shall lend a valuable aid in obscuring the popular remembrance of copperhead disloyalty in the trying period of public danger. If they did not help us fight the battles, they are cheerfully prompt in snatching at the fruits of victory. Democratic politicians are dissatisfied with the postponement of their National Convention to July, and a plan is on foot to induce their Executive Committee to change the call and fix an early day in June for its meeting.

SPEAKING of frauds in the collection of the whisky excise, the New York *Times* pays to New Jersey a handsome compliment as follows:

Some of the New Jersey districts were at one time quite as bad as any in this city. The change for the better in that State is attributed entirely to changes made in the local revenue offices and to the firm and noble stand taken by the Federal Court in that State. Rogues have received no quarter there. They have been arrested, tried, convicted and punished to the full extent of the law. And the result is seen there in the entire disappearance of fraud in regard to the whisky tax, from that State.

If the revenue officials and prosecuting officers were everywhere as zealous and faithful as in New Jersey, in ferreting out frauds, and subjecting them to imprisonment, Commissioner WELLES' estimate of fifty millions revenue from the whisky tax this year would be more than realized. So far as the paragraph above quoted would convey an impression that the Federal Courts are responsible for the non-administration of the law, it is correct only in a very limited sense. Fidelity in enforcing penal laws and the measure of punishment inflicted upon offenders are practically dependent, in a very great degree, upon the efficiency and integrity of the prosecuting officers, whose representations and influence, direct and indirect, in other ways, are usually potent with the sitting judge.

OUR EARLY HISTORY.

It is nearly eighty years since, in this journal, appeared the following account of the operations of the Indians of the Ohio valley. The Pittsburgh GAZETTE, of May 26th, 1787, says:

"A gentleman, who arrived here the 19th instant, "from Lime Stone, which place he left the 1st of "May, informs us that seven warriors of the Shaw-"anese nation had come on there, on the 27th of "April, with nine white people to exchange for the "same number of Indian prisoners taken by Col. "Logan. The Chief of these savages, Captain "Wolf, gave the gentlemen to understand that thir-"ty warriors of the Cherokee nation were then out "at war. Our informant adds, that as he came up "the river, he saw five bark canoes and three rafts "cross the Scioto, full of Indians."

Mrs. Eva Jessup, who died at Fairview, Indiana township, on Monday afternoon, was perhaps the last remaining resident of the county who had a personal acquaintance with the history of that period. When the paragraph above quoted was first printed in the GAZETTE, Mrs. JESSUP, then Miss JONES, was in her sixteenth year, and living in a cabin located a little west of the present site of the Penitentiary, in Allegheny City. Mrs. JESSUP has always declared that she was born in that cabin, and, as she was some years older than the late General ROBINSON, there have been many to insist that she, and not the General, was "the first white child born west of the Allegheny river."

PETROLEUM AND ITS TAX.

One of the commercial marvels of modern times is the sudden development of the Petroleum trade, a business which, like Minerva springing fully armed from the brain of Jove, at one bound has attained an almost world-wide diffusion and importance. Eight years ago the article was unknown to commerce, and yet, in 1867, the exports to foreign countries of Refined Petroleum footed up the large amount of nearly 1,700,000 barrels. In the same year the amount of Crude Petroleum produced is estimated at about 3,000,000 barrels. This immense business is almost solely confined to Western Pennsylvania, and our own city has contributed more than any other to develope and foster this wonderful traffic. At the first discovery of the oleaginous treasure, our capitalists, with an unwonted prescience and enterprise, determined to draw the new business to Pittsburgh, and forthwith erected, as if by magic, a large number of refineries until, at this time, *three millions of dollars* are invested in buildings and stocks in this neighborhood alone.

As Pennsylvanians, therefore, but more particularly as Pittsburghers, we are peculiarly interested in a business which has contributed so much to develope the resources of our Commonwealth, and as citizens of the United States, we are anxious to foster a manufacture which has contributed so largely to make up the deficit in our exports of cereals and cotton. From twenty to thirty millions of dollars are annually placed to our credit abroad in return for our shipments of this single article. As Pittsburghers we take great pride in meeting the productions of our city, and the imprint of its name, throughout the cities of Europe, in the depths of Africa, on the black steppes of Russia, the gold plains of California, or the fragrant fields of the celestial Empire. Turk and Arab, Chinese and Patagonian, Hindoo and Japanese, Frenchman and German alike enjoy the cheap and beautiful illuminator which Pennsylvania wells produce and Pittsburgh Refineries utilize.

No production of the labor or ingenuity of man is more deserving of the encouragement and protection of Government, yet none has been more persistently hunted down and discriminated against, from the earliest development of the trade. Impressed with the idea that the "rivers of oil" were veritable Pactolian streams, our Legislators have charged Petroleum with an undue proportion of the public burdens. Most unfairly it has been singled out from the class of general manufactures, and placed in the list of luxuries, which may be legislated against, and, from the first has been heavily taxed, amounting for the last two years to *one hundred per cent.* Recently this has been reduced to *fifty per cent.* of the value, and such a reduction might seem sufficient to those not acquainted with the great interests involved. What reason there is for placing a fifty per cent. tax on the *poor man's light* where the rich man's gas is charged but five or seven per cent. we cannot see. A beneficent Government should reverse this order of things and lay its burdens on those most able to bear them. It is justly claimed that the business of exploring the oil field, and that of preparing its products for use, are the most uncertain and hazardous of all our mining and manufacturing operations, and demand encouragement and protection rather than adverse and oppressive legislation. Why should it not simply be placed in the category of useful manufactures instead of being outlawed like whisky? For what reason should it not be treated in the same manner as we treat the mining of coal, or iron, or copper? Why discriminate against a business that is more uncertain in its results than either of these, and equally as useful?

Should it be said that Pittsburgh need not complain, for the reason that our product is mainly exported and therefore free of tax, we answer that, whilst nominally free, the existence of the tax requires a system of most embarrassing and expensive regulations, which imposes a heavy burden on the business, and at the same time contributes nothing to the Government. This, too, at a time when the European refiner can come into our markets, purchase the crude article and, by means of cheap labor, cheap chemicals and a good market for Naptha, drive the American refiner out of the foreign markets.

Should our Government foster this important branch of American manufactures, or should it continue to embarrass the business by unreasonable and expensive regulations, until it has driven the trade into the hands of foreigners? It seems to us that every unnecessary obstacle should be taken out of the way, and every reasonable encouragement extended to a business which contributes so largely to the development of our national resources, to the maintenance of our national credit, and to the comfort and happiness of the world.

Use of Stimulants.

Dr. Willard Parker, in a recent address before the Young Men's Christian Association of New York, discussed the subject of stimulants at some length. He said:

The five chief stimulants are: tea, coffee, alcohol, opium, tobacco.

Stimulants when taken in a liquid form, go at once into the blood, and of course operate promptly upon the tissues of all parts of the body. Tea and coffee *stimulate*, alcohol, opium and tobacco *poison*.

Some persons can use both tea and coffee with impunity; a few coffee, but not tea; a good many tea, but not coffee. Tea and coffee used in moderation do not shorten life, used in excess they do, however, producing great nervous irritability and exhaustion.

Milk and sugar ought to be used with both tea and coffee. Their nutriment appears to protect the system against over stimulus.

Man will have something to drink besides water. He is a drinking animal. The thing required, therefore, is only that he drink what shall not harm him. There need be no quarrel with pure lager beer and pure light wines, used in moderation. California wines are from very sweet grapes, therefore fermentation (which changes sugar into alcohol) makes them strongly alcoholic and intoxicating.

The liquors now drank are poisonous. I have not seen a case of delirium tremens in hospital for years. There used to be such, but now such patients come in crazy—raving; from the effects, not of alcohol, but of adulterated liquors.

As between tea and coffee on one hand, and alcohol on the other, a certain good man in New York used to say that "he was always glad to find that a young man liked tea and coffee, because then he was not likely to become fond of alcoholic drinks." Again, tea and coffee retard the processes of waste in the system, and thus enable the two nervous systems to furnish working power to the body for a longer time. Alchohol has no such power.

Opium-eating rapidly increases in America. The effects of it are well known, yet its use does not necessarily shorten life. Opium used as a stimulant gives very pleasurable sensations for the time, but these are followed by a corresponding depression, a slough of exhaustion and misery which continues until the pleasure is brought back by the use of a little more opium than before.

The moderate use of tobacco does not necessarily kill; but it cannot be said that the moderate use of it is harmless.

Perhaps tobacco is not quite so bad as rum, but they are twin brothers, and tobacco makes men drink. Tobacco depresses, and the user then craves liquor to stimulate him. It is found impossible to cure inebriate patients of the use of liquor so long as they are allowed to use tobacco. The French public revenue from tobacco from 1812 to 1832 was annually $5,600,000, of late years it is $26,000,000. During the former period there were in France at any given time 8,000 lunatics and paralytics, now there are 44,000.

It will be seen that the two totals increase in nearly an even ratio—six and a half times as much tobacco, five and a half times as much lunacy and paralysis. Those who live out doors may use tobacco without feeling it so much; but not men of sedentary life. There have died in New York within a few years three excellent clergymen, all of whom would now be alive had they not used tobacco. The difference in the operation of tobacco and alcohol is this, while alcohol causes tangible changes in certain organs, tobacco gradually lowers the vital tone of the whole system, so that the life ends sooner than it ought to.

MESSRS. ALEXANDER MCDONALD and B. F. Rice are the United States Senators elect from Arkansas. The former is a native of Pennsylvania, about thirty-six years of age, and for several years did business as a banker and merchant in Kansas. At the close of the war he settled at Little Rock, Arkansas, and he is now President of the First National Bank of that place. He has been elected for the short term. Mr. Rice was born in Kentucky, but early in life migrated to Minnesota, where he obtained some eminence as a lawyer. At the breaking out of the war he was commissioned a captain in the Third Minnesota Infantry, but resigned while the regiment was in Arkansas, and took up his residence at Little Rock, for the purpose of practising law. Though an uncompromising Union man, he is said to be opposed to negro suffrage.

THE GERMAN EXPATRIATION TREATY.

The annexed portion of a dispatch from Minister BANCROFT, to the State Department, dated Berlin, April 3d, will be of interest to our readers. It is observed that the provisions of the treaty are construed, by the German Diet and by the Chancellor, BISMARCK, as a most complete declaration of the change of nationality by the act of foreign naturalization. Mr. BANCROFT says:

Yesterday the treaty came up for acceptance in the Imperial Diet. Mr. Konig, in the first instance, and then Count Bismarck, took the occasion, publicly, and in the clearest and most emphatic manner, to confirm my interpretation in every particular.

A discussion arose, which brought out a full interpretation of its several articles. Mr. Konig, the plenipotentiary who signs the treaty on the part of North Germany, in explanation of the first article, said that a five years' continuous residence in America, and no more, was all that the treaty required in regard to residence.

The Chancellor of the Confederation, Count Bismarck, spoke on the same point, declaring that the words of the article were too plain to be misunderstood; that the period of five years was to date from the moment when the emigrant should cross the American line, and that the continuity of residence which was required was to be interpreted, "Nicht in korporelichem soudern in jurisliceschem smne," not in a corporeal but in a legal sense, The interpretation of the second article of the treaty was equally explicit.

Dr. Schleiden, of the Committee of the Diet, reported that inasmuch as the liability of the naturalized citizen on his return to his original country extended only to breaches of law committed before emigration, it followed that any breach of the law which might be committed by itself was excluded from the class of punishable actions. The view was confirmed by Mr. Konig, who pointed out that as the emigrant remained liable only for acts committed before emigration, emigration itself, and the consequent withdrawal from military duty, could not be included among such acts. So then, said Mr. Lowe, one of the ablest members of the Diet, and well known as a long and esteemed resident of New York, the hateful military business is now put aside, and the emigrant on his return is not liable to arrest for the violation of the military duty from which he had withdrawn by emigration.

While he fully accepted the explanation of Mr. Konig, Mr. Lowe still intimated a wish that it might be confirmed by Count Bismarck himself.

The Chancellor immediately arose, and replied as follows: The gentleman who has last spoken fears that a person who has lived five years in America and been naturalized there may yet, on his return here, be held to military duty. This apprehension I can designate as perfectly and absolutely unfounded; the literal observation of the treaty includes in itself that those whom we are bound to acknowledge as American citizens cannot be held to military duty in North Germany. That is the main purpose of the treaty.

Whosoever emigrates *bona fide* with the purpose of residing permanently in America shall meet with no obstacle on our part to his becoming an American citizen, and his *bona fides* will be assumed when he shall have passed five years in that country, and, renouncing his North German nationality, shall have become an American citizen. I believe, therefore, that no room has been left open for the anxiety that has been expressed, and I lay great stress upon the placing of the subject in its true light

Dr. Lowe questioned the Chancellor on this point once more, saying: "To my joy I think I may understand the Chancellor to say that no prosecution for unauthorized emigration can take place, even if the emigrant shall have ceased to be an American citizen."

Count Bismarck replied: "I herewith confirm the declaration which the gentleman desires," and he added, joyfully in form, seriously in substance, "I might also assert that we will treat the five years absence in America, when connected with naturalization, as a fulfilment of the military duty with the North German Confederation."

The fourth article of the treaty came also under consideration.

Mr. Lasker, one of the ablest members of the Diet, inquired whether the German, naturalized in America and returning to Germany, would, after two years' residence in Germany, be held liable to military duty? The text of the treaty, he said, gave no color to such an interpretation, but the report of the Council of Confederation was ambiguous, and, therefore, he called upon the Chancellor for a clearer explanation.

In the beginning of the debate, ex-Consul Mayor had most clearly explained that the American law required from the person who became naturalized a total revocation of his allegiance to any other power, holding fast to this fact.

Count Bismarck replied that the German-American citizen, on resuming his relation as a citizen of North Germany, would, within the treaty, stand in the light of a foreigner emigrating into North Germany; that he could not be held to the discharge of any old military duty, but only to such new military duty as would attach to every foreigner emigrating into North Germany and becoming naturalized there.

All the proceedings were marked by the disposition to cherish more friendly relations with the United States.

On the fourth article I will add a few words. The American law exacts from the citizen who becomes naturalized a perpetual renunciation by oath of his former nationality. Hitherto the Prussian government has made no formal recognition of our naturalization laws, but now that it becomes bound by treaty to respect them, it would not have restored the returning American German to his German citizenship had not the consent of the United States to his release from his obligation to them been given, as it is given by the fourth article of this treaty.

I remain, sir, yours sincerely,
GEORGE BANCROFT.

WILLIAM H. SEWARD, Esq., Secretary of State, &c.

THE Central Pacific Railroad has been operated on both slopes of the Sierra Nevada mountains during April. Passengers and freight are hauled by wagons around the incomplete gap of six miles at the east end of the summit tunnel, when they again take the cars down to the Big Meadows of the Truckee, one hundred and fifty miles east of Sacramento. The track is meanwhile being graded at the foot of the mountains, and so soon as the spring rains admit the line will be pushed rapidly forward across the plains to the Humboldt Valley. It is expected three hundred miles will be in operation in August.

THE Hudson Highland Suspension Bridge bill has become a law. The bridge is proposed to be located at or near Fort Montgomery in the Highlands, and is on the line and of course in connection with the Erie and New England Railroad, to be constructed from Turner's on the Erie Railway, to Derby in the State of Connecticut—therefore crossing the Hudson River road as well as all the north and south roads between those points.

Darwinian Ideas.

Mr. Darwin has published two more volumes on the "Variation of Plants and Animals under Domestication," to confirm his theory that the different forms of animal and vegetable life have been produced by natural law, and not by creative acts. The conclusions of Mr. Darwin may be reduced to four:

1. All animals, especially domestic animals, have a tendency to great variations of form; and artificial selection depends for its operation on this fact.

2. Many forms of animals and plants, not in existence in nature, but derived from natural types, are called into existence by man.

3. These are produced by artificial selection; by a careful observation of individual variations, which are selected for breeding; and these are preserved till they are perpetuated as specific characters.

4. Breeds, which are thus introduced by artificial selection, show differences of external form and of internal structure, which would warrant a naturalist, ignorant of their origin, to call them distinct species, or sometimes even distinct genera.

Prof. Agassiz is the leading opponent of Mr. Darwin's theory. He asserts that species are immutable; that man can originate breeds, but never species; and that breeds are fruitful in offspring, but species, if crossed, are barren, or have sterile offspring. He claims, also, that in the whole range of observation in living nature, or in fossil history, no instance has been found of transmutation of species. Where such eminent naturalists are at variance, who can decide the controversy?

American Cities.

The London *Atheneum* remarks in the course of a review of a recent American volume:

Baltimore will live in the traveler's mind as a city of lovely girls, of passionate song, and of perfect terrapin. It will keep its place, when things of higher interest may have passed away, by the color of its streets, by the dash of its people, by the heat of its pavement, by the frolic of its quays. Other cities of the Union have their charms. Boston is very massive, Richmond is very picturesque.

New York abounds in riches, Chicago in enterprise, New Orleans in wickedness, St. Louis is fervid, Philadelphia nobly built; but Baltimore has a charm beyond nearly all cities in America, which many a visitor has felt without being able to describe. The streets are very sunny, the citizens very gay. But these things may be seen elsewhere, in places of which you do not feel the instant charm. Perhaps the secret lies in a certain combination of brightness and thoughtlessness in the city and the people, which is rather Sicilian than American. New York and New Orleans are far more dissipated cities than Baltimore; yet for a kind of decorous excess in the ways of vice—for dancing and dicing, for driving and drinking, for all the delights which are supposed to hang about wine, woman and song this city on the Chesapeake bears away the bell.

A Pair of Portraits.

William H. Seward sat on the floor of the Senate on Friday. His small figure and slim head, the latter covered with smooth gray and white hair, attracted all attention. Simon Cameron graciously gave him a chair, and Mr. Bingham addressed him with the words of welcome and assurance as to his health. Then Thaddeus Stevens engaged in conversation with Mr. Seward. Two physiques ripe for death were they, but Seward looked the older, having not the advantage of a dark wig, like Mr. Stevens. The latter is a grand looking old man always, but on this occasion his firm mouth, strong brows, and habitual firmness of cynicism, gave him great advantage over Seward's irregular and weak face, which showed many facile lines, as of ready wit, but not of deep principles. Seward has always seemed to me to be a literary man, intrusted with statesmanship. His weaknesses are all those of a professional writer. He is fond of talk, of sentimentalizing, of good wine, and frequent rich food, of riding, flattery and company, and he always has his leading speeches and State papers written out, manifolded, and forwarded to the press in abundant time to print them without error or abridgment. It was in this way that he lost position in politics, loving the dream of empire more than the abstract truths of freedom, and too indolent at his age (nearly seventy) to join an aggressive party again.—G. A. T. *Cleveland Leader.*

IOWA, though not yet a quarter of a century old, has a population of over one million, and, though not rich, claims to have devised and constructed the most commodious and eligible Hospital for the Insane of any State in the Union. It is located at Mount Pleasant, Henry county. Its central structure, ninety by sixty feet, is four stories high; the six wings (forming a quadrangle) are three stories; it is built of cut stone lined with brick, has an iron roof, and eleven miles of iron pipes for water, gas and heating. It has 425 rooms above the basement. It has cost $600,000, including an Artesian well 2,100 feet deep, which is no longer used, because of the corrosive properties of the water. Dr. R. J. Patterson is the superintendent.

SUNDRY representatives of the manufacturing interests of the country, in anticipation of the speedy resumption of legislative business in Congress, are in Washington to secure modifications of the Amendatory tax bill passed last month. They are greatly dissatisfied with the two-and-a-half per cent. tax on sales, and say the cost of collecting it will be so great that the provision will yield little, if any, revenue. They, therefore, will ask the repeal of that section of the bill, and if the necessities of the country are so great that the manufacturing interests can not be entirely released from taxation, they will suggest a special or license tax that can be paid without subjecting persons to so much inquisitorial examination.

A CURIOUS SIGHT.—Captain Trowell, of the *Milwaukee*, tells us of a curious sight he witnessed on Lake Michigan on Sunday night. He left this port and getting out into the lake he found it as calm and still as the river, without a ripple to break its surface. The lake was frozen over its entire width by a coating of clear blue ice about as thick as glass, and so calm was it, there was not sea enough to break this coating. He saw the *Ministree* about three miles off, and the reflection of her lights upon the ice was one of the finest sights ever witnessed. The ice was made on Sunday evening and night, but soon disappeared. Such a sight is witnessed only once in a life time.—*Milwaukee paper.*

THE Ways and Means Committee, in their report making the Internal Revenue Bureau an independent establishment, not under control of the Secretary of the Treasury, provide for one commissioner, one assistant, and six deputy commissioners, besides a solicitor. The commissioner is to be responsible for the entire management of the Bureau, and for the collection of revenues, and to this end he is to have sole power of removing and appointing collectors, assessors, and their assistants.

THE students of Wittenberg College have, like those of the University at Delaware, denounced the disfranchising act of the Ohio Legislature, in a series of resolutions.

A New Process of Embalming.

Over two hundred members of the medical faculty assembled the other day in the anatomical museum attached to Bellevue Hospital, New York, to be present at an autopsy of the body of a female, aged about thirty, dead seventy-six days, which had been preserved in life-like freshness by a new process of embalming called "nekrosoziac." Professor Doremus presided over the autopsy, in which several of the most distinguished physicians and surgeons of the city participated. This new process of embalming consists simply in a wash of the deceased body without wound or incision. Some of its specialities are to dispense with the old system of disemboweling and extracting the brain; also avoiding mutilation or injection of any kind, and acting as a thorough disinfectant. The body operated upon this day was not in the slightest degree discolored; the features were as regular as in life, and the smell as inoffensive as of a body twenty-four hours after death. The opening of the body revealed the fact that the bowels and brains, as well as the flesh, were free of the slightest appearance of taint or of smell. The limbs were as pliable as in life. Several of the surgeons spoke in high terms of the extraordinary discovery as likely to work a revolution in the preservation and transportation of dead bodies. Another body preserved by the same process for one hundred and three days has been subjected to an equally satisfactory examination.

A Mixed Family.

A gentleman well known to one of our friends relates the following curious family experience:

I got acquainted with a young widow who lived with her step-daughter in the same house; I married the widow; my father married the step-daughter of my wife; my wife became the mother-in-law and also the daughter-in-law of my own father; my wife's step-daughter is my step-mother, and I am the step-father of my mother-in-law; my step-mother, who is the step-daughter of my wife, has a boy; he is naturally my step-brother, but because he is the son of my wife's step-daughter, so is my wife the grandmother of the little boy, and I am the grandfather of my step-brother; my wife has also a boy; my step-mother is, consequently, the step-sister of my boy, and is also his grandmother, because he is the child of her step-son, and my father is the brother-in-law of my son, because he has got his step-sister for a wife; I am the brother of my own son, who is the son of my step-mother; I am the brother-in-law of my mother; my wife is the aunt of her own son; my son is the grandson of my father, and I am my own grandfather."

A Paradise.

A writer in *Putnam's Monthly Magazine* thus sums up the happy lot of the Japanese:

"Take the Japanese as a whole, high and low, rich and poor, they are the best fed, best clad, best lodged, least overworked and most genial and happy people on the face of the earth.

"Food is abundant and cheap—imaginary wants rare; and thus temptations to crime are less than with us, though the land is no Utopia.

"There is no such thing as squalor to be seen in Japan. In the house of the very poorest, a Fifth avenue belle might sit upon the matted floor without soiling her dress. The streets are admirably sewered; all offal and garbage are removed for manure.

"There is no bigotry. The people are wonderfully open-minded. There is no hatred of Christianity as such; only it is feared as an engine to cause political change."

BEWARE

Of that remorseless and insidious destroyer of the human race,

CONSUMPTION.

Check and conquer its advances, lest you fall the victim. When attacked with any of its preliminary symptoms, no matter how slight, be on your guard and promptly use the remedy ere too late.

DR. SARGENT'S COUGH SYRUP

Is an old, well tried, certain and standard remedy for Coughs, Colds, Asthma, Croup, Difficulty of Breathing, Pain or Oppression in the Chest or Lungs, and all Diseases of the Pulmonary Organs. Its sure and certain efficacy has been fully tested and endorsed for many years by numbers of well-known citizens in our midst, and their certificates are on record. Have you a cough which has gradually increased from a slight one to one of permanent standing? Lose no time, but procure a bottle of DR. SARGENT'S COUGH SYRUP, which will surely relieve you of the dangerous premonitory symptoms and effect a permanent cure. Do you spend miserable days and long sleepless nights of torture and pain from attacks of Asthma or Difficulty of Breathing? Dr. SARGENT'S Cough Syrup will act promptly, relieve you, and gradually restore you to your freedom of pain, and sound, pleasant sleep. Are your lungs sore and irritated, indicating inflammation? This is one of the most dangerous symptoms, and should be promptly removed. Dr. SARGENT'S Cough Syrup will heal the soreness, allay the inflammation, and restore the lungs to their prestine health and vigor. This Cough Syrup is pleasant and agreeable to take, while powerful and sure in its action. For sale by all Druggists in the country.

FALLACIES OF THE FACULTY.

The stomach is the ruling organ of the system. If the digestion is imperfect, every member, every gland, every muscle, every nerve and fibre is more or less out of order. All the fluids are depraved. The brain is clouded. The spirits are depressed. All dyspeptics *know* this to be the truth. It is not, however, half the truth. Columns would be required to enumerate the pains and penalties of dyspepsia, nor could any pen do them justice. Tens of thousands *feel* them: no man can *describe* them.

Can they be prevented? Can they be relieved? Can they be banished at once and forever? Unquestionably they can. No dyspeptic has ever taken HOSTETTER'S STOMACH BITTERS in vain. Believe no one who says the complaint is incurable. This great vegetable stomachic will eradicate it—is eradicating it in thousands of cases over which medical practitioners have shaken their heads ominously, saying, "Nothing can be done."

The faculty has its fallacies. One of them is that indigestion is the most difficult of all the ordinary ailments of mankind to combat and subdue. This is a mistake. Nothing can be easier than to conquer it if the true specific be administered. This vegetable combination which has become famous throughout the civilized world as HOSTETTER'S STOMACH BITTERS is an antidote to the disease which has never been known to fail, and fortunately it is everywhere procurable. If you wish to *feel* with the dyspepsia, try the pharmacopoeia prescriptions. If you want to *root it out* and prevent its occurrence take the Bitters daily. There is no discount on the testimony in its favor. If there is a man or woman who has ever tried it for indigestion without being benefitted, the fact has not transpired. Universal, uncontradicted praise avouches its wonderful tonic virtues.

ANOTHER CURE OF DEAFNESS.

I lost my hearing during the last year. Part of the time I was totally deaf. In April of this year I was induced, from an advertisement, to make application to DR. KEYSER, 130 Penn street, Pittsburgh. After having tried various medicines from doctors, without any benefit, I have been under Dr. Keyser's treatment now for nearly two months, and am entirely restored to my hearing, so that I can hear a pin drop. JOHN SCANLAN,
Coal Bluffs, Washington Co., Pa.

ANOTHER CURE.

A man called to-day at Dr. Keyser's office to inform him of a great cure made by his LUNG CURE, or PULMONARY RESTORATIVE. Ilst these cures are made with the Doctor's preparations, he desires it to be distinctly understood that most of his great cures are made in accordance with the established laws that govern the science of medicine, in which he has been engaged for the past twenty-five years. Last week he was also in receipt of a letter from a clergyman in the State of Ohio, detailing another most wonderful cure.

DR. KEYSER'S RESIDENT CONSULTING OFFICE FOR LUNG EXAMINATIONS AND TREATMENT OF CHRONIC DISEASES, No. 130 PENN STREET, FROM 9 A. M. UNTIL 3 P. M.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

CHEAP GUNS FOR THE PEOPLE.—*The GREAT WESTERN GUN WORKS have been removed to No.* **179** *SMITHFIELD STREET, where will always be found the most complete assortment of* **Guns, Pistols, Ammunition and Sporting Material, &c.,** *in the city. All kinds of Guns and Pistols carefully repaired. Cash paid for ARMY RIFLES and REVOLVERS. Send 3 stamp for illustrated Circular. Agents wanted in every town in the United States. Address,* **J. H. JOHNSTON. 179** *Smithfield Street, Pittsburgh.*

☞ **GRAND MATINEE**

OF THE

HAYMAKERS IN COSTUME,

AT THE ACADEMY OF MUSIC,

Saturday Afternoon, May 2.

ORCHESTRA OF 25.

UNDER THE DIRECTION OF PROF. TEORGE.
ap30:

FINE DWELLING

FOR SALE OR RENT.

That elegant residence,

No. 35 Ferry Street, near cor. of Third,

At present occupied by H. DARLINGTON, Esq., will be sold or rented.

WITH IMMEDIATE POSSESSION.

ENQUIRE OF

LOCKHART, FREW & CO.,

ap30:p49 **194** Wood street.

168. ..... 168.

NEW GOODS.

NEW ALPACCAS.

NEW MOHAIR.

BLACK SILKS.

HOSIERY and GLOVES.

F. SOUCY,

☞ **No. 168 Wylie Street.** ☜

168. 168.

(ap30:n40)

ESTATE OF JACOB LINHART, DECEASED.

ALLEGHENY COUNTY, ss.

In the Orphans' Court. In the matter of the Petition of Christopher Linhart, Administrator of Jacob Linhart, dec'd, for a Rule on all parties interested in the said estate to show cause why the estate of said decedent should not be sold.

And now, April **25th, 1868,** the within petition presented and read in open Court, whereupon the Court, having considered the same, do grant a rule upon Abraham Linhart, Solomon Linhart, Thomas W. Briggs, James H. Hays, Annie E. Black and Jacob Black, her trustee; Sarah Stewart and Wilkins Linhart, her trustee; Elizabeth Shipman and Wilkins Linhart, her trustee, and Mary Mohler and all other persons interested in the real estate of Jacob Linhart, deceased, to appear in Court and show cause, if any they have, why the real estate of the said Jacob Linhart, deceased, should not be sold—rule returnable on the **1st** day of June, A. D. **1868,** at **10** o'clock A. M., and notice thereof to be given by publication once a week for four successive weeks in the Pittsburgh *Daily Gazette,* and by personal notice to all parties within the county of Allegheny.

BY THE COURT.

(Seal.) Attest: A. HILANDS, Clerk.

All parties interested in the said estate will please take notice of the above rule.

J. S. FERGUSON,
ap30:p46-TH Attorney for Petitioners.

NEW PLUMBING GOODS.

The LARGEST AND BEST SELECTED STOCK of all the latest improved

PLUMBING MATERIALS

In the city, purchased direct from the manufacturers for cash. Parties about fitting up their houses with

HOT AND COLD WATER, &C.,

Will consult their own interest by calling before purchasing elsewhere.

JOHN M. TATE, Plumber,

227 Liberty St., Pittsburgh,

AND

59 Federal Street, Allegheny.

ap30:w80:TU-TH&S

SPRING STOCK

OF

CARPETS!

WE HAVE IN STORE THE most complete assortment of CARPETS and OIL CLOTHS we have ever opened, embracing the newest styles and designs of the best FOREIGN and DOMESTIC MANUFACTURERS, imported and selected with special reference to the Pittsburgh Market. Many of the patterns are confined to our house exclusively for this city. With the advantages of Direct Importation, we are now able to offer early the newest and choicest patterns of BRUSSELS, from the most celebrated English looms, and at prices within the reach of almost every householder. A special but limited importation of ENGLISH INGRAINS, of extra quality, and in rare and beautiful designs, will be found especially choice and desirable for Chambers.

Our Stock of COMMON ALL-WOOL CARPETS, purchased before the Carpet Weavers' strike, will be sold at the same rates as previous to the last advance, and will furnish CARPETS to the multitude at the lowest prices since the war. A good CARPET FOR 25 CENTS A YARD.

N. B.—Those having Parlors or Drawing Rooms to furnish are specially invited to examine the unusually large number of patterns particularly adapted to that purpose, which we offer in WILTON and TAPESTRY VELVETS and BRUSSELS at low prices.

OLIVER McCLINTOCK & COMPANY,

No. 23 Fifth Street.

COTTON—5 bales now landing from steamer Ingomar, for sale by
ap30 ISAIAH DICKEY & CO.

CORN—500 sacks Yellow, to arrive on steamer New State, for sale by
ap30 ISAIAH DICKEY & CO.

CORN MEAL—300 sacks White, on steamer Emma Flowd, to arrive, for sale by
ap30 ISAIAH DICKEY & CO.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

FOR SALE.

THREE LOTS, 24x86 FEET.

On Mulberry street, between Rebecca street and the River, First Ward, Allegheny.

Inquire of JOHN ROSS,
ap30:p45 No. **338** Rebecca Street.

WANTED—AGENTS,

MALE AND FEMALE.

To canvass for the PITTSBURGH QUARTERLY MAGAZINE and Dr. EDDY'S great work on the LIFE OF CHRIST. ☞ Send for Circulars.

WM. O. DWYER & CO.,
ap30:p47-TH **No. 59** Fourth street.

FOR SALE,

250 bbls. very superior West Va. Oil.

Gravity guaranteed not over **36°.**

BUFFUM, KEHEW & CO.,
No. 3 Perry's Block.
ap30:p25 Cor. Hancock St. & Duquesne Way.

OPENING.

MRS. M. KITCHIN will open on SATURDAY, May **2d,** an elegant assortment of

SUMMER MILLINERY,

At No. **100** FEDERAL STREET, Allegheny City.
ap30:p30

NEW DRESS GOODS,

JUST OPENED AT

WHITE, ORR & CO.'S,

25 FIFTH STREET.

ap30

NOTICE.

All persons who are indebted for Paving the following streets, in the Lawrenceville District:

ST. MARY'S AVENUE;

FOSTER, CHURCH, DAVIDSON, BELLEFONTAINE, BOROUGH, EWALT, DRAVO, WAINWRIGHT and ALLEN STREETS; and

LAFAYETTE and HAZLETT ALLEYS.

Are notified to call at the TREASURER'S OFFICE, of the City of Pittsburgh, and pay immediately and save further costs. ap28:

CITY OF PITTSBURGH

WATER LOAN.

Proposals for Two Hundred and Fifty Thousand Dollars.

Of the "Water Extension Loan Bonds," will be received at the office of the City Controller, Fourth street.

These Bonds will bear SEVEN PER CENT. INTEREST with Coupons attached. The Coupons are payable semi-annually, at the Office of the City Treasury, and the Bonds payable in Twenty-five years. A SINKING FUND FOR THEIR ULTIMATE PAYMENT IS PROVIDED FOR, AND THE COUPONS ARE BY LAW MADE RECEIVABLE FOR WATER RENTS; and the revenue arising from the Water Tax is pledged for the payment of the interest and the retirement of the Bonds at maturity.

The Bonds are, BY ACT OF GENERAL ASSEMBLY, FREED FROM STATE, COUNTY AND MUNICIPAL TAXATION.

It is a well known fact that Bonds issued for water purposes, in all large cities, have proved *safe and very desirable investments.*

No bids under par will be acted upon. The Bonds are to be issued in denominations of **$1,000, $500** and **$100.**

By order of the Finance Committee.

ap22:n94 **THOMAS STEEL, Controller.**

PROPOSALS.—Sealed Proposals will be received by the Water Committee of the City of Pittsburgh, until **7** o'clock P. M. of

Tuesday, May 12th,

FOR THE FOLLOWING, VIZ.:

AN ENGINE AND PUMP,

at the Lower Works, suited to present building, and of equal capacity to the engine erected at the Works in **1866.**

Sealed Proposals will also be received for furnishing at Lower Works,

FIVE BOILERS,

Each **42** inches by **26** feet, with two **16**-inch Flues, Smoke Stack, Steam Pipe, Steam and Mud Drums.

ALSO, FOR

FOUR BOILERS,

At Upper Works, each **40** inches by **26** feet, two **15** inch Flues, Smoke-stack, Steam Pipe, Steam and Mud Drums.

Proposals will also be received at same time for

LAYING WATER PIPE

During the present season, on such streets and alleys as may from time to time be directed by the Committee.

Details of the proposed work, and specifications of the machinery, can be procured at the office of the Water Works, or at the Lower Works, after the **28**th inst.

TERMS—Monthly Cash settlements.

The Water Committee reserve the right to reject any or all bids, if deemed by them advisable.

JOSEPH FRENCH,
ap28 Superintendent Water Works.

WESLEY WILSON & CO.,

NATURAL LUBRICATING

OIL,

Settled in tank, and prepared expressly for RAILROADS, and ALL CLASSES OF MACHINERY.

QUALITY GUARANTEED UNIFORM.

☞ Proposals for quantities solicited.

No. 167 Wood Street,

"BANK OF COMMERCE BUILDING."
ap28:p19

F. W. C. FELD & CO.,

DEALERS IN

GLUE, CURLED HAIR,

Tanners' Scraps, Ceroons, Cattle Tails,

BONES, NEAT'S FOOT OIL, &C.

Office and Warehouse, No. **335** LIBERTY ST., 3d door from Wayne.

PITTSBURGH, PA.

MWF

WASHINGTON MILLS,

WASHINGTON STREET,
Near Pittsburgh Grain Elevator

W. W. ANDERSON,

Manufacturer of CORN MEAL, RYE FLOUR and CHOPPED FEED. Orders delivered in either city free of charge. Grain of all kinds chopped, and Corn shelled, on short notice.

WEST COMMON

Machine Stone Works,

Northwest corner of West Common, Allegheny.

FRED'K ATVATER & CO.

Have on hand or prepare on short notice Hearth and Step Stones, Flags for Sidewalks, Brewery Vaults, &c. Head and Tomb Stones, &c.

Orders promptly executed. Prices reasonable.

HYDRAULIC CEMENT.

SOAP STONE,
PLASTER, CHIMNEY TOPS,
WATER PIPES.

HENRY H. COLLINS,
ap18:o70 **25** Wood street.

STEAM ENGINE,

11 inch Bore, 30 inch Stroke,

With or without Boiler; also several Portable and Stationery Engines and Boilers—for sale cheap. Can be shipped to any point on short notice.

ALEXANDER WALLACE,
ap25:p15 Tidioute, Warren county, P.

PITT ALLEY.—Notice is hereby given that the viewers report on

WIDENING OF PITT ALLEY,

Third ward, Allegheny, has been filed in the District Court, No. **211,** April Term, **1868,** for confirmation.

J. C. McCOMBS,
ap25:p12 City Solicitor.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

AN ORDINANCE

To Increase the Clerical Force in the Office of the Water Works.

SEC. 1. *Be it ordained and enacted by the City of Pittsburgh, in Select and Common Councils assembled, and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same,* That the Water Committee be and they are hereby authorized to appoint a suitable person to act as Assistant Clerk in the office of the Water Works; also to assist in preparing the duplicates of assessments of water rents, and such other duties as may from time to time be directed by proper authority. The Water Committee shall fix the compensation of the Assistant Clerk, to be paid on their monthly pay roll, and be subject as other employees to removal for neglect of duty and incompetence.

SEC. 2. That any ordinance or part of ordinance conflicting with the passage of this ordinance at the present time, be and the same is hereby repealed so far as the same affects this ordinance.

Ordained and enacted into a law in Councils, this **27**th day of April, A. D. **1868.**

JAMES McAULEY,
President of Select Council.

Attest: E. S. MORROW,
Clerk of Select Council.
W. A. TOMLINSON,
President of Common Council.
Attest: HUGH McMASTER,
Clerk of Common Council. ap30:p42

AN ORDINANCE

AUTHORIZING THE

Straightening and Opening Webster Street, Seventh Ward, from Fulton to Roberts Street.

SEC. 1. *Be it ordained and enacted by the City of Pittsburgh, in Select and Common Councils assembled, and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same,* That Webster street, Seventh ward, from Fulton street to Roberts street, be opened and straightened, as laid down in the "City District Plan," **60** feet wide; and that Jas. Atkinson, Jas. McGaffin and Minas Tindle be and they are hereby appointed to appraise the damages and assess the same on property benefitted thereby, in accordance with an act of Assembly approved January **6**th, **1864.**

SEC. 2. That any ordinance or part of ordinance conflicting with the passage of this ordinance at the present time, be and the same is hereby repealed so far as the same affects this ordinance.

Ordained and enacted into a law in Councils, this **27**th day of April, A. D. **1868.**

JAMES McAULEY,
President of Select Council.

Attest: E. S. MORROW,
Clerk of Select Council.
W. A. TOMLINSON,
President of Common Council.
Attest: HUGH McMASTER,
Clerk of Common Council. ap30:p41

AN ORDINANCE

Repealing an Ordinance Passed November 11th, 1865.

SEC. 1. *Be it ordained and enacted by the City of Pittsburgh, in Select and Common Councils assembled, and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same,* That an ordinance passed Nov. **11**th, **1865,** authorizing the construction of a Public Sewer on Grant street, from Diamond street to the Monongahela river, be and the same is hereby repealed.

SEC. 2. That any ordinance or part of ordinance conflicting with the passage of this ordinance at the present time, be and the same is hereby repealed so far as the same affects this ordinance.

Ordained and enacted into a law in Councils, this **27**th day of April, A. D. **1868.**

JAMES McAULEY,
President of Select Council.

Attest: E. S. MORROW,
Clerk of Select Council.
W. A. TOMLINSON,
President of Common Council.
Attest: HUGH McMASTER,
Clerk of Common Council. ap30:p44

AN ORDINANCE

Constructing Public Sewer on Fourth Street.

SEC. 1. *Be it ordained and enacted by the City of Pittsburgh, in Select and Common Councils assembled, and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same,* That the City Engineer be and he is hereby authorized and directed to advertise for proposals for the construction of a Public Sewer on Fourth street, from Market street, to connect with the Wood street sewer, and to let the same in accordance with the ordinances of Councils passed for that purpose, and to assess the cost of the same on property benefitted thereby. James Irwin, **2d** ward, Alexander W. Rook, Richard Hays, **4**th ward, be and the same are hereby appointed viewers for that purpose.

SEC. 2. That any ordinance or part of ordinance conflicting with the passage of this ordinance at the present time, be and the same is hereby repealed so far as the same affects this ordinance.

Ordained and enacted into a law in Councils, this **27**th day of April, A. D. **1868.**

JAMES McAULEY,
President of Select Council.

Attest: E. S. MORROW,
Clerk of Select Council.
W. A. TOMLINSON,
President of Common Council.
Attest: HUGH McMASTER,
Clerk of Common Council. ap30:p43

BATES & BELL

OFFER A COMPLETE STOCK OF

LADIES' UNDERWEAR

Chemise,

Skirts,

Skirt Shields,

Drawers,

Night Dresses,

Dressing Sacques,

AT LOW PRICES.

ap28:TTS&T

51. ..... **51.**

GROVER & BAKER'S ELASTIC STITCH AND LOCK STITCH SEWING MACHINES

WITH LATEST IMPROVEMENTS,

At the New and Elegant Sales Rooms

OF THE COMPANY,

51 FIFTH STREET.

Also, NEEDLES, ATTACHMENTS, MACHINE SILKS and COTTONS, THREAD, MACHINE OIL, &c., &c. The citizens of Pittsburgh are respectfully invited to call.

Applications for Agencies solicited. Circulars or samples by mail on application. Correspondence to be addressed to

GROVER & BAKER S. M. CO.,

51 FIFTH STREET, PITTSBURGH.
mh20:n12

TO THE LIGHTNING ROD TRADE.

DEALERS in LIGHTNING RODS are invited to an examination of our

SOLID COPPER STAR ROD,

Which we furnish to the Trade in quantities to suit, and furnish Points, Insulators and fixtures complete, same as with MUNSON'S COPPER TUBULAR ROD.

LOCKHART & CO.,

MANUFACTURERS,

Duquesne Way, Pittsburgh.
ap25:p17

SWEET MESSINA ORANGES, of extra quality, in prime order, just received; also prime Lemons, for sale at the Family Grocery of
ap2 JNO. A. RENSHAW.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

DRY GOODS! DRY GOODS!

LARGE STOCK, LOW PRICES!

Yard Wide BLEACHED MUSLIN, at **12½c.**

Heavy UNBLEACHED MUSLIN, at **12½c.**

GOOD GINGHAMS, at **12½c.**

BEST PRINTS, at **12½c.**

PURPLE PRINTS, slightly imperfect, at **12½c.**

JEANS, at **12½c.**

EXTRA WIDE CRASH, at **12½c.**

HUCKABACK TOWELS, at **12½c.**

CORSETS, very cheap.

COLORED KID GLOVES, at **75c.**

SPRING SHAWLS.

SPRING DELAINES.

LIGHT CASSIMERES.

DARK CASSIMERES.

LADIES' SACKING CLOTH.

A nice assortment of DRESS GOODS.

TABLE LINEN, IRISH LINEN.

SHIRT FRONTS, WHITE QUILTS.

BALMORAL AND HOOP SKIRTS.

BONNETS, HATS, RIBBONS, FLOWERS.

HOSIERY, HAIR BANDS, NOTIONS, &c.

A FULL STOCK AT LOW PRICES,

Wholesale and Retail,

AT WILLIAM SEMPLE'S

180 & 182 Federal St., Allegheny.

ap29

AT JOSEPH HORNE & CO.'S,

A LARGE AND ATTRACTIVE ASSORTMENT OF NEW GOODS.

JUST RECEIVED.

FULL LINE, ALL SIZES AND SHADES,

Alexandre's Tasseled Kid Gloves.

PARASOLS AND SUN UMBRELLAS.

DRESS TRIMMINGS,

IN FRINGES, GIMPS, BEADED TRIMMINGS,

VELVET RIBBONS,
NEW LOT BUTTONS,
LINEN, PALM and SILK FANS;
HOSIERY, GLOVES;
HAMBURG EDGES;
INSERTINGS and TRIMMINGS;
LACES and LACE GOODS;
HANDKERCHIEFS;

LADIES', MISSES' and GENT'S
GAUZE UNDERWEAR;
GENT'S FURNISHING GOODS;
STAR SHIRTS;
PAPER COLLARS AND CUFFS.

110 cases Hats and Bonnets,

COMPRISING ALL THE LATEST NOVELTIES.

RIBBONS, No. 1½ to 100,

A FULL LINE, OF ALL SHADES.

COLORED DOTTED NETS and LACES;
FRENCH AND AMERICAN FLOWERS;
FROSTED ILLUSIONS, MALINAS;
GRO DE NAP, FLORENCE SILK;
STRAW TRIMMINGS & ORNAMENTS.

The largest, best and cheapest line of

NOTIONS AND MILLINERY GOODS,

TO BE FOUND IN THE CITY.

Nos. 77 and 79 Market Street.
ap28

ROBINSON.

No. 20 FIFTH STREET,

HAS RECEIVED

ANOTHER LOT

OF

PURE MAPLE SYRUP.

NOTICE.

Fifth Street Sidewalk Extension.

IRON CURB AND SIDEWALK.

We desire to call the attention of parties about to widen their sidewalks, according to ordinance, to our Patent Iron Curb and Pavement. The same will be laid in front of the Opera House this week and will speak for itself. The following is an extract from a letter of the City Engineer and Regulator: "I consider it superior to stone, and if laid in Fifth street, will add greatly to its beauty, and I would recommend it to property owners.

"H. J. MOORE, City Engineer."

Address

THE ATLAS WORKS.

THOMAS N. MILLER, President. ap22

MARBLE & SLATE MANTLES,

AT THE

PITTSBURGH STEAM MARBLE AND SLATE WORKS.

Office and Warerooms—**319** and **321** LIBERTY STREET. Mantle Wareroom on second floor.

Persons wanting Marble or Slate Mantles will find it to their interest to call. Workmanship not excelled in any place, and prices as low as in Eastern cities. Marble Mantles or Furniture Slabs which have become discolored by smoke, oils or acids, can be Marbleized and made to look as well as new.

There is no other place in Western Pennsylvania where Slate Mantles are manufactured.

All kinds of Marble Work done in the best manner. Marble Cutters supplied with Sawed Marble at Eastern prices, carriage added.

W. W. WALLACE.

SEED POTATOES.

Thirty Barrels Harrison.

For sale by JOHN R. & A. MURDOCH, Nurserymen, Florists and Seedsmen, **112** Smithfield street.

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE.

Near to the Allegheny River.

SAW MILL, TWO DWELLING HOUSES, TWO BARNS, with good FARM, and about **800** acres timber land. This property will be sold low. Cash **$2,500**—balance on time to suit buyer.

FARM OF **120** ACRES, will be sold for twenty dollars per acre. Improvements comfortable frame house and good barn; **50** acres of the land clear.

FARM OF **180** ACRES, near the line of railroad; very well located for raising stock; improvements are good and substantial; **100** acres of the land in meadow and grain.

CITY PROPERTY.—Will sell a good brick house, containing five rooms, at Sixteen Hundred Dollars, and would rent for the amount in six years.

A LARGE LOT OF GROUND, having a river front, and very convenient of access.

TANNERY, convenient to the city, and having a well established custom or local trade connected therewith; a good dwelling and forty acres of land.

FOUR LOTS in Sharpsburg, near the railroad; would make a good coal yard.

HOTEL FOR SALE.—That fine Hotel property, situated at the Blairsville Junction, containing fourteen rooms and the necessary outbuildings, with three acres of garden and fruit trees. This well located hotel will be sold low, as the proprietor wishes to retire from business.

FOR RENT.

Two new Brick Houses, **8** rooms each.
Two new Brick Houses, **11** rooms each.
One new Frame House, **4** rooms.
Two new Brick Houses, **3** rooms each.
One new Frame House in Wilkinsburg, having six rooms and a large lot, well suited for a garden.

TO LOAN—$50,000.

IN SUMS OF **$5,000** AND UPWARD.

APPLY AT

D. P. HATCH'S REAL ESTATE OFFICE,

No. 91 Grant St., Pittsburgh.
ap27:p18

FOR SALE.

A RIVER BOTTOM FARM OF **76** ACRES, **19** miles from the city, in Elizabeth township, Allegheny county, Pa., on the Youghiogheny river, one-half mile from Elrod's station, on the Connellsville railroad; near churches, schools, stores, &c., in the flourishing villages of Boston and Green Oak. The improvements are a two-story brick house of six rooms, hall and cellar, a good frame bank barn with stabling underneath, and other outbuildings; a well of good standing water at the door, and several standing springs of water on the farm, and an orchard of **700** trees of selected fruits of apples, cherries, pears, peaches, quinces and grapes. This property being located near the line of the railroad, within one hour's ride of the city, makes it very desirable for gardening or a dairy farm; it is also a good and beautiful location for country homes near the city, lying immediately on the river, on the opposite side from the railroad. The West Newton Accommodation and other trains on the railroad afford certain and frequent opportunities of daily communication to and from the city. Will be sold as a whole or in lots of one acre or more, to suit purchasers.

Also, A FARM OF **173** ACRES, situated in St. Clair township, Westmoreland county, Pa., near the line of the Pennsylvania Railroad at Houston Station. The improvements are a two-story frame house, with six rooms and good cellar, a frame bank barn **40** by **60** feet, and other outbuildings. There is on the place a young apple and peach orchard; **120** acres cleared land, divided into fields of convenient size, a large portion of which are well set in clover and timothy; the residue of said tract covered with good timber. It is well watered and underlaid with coal and limestone, and is convenient to churches, schools, stores, mills and blacksmith shops. A real good bargain is offered in this excellent farm; and with it will be sold all the personal property on the premises, consisting of horses, cows, stock cattle, hogs and poultry, harness, gears, wagon, plows, farming implements and household and kitchen furniture. Together will be sold very low and on easy terms, to a responsible purchaser.

Also, A desirable and very fertile FARM of Land of **158** ACRES AND **25** PERCHES, in Elizabeth Tp., Allegheny county, Pa., on the line of the Hempfield railroad, and one and one-half miles from the Connellsville railroad at Sater's Station. On this farm are **40** acres of superior white oak timber, which alone is now worth one-half the price asked for the whole tract. The improvements are a log house, frame barn, good fencing, and an apple orchard of good fruit. It is well watered and underlaid with limestone and flag stone of a superior quality, with stone coal for the use of the farm.

Also, The best FARM in Fairfield township, Westmoreland county, Pa., of **250** ACRES, about six miles south of the Pennsylvania Central Railroad Bolivar Station. The improvements are two large hewed log dwellings; one of the largest and best frame barns in the township; two apple orchards, in good bearing condition; corn crib, wagon-shed and other outbuildings. The whole farm is under a high state of cultivation; fencing all in first rate order, and the land of the best quality of limestone soil, about **200** acres of which is cleared and the residue of the tract in good timber, such as white oak, rock oak, hickory, walnut and beech. This property will be sold very cheap and on good terms, as the owner wishes to engage in other business. For particulars enquire of

G. H. TOWER, 164 Fourth Street.
ap14:o42

FOR SALE—That very desirable two-story BRICK DWELLING HOUSE, containing **7** rooms, with finished attic, situate in the Second ward, Allegheny, No. **31** Monterey street. The lot is **20** feet front by **110** feet in depth. Will be sold on favorable terms, to facilitate settlement of the estate of John Chambers, deceased. If not sold before THURSDAY, May **14**th, **1868,** it will be offered at Public Sale on that day.

Enquire of JOHN DEAN, No. **29** Stockton Avenue, Allegheny, or S. B. W. GILL, No. **104** Fifth street, Pittsburgh. ap29:p97

LOTS FOR SALE.—SEVERAL BUILDING LOTS on Observatory Hill, Second Ward, Allegheny City, are offered for sale cheap. The location is a very desirable one, commanding a fine view of both cities, is easy of access, and there is abundance of stone on the ground for building purposes. Apply soon at the paint shop of McCOWAN & SNYDER, Allegheny Diamond, at THIS OFFICE, or on the premises, near the Observatory Building. mh25:n38

FOR SALE OR LEASE.

VALUABLE COAL MINE, **13** miles from the city, and CITY DEPOT, for sale at a bargain, or will be leased for a term of years, is thoroughly improved, and stocked with everything necessary to the business, and has large established trade. Proprietors have business requiring their absence for several years. Address, with real name, Post Office Box **1292,** Pittsburgh, Pa. ap27:p23

LAND AT HOMEWOOD.

Twenty Acres of Land for sale at Homewood Station, P. R. R., immediately opposite residences of Drs. Vandevort and Dupuy, and being the most desirable property for country residences in the county.

Inquire of H. P. MILLER, No. **83** Fifth street, or of B. E. MILLER, near the premises. ap17:o78

FOR SALE.—HORSES.—At HOWARD'S LIVERY AND SALE STABLE, one fine FAMILY HORSE (Bay); three DAPPLE GREY HORSES; one LARGE DRAUGHT HORSE; three BLACK MARES; two GREY MARES. FIRST STREET, near Monongahela House.

Horses bought and sold on commission.

ONLY $1700 for a NEW FRAME HOUSE of hall and four rooms, and ¼ acres of ground, situate on Coal Hill, in the Borough of South Pittsburgh. Immediate possession.

Apply to S. CUTHBERT & SONS,
ap29 Real Estate Agents, **85** Smithfield St.

$3,500 WILL PURCHASE a good two-story Brick House, of hall, five rooms, cellar and finished attic. Also, a Brick House of two rooms and lot of ground. No. **18** Franklin street; both houses rent for **$420** per annum.

S. CUTHBERT & SONS,
ap29 **85** Smithfield street.

MARSHAL'S SALE.

By virtue of a writ *venditioni exponas,* issued out of the District Court of the United States, for the Western District of Pennsylvania, and to me directed, I will expose to Public Sale, at the CUSTOM HOUSE, Pittsburgh, Pa., on the **23**D DAY OF MAY, **1868,** the following described property, to wit:

1 tin still; **1** worm and tub; **1** stove and pipe; **2** fermenting casks; **1** tin can; **1** small stove; **28** empty barrels; **1** barrel molasses; **34** gals.; **1** wheelbarrow; **3** buckets; **20** bushels of coal; **2** vinegar tubs; **1** cask; **1** empty keg; **2** jugs; **1** thermometer; **1** step ladder; **3** copper measures; **1** copper funnel; **1** stove and pipe; **1** lot of staves and hoops, for vinegar tubs; **1** filtering barrel; **13** barrels, containing **475** gallons of vinegar; **1** oil stove; **1** corn sheller; **1** oil can; **2** glass lamps; **1** pick and shovel; **1** barrel containing **15** gallons of whisky. A temporary board building on the premises, and lease of premises running nine years from **1st** of April, **1868.**

Seized as the property of Thomas Davy and Jos. Scott, at the suit of the United States.

ap28:p33 THOS. A. ROWLEY, U. S. Marshal.

TO BUILDERS AND CONTRACTORS.

Sealed Proposals will be received by the Board of School Directors of the Fifth Ward of the City of Allegheny, up to the **30**TH DAY OF APRIL, for

Building a Public School House

in said ward. Plans and specifications can be seen at the office of Messrs. BARR & MOSER, Nos. **2** & **4** St. Clair street, Pittsburgh.

The Directors reserve the right of rejecting any or all bids, and requiring security for the faithful performance of the contract.

Address the undersigned, at No. **10** St. Clair St., or Box **312,** Pittsburgh P. O., marking "Proposals" on outside of envelopes.

By order of the Board,
ap15:o44 JOHN E. PARKE, President.

TO GLASS MANUFACTURERS.— The undersigned hauling secured the sole Agency for the sale of the celebrated

COPLEY POT CLAY.

Are now prepared to furnish it in any quantity to those wishing to procure this superior article. During fifteen years' use of this Clay, we have arrived at such proportions as we believe makes it a better article for pots than any in the market, we having secured an average stand of SIX, EIGHT and TEN MONTHS. We will furnish receipts for the proportion of the mixture of this Clay to persons purchasing. The Clay is ground and moulded in lumps for delivery.

DITHRIDGE & SON,
Fort Pitt Glass Works,
Washington Street, Pittsburgh, Pa.

NOTICES.

☞ **ELECTION NOTICE.—THE** Annual Election for President and Directors of the

MONONGAHELA WATER CO.

Will be held at the First National Bank of Birmingham, on TUESDAY, May **5**th, **1868,** between the hours of **4** and **6** o'clock P. M.

ap21:o88 EDWARD MOYE, Secretary.

☞ **PITTSBURGH & CONNELLSVILLE R. R. CO.**

STOCKHOLDERS' MEETING.

A general meeting of the Stockholders of the Pittsburgh & Connellsville Railroad Company will be held at their office, in the City of Pittsburgh, on

Friday, the 15th day of May, proximo,

At **11** o'clock A. M., to accept or reject the ordinances lately passed by the Mayor and City Councils of Baltimore, and for the transaction of such other business as may be brought before the meeting.

By order of the Board,
JNO. H. PAGE, Jr., Secretary.
Pittsburgh, April **28**th, **1868.** ap29:p40-WFM

☞ **NOTICE.**

THE STOCKHOLDERS OF THE

CITY BANK

Are hereby notified that the First Instalment on their Subscription of Stock is now due, and will be received at the Bank, which will be open for business on

TUESDAY NEXT, APRIL **28**TH.

The Stock Books will remain open for a limited time. Persons desiring to subscribe should do so at once.

DOMENICK IHMSEN, President.
J. B. GORMLY, Cashier. ap24:p10

☞ **NOTICE.**

TO TURNPIKE AND PLANK ROAD COMPANIES.

The undersigned appraisers, appointed by and in accordance with the act of the Legislature of the State of Pennsylvania, approved April **6**th, **1867,** have, in compliance with a resolution of the Select and Common Councils of the City of Pittsburgh, entered on the duties imposed on them by said act. And to enable them to perform said duties, they hereby request the President and Directors of any and every Turnpike and Plank Road Company within the present bounds of the City of Pittsburgh, which claims to charge tolls for the use of their improvements, to furnish the appraisers with a statement in writing, of the road held and owned by each corporation, and statement to show,

First—The name of the road or company, the title of the act of incorporation, and of its supplements, with the date of approval of each.

Second—The number of shares now held by the stockholders, and the amount actually paid in by them as capital stock.

Third—The length of road now owned by the company within the present bounds of the City of Pittsburgh, and the position of its termini.

The statements may be delivered to either of the undersigned, or at the office of the City Controller, Fourth street, Pittsburgh, and are required on or before the **4**th day of May next.

W. WADE,
WM. DILWORTH,
ALEXANDER GORDON,
Commissioners.
Pittsburgh, April **23, 1868.** ap24

WANTED.

WANTED—A second-hand, 10 or **12** horse power,

PORTABLE ENGINE.

Enquire of M. P. ADAMS & BRO.,
ap29:p36 Hancock Street & Duquesne Way.

WANTED—To employ, a few GOOD MEN, to sell, by sample, the combined PLUMB, LEVEL AND BEVEL. Nothing like it in use. Will pay from **$75** to **$150** per month and all expenses; or will give a commission, from which twice that amount can be made. Also want Traveling Agents for Ashbaugh's WONDER OF THE WORLD.

J. C. TILTON,
ap29:p38 **No. 10½** St. Clair street.

WANTED—AGENTS,

To travel through Ohio, Michigan, West Virginia, and Western Pennsylvania, for the sale of SOLAR LIGHT, the best light yet introduced, and will be universally used. A liberal commission will be paid. Send for circular giving particulars, or call upon DAVIS BROS. & CO., Office No. **8,** Cleveland Ins. Buildings, Cleveland, O. ap27:p24

WANTED,

A SMART, INTELLIGENT BOY,

For a pupil, and to act as assistant to a Mechanical Engineer. Premium required.

Address Box **50,** P. O., Allegheny City, Pa.
ap16:o62

WANTED—A GOOD GERMAN GARDNER. A sober, industrious married man, with a small family, to take charge of and live on a garden farm within nineteen miles of the city. There is a good brick house of six rooms, kitchen, hall and cellar, for the gardener to occupy, and to whom liberal wages will be paid, for one that is competent and trustworthy. For particulars inquire of

G. H. TOWER, Real Estate Agent,
ap8:o16 No. **164** Fourth St., Pittsburgh.

AGENTS WANTED.

GRANT:

THE LIFE OF.—A new and standard work, by Hon. J. T. HEADLEY, the popular Historian. Send for Circular and see our terms.

Address or apply to A. L. TALCOTT & CO.,
ap20:o87 **60** Market street, Pittsburgh, Pa.

FOR RENT.

TO LET,

ROOMS, with Steam Power,

Enquire at GROVE & OLNHAUSEN'S,
ap29:p35 **833** Penn Street.

AUCTION SALES.

BY SMITHSON, VANHOOK & M'CLELLAND.

FURNITURE, PIANOS,

CARPETS AND CROCERIES,

AT AUCTION.

On Thursday, April 30th, 1868,

AT **10** A. M. AND **3** P. M.,

At MASONIC HALL AUCTION ROOMS, **55** and **57** Fifth street, will be sold, new and second-hand FURNITURE, embracing Dressing and Plain Bureaus, Wardrobes, Wash Stands; Parlor, Dining-room and Wood Chairs and Rockers; several Extension Tables; High and Low Post, Cottage & French Bedsteads; Hair, Cotton and Husk Mattresses; Card, Side, Breakfast and Dining Tables; Tete-a-Tetes, Secretary, Desks, Sewing Machines, Queensware, Kitchen Utensils, Parlor and Cook Stoves.

GROCERIES, &c., AT **11** A. M.—**5** half chests Teas, — boxes ground Coffee, — barrels and kitts Mackerel, Herring and Shad; small lot best canned Fruits and Preserves; **1** case good Indigo; **10,000** Cigars, in quantities to suit.

CARPETS AND WINDOW SHADES, AT **3** P. M.—Large line of new Carpets, without reserve; fancy Window Shades, with Trimmings.

PIANOS, AT **3** P. M.—Three good Pianos, worthy the attention of those desiring a good instrument cheap.

Housekeepers and Grocers should attend this sale, as bargains can be had, the goods being sold without reserve.

At private sale, two large French Plate Gilt Frame Mirrors, at one-third their value.

SMITHSON, VANHOOK & McCLELLAND,
ap28 Auctioneers.

BY PALMER & PHILLIPS.

PALMER & PHILLIPS,

AUCTIONEERS

And Commission Merchants,

OPERA HOUSE AUCTION ROOMS,

No. 60 Fifth Street, Pittsburgh, Pa.

BOOTS, SHOES, CARPETS,

Dry Goods and Notions,

AT PRIVATE SALE DAY AND EVENING.

Consignments Solicited. Prompt turns.

BY A. LEGGATE.

FURNITURE AT AUCTION.— The superior Furniture at the late residence of Mrs. Chambers, deceased, corner of Benton and Day alleys, near Monterey street, Second ward, Allegheny, will be sold on THURSDAY, April **30th,** at **10** o'clock.

ap29 A. LEGGATE, Auctioneer.

CARPETS AT AUCTION.—1,000 yards new Woolen Carpets will be sold at the store, No. **159** Federal street, Allegheny City, on THURSDAY, April **30th,** at **3** o'clock, in lengths to suit purchasers. A. LEGGATE, Auctioneer,
ap29 **159** Federal street, Allegheny

IRON WORKS.

AS. VERNER, Pres't.....W. P. PORTER, Sup't.

PITTSBURGH FORGE AND IRON CO.,

MANUFACTURERS OF

Bar Iron;
Railroad Fish Bars and Bolts;
Railroad Car Axles Rolled;
Railroad Car Axles Hammered;
Locomotive Frames;
Locomotive Frame Shapes;
Side Rods;
Yokes, Straps;
Piston Heads;
Steamboat Shafts;
Steamboat Cranks;
Piston Rods, Wrists;
Pitman Jaws, Collars, &c.

Office, No. 177 PENN STREET,

PITTSBURGH, P.

GRAFF, BYERS & CO.,

MANUFACTURERS OF

Bar, Hoop and Sheet Iron,

WROUGHT IRON,

Iron Welded Tubes for Gas, Steam, Water, &c.

ALSO,

OIL WELL TUBING.

Office, 98 Water and 132 First Streets.

PITTSBURGH, Pa.

u29:e26

KENSINGTON IRON WORKS.

LLOYD & BLACK,

MANUFACTURERS OF

Best Common, Refined, Charcoal

AND

JUNIATA BLOOM IRON.

MERCHANT BAR, ROUND and SQUARE IRON.
HOOP, BAND, T and ANGLE IRON.
BOILER PLATE and SHEET IRON.
MOWER AND REAPER BARS.
CYLINDER and GUARD or FINGER IRON.
SMALL T RAILS, 20 and 16 lbs. to the yard.
WROUGHT CHAIRS and SPIKES for same.
FLAT RAILS, Punched and Countersunk.
COAL SCREEN IRON.
NAILS AND SPIKES.

Warehouse and Office at the Works, GREENOUGH STREET, (a continuation of First street,) adjoining the City Gas Works, Pittsburgh.

EVERSON, PRESTON & CO.,

Pennsylvania Iron Works.

Warehouse, Nos. **166** and **167** FIRST STREET, opposite Monongahela House, **PITTSBURGH.**

ap24:d6

STEEL WORKS.

SHEFFIELD STEEL WORKS.

SINGER, NIMICK & CO.,

PITTSBURGH, PA.,

Manufacturers of every description of

CAST AND GERMAN STEEL,

RAILWAY SPRINGS,
ELLIPTIC AND PLATFORM SPRINGS,
AXLES, STEEL TIRE, &c., &c.

Warehouse, 83 Water and 100 First Sts.

ap18:o67

PITTSBURGH STEEL WORKS.

ANDERSON, COOK & CO.,

(SUCCESSORS TO JONES, BOYD & CO.,)

Manufacturers of the

BEST REFINED CAST STEEL,

SQUARE, FLAT and OCTAGON, of all sizes; SAW PLATES, HOE, FORK and SHEET CAST STEEL; CAST STEEL for

Reaping and Mowing Machines, Steel Plow Wings, Axles, Circulars, &c., &c.

Cast and Common Plow & Spring Steel.

Office—Corner FIRST AND ROSS STREETS, two blocks above the Monongahela House.

oc23:d9

MILLER, BARR & PARKIN.

GENERAL PARTNERS:

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CRESCENT STEEL WORKS,

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fe14:d48

BLACK DIAMOND STEEL WORKS.

PARK, BROTHER & CO.,

Manufacturers of all descriptions of

STEEL.

Office and Warehouse, **120**, **122**, **124** SECOND and **119** and **121** FIRST STREETS,

PITTSBURGH.

GLASS, CHINA, CUTLERY.

100 WOOD STREET.

CHINA, GLASS AND QUEENSWARE,

SILVER PLATED WARE,

PARIAN STATUETTES,

BOHEMIAN GLASS,

And other STAPLE AND FANCY GOODS, a great variety.

100 WOOD STREET.

RICHARD E. BREED & CO.

mh27

100 WOOD STREET. 100 WOOD STREET.

CHARLES REIZENSTEIN,

152 Federal Street, Allegheny.

(Fourth door above Diamond.)

Glass, China Ware & Table Cutlery

AT EASTERN PRICES. Everything required in a first class store on hand. Call and examine our goods. je10:a9

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MORTON STREET, Ninth Ward,

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THOMAS N. MILLER, President.

These Works are among the largest and most complete establishments in the West, and are now prepared to furnish

Engines, of every description.

Boilers, Oil Tanks.

Sheet Iron Work.

Railroad Castings.

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Machine Castings.

General Castings.

ORDERS SOLICITED

no9:n69

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Corner Carroll and Smallman Streets,

(NINTH WARD.)

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Manufacturer of

CAST IRON BOWL PIPE,

FOR GAS AND WATER WORKS.

My Pipes are all cast invariably in Pits, in dry sand, and **12** feet lengths. Also, full assortment of

General Castings for Gas and Water Works.

I would also call the attention of Superintendents of Gas Works to my make of RETORTS.

fe16:t10

THE KNAP FORT PITT FOUNDRY CO.

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RETORTS and CASTINGS, of every description.
ERNEST'S NAIL MACHINES. fe24

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A. BRADLEY & CO.,

Manufacture every variety of

Cook, Parlor and Heating Stoves,

Among which are the celebrated EUREKA, TROPIC and TALISMAN (Coal Stoves); POMONA, VETERAN and IRONSIDES (Wood Stoves).

Also manufacture

GRATES, GRATE FRONTS, &c.

Office and Warehouse, corner of Second and Wood streets, Pittsburgh. Entrance on Second street.

ap21:r30

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LIVINGSTON & CO.,

IRON FOUNDERS,

MANUFACTURERS OF

FINE LIGHT CASTINGS,

All descriptions, for Plumbers and Gas Fitters; Agricultural Implements, Cotton and Woolen Mill Machinery, &c.

All JobWork promptly attended to.

Office and Works—WASHINGTON AVENUE, near Outer Depot, Allegheny City, Pa.

ROBINSON, REA & CO.,

Successors to ROBINSON, MINIS & MILLERS,

WASHINGTON WORKS,

FOUNDERS AND MACHINISTS, PITTSBURGH,

Manufacturers of Boat and Stationary Steam Engines, Blast Engines, Mill Machinery, Gearing, Shafting, Castings of all descriptions; Oil Tanks and Stills, Boiler and Sheet Iron Work.

Office, No. **12**, corner First and Smithfield Streets. Agents for GIFGARD'S PETENT INJECTOR for feeding Boilers. ja11:r52

MONT BLANC FOUNDRY.

Butler Street, Ninth Ward,

(Opposite Union Iron Mills.)

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Rolling Mill and Bridge Castings,

THIMBLE SKEINS AND PIPE BOXES,

MACHINERY AND CASTINGS GENERALLY.

Orders promptly and carefully executed. Charges reasonable.

EBBERT & MACKLIND.

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BERLIN FOUNDRY.

PRICE & SIMS.

Office and Warehouse, 29 Wood Street.

Manufacture and keep constantly on hand

Thimble, Skein and Pipe Boxes,

WAGON BOXES, DOG IRONS,

SUGAR KETTLES, HOLLOW WARE,

And Castings generally. ap26:y6

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880 Penn Street.

BOLLMAN, BOYD & BAGALEY.

Chill Rolls, Mill Castings, Roll Lathes, &c.

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ESTABLISHED IN **1836.**

Manufactory of STEAM ENGINES, all sizes and of the most approved patterns, for stationary purposes; STEAMBOATS and STEAM FERRY BOATS. A variety of **10**, **12** and **16** horse power ENGINES, which will be sold at very reduced prices.

P. F. GEISSE, Wellsville, O.

Fifty miles below Pittsburgh, on the Ohio river, and line of C. & P. R. no9:h2

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SAMUEL M. WICKERSHAM,

IRON BROKER,

124 First Street, Pittsburgh, Pa.

Agent for the sale of Cornwall, Doughamore, Josephine, Isabella, Duncannon, Stanhope, Glendon, and other brands of Anthracite, Youghiogheny Coke and C. B. Charcoal

PIG IRONS.

Consignments and orders respectfully solicited.

COPPER.

LAKE SUPERIOR COPPER MILL AND SMELTING WORKS,

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PARK, McCURDY & CO.,

Manufacturers of Sheathing, Braziers' and Bol Copper, Pressed Copper Bottoms, Raised Still Bottoms, Spelter Solder. Also, Importers and Dealers in Metal, Tin Plate, Sheet Iron, Wire, &c. Constantly on hand Tinners' Machines & Tools. Warehouse, No. **140** FIRST STREET and **120** SECOND STREET, Pittsburgh.

Special orders of Copper cut to any desired pattern. my14:c53:dwT

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WILLIAM J. DICK,

CARPENTER AND BUILDER,

No. **32** PENNSYLVANIA AVENUE, opposite High street, Pittsburgh, Pa. Residence, No. **142** Grant street.

Jobbing done with neatness and dispatch. All orders promptly attended to, and satisfaction warranted. au29:e47:MWF

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FORT PITT

BOILER, STILL AND TANK WORKS.

CARROLL & SNYDER,

MANUFACTURERS OF

TUBULAR, DOUBLE-FLUED TUBULAR, FIRE-BOX AND CYLINDER STEAM BOILERS.
OIL STILLS AND OIL TANKS,
CHIMNEYS, BREECHING AND ASH PANS,
SETTLING PANS, SALT PANS AND CONDENSERS;
STEAM PIPES, GASOMETERS AND IRON BRIDGES;
PRISON DOORS AND COAL SHUTES.

Office and Warehouse, corner Second, Third, Short and Liberty Streets,

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☞ Orders sent to the above address will be promptly attended to. mh7:189

E. W. MORROW.....JAS. B. BARNHILL.....JAS. BLAIR.

O'HARA BOILER WORKS.

MORROW, BARNHILL & CO.,

MANUFACTURERS OF

Steam Boilers, Oil Stills, Agitators,

TANKS, SALT PANS, GASOMETERS, WROUGHT IRON BRIDGES, SHEET IRON WORK, &c.

Cor. Liberty and Second Sts.,

PITTSBURGH, PA.

REPAIRING promptly done. jy4:b2

WM. BARNHILL & CO.,

BOILER MAKERS

AND SHEET IRON WORKERS,

NOS. **20**, **22**, **24** AND **26** PENN ST.

Having secured a large yard and furnished it with the most approved machinery, we are prepared to manufacture every description of BOILERS in the best manner, and warranted equal to any made in the country. Chimneys, Breeching, Fire Beds, Steam Pipes, Locomotive Boilers, Condensers, Salt Pans, Tanks, Oil Stills, Agitators, Settling Pans, Boiler Iron, Bridges, Sugar Pans, and sole manufacturers of Barnhill's Patent Boilers.

Repairing done on the shortest notice. ja5:c21

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Nos. 55 and 56 Water Street,

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MANUFACTURER OF

IRON OIL TANKS,

SETTLING PANS, COPPER STEAM PIPE,

ROLLING MILL STACKS,

And SHEET IRON WORK,

For Steamboats.

JARED M. BRUSH.....EDMUND D. BRUSH.

JARED M. BRUSH & SON,

MANUFACTURERS OF

Steam Boilers, Oil Stills, Tanks,

SHEET IRON WORK, &C.

61 Penn Street, Pittsburgh, Pa.

STOVES, CASTINGS, &C.

COOK STOVES.

GET THE BEST.

BISSELL & CO.'S

TRIUMPH,

FOR BITUMINOUS COAL.

Warranted to Cook, Bake or Roast as well as any other Stove in the Union.

BISSELL & CO.,

No. 235 Liberty Street.

Also on hand and for sale,
PARLOR STOVES,
HEATING STOVES,
GRATE FRONTS, FENDERS,
COOKING RANGES, &c.

CHEAPEST PLACE in the city

TO BUY THE

TRIUMPH COOKING STOVE,

Is at No. **146** GRANT STREET.

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HARDWARE.

NEW HARDWARE HOUSE.

LINDSEY, STERRIT & EUWER,

Manufacturers and Importers of

HARDWARE,

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337 LIBERTY STREET,

CORNER OF WAYNE,

One Square Below Union Depot,

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☞ Agents for FAIRBANKS' SCALES.

F. MUSSMANN,

FIFTH ST., bet. Tunnel & Chatham Sts.,

Gunsmith and Dealer in Hardware.

First class goods of all descriptions always on hand and sold at the lowest prices. Repairing done carefully on short notice. je26:d50

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PHŒNIX STEAM BREWERY.

JOS. SPENCER.....JAS. M'KAY.....ROBERT LIDDELL.

SPENCER, M'KAY & CO.,

MALSTERS AND BREWERS

Of Ale, Porter and Brown Stout,

PITTSBURGH, PA.

ROBERT WATSON, Manager. oc14

DYERS AND SCOURERS.

H. J. LANCE,

Nos. 135 and 137 Third Street,

DYER AND SCOURER.

STRAW GOODS CLEANED OR DYED.

KID GLOVES AND LADIES' PLUMES CLEANED OR DYED

UNIVERSAL CLOTHES WRINGERS

At the manufacturers' wholesale and retail prices, at **26** and **28** St. Clair street

J. & H. PHILLIPS,

ap15 Sole agents for this county.

FINANCIAL.

FORT PITT BANKING COMPANY,

No. 169 Wood Street.

CAPITAL, : : : : : $200,000.

STOCKHOLDERS INDIVIDUALLY LIABLE.

DEALERS IN

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES,

AND GOLD.

INTEREST ALLOWED ON TIME DEPOSITS.

Collections made on all accessible points in the United States and Canadas.

DIRECTORS:

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SAM'L. McCLURKAN, Pres't.

D. LEET WILSON, Cashier.

NATIONAL BANK OF COMMERCE,

Cor. of Wood and Sixth Sts.

A. PATTERSON.....President.
JOS. H. HILL.....Cashier.

CAPITAL, : : : $500,000.

DIRECTORS:

A. Patterson, Wm. H. Brown, Chas. Lockhart, Allen Kirkpatrick, W. S. Haven, George W. Cass, James McCandless, Wm. Douglas, Wm. Reed.

DISCOUNTS DAILY, AT 11 A. M.

ap9:o22

HART, CAUGHEY & CO.,

BANKERS AND BROKERS,

Corner Third and Wood Streets,

PITTSBURGH, PA.,

(SUCCESSORS TO HANNA, HART & CO.,)

DEALERS IN

Exchange, Coin, Coupons,

And particular attention paid to the purchase and sale of

COVERNMENT BONDS.

Sight Drafts on London.

my1:s82

N. HOLMES & SONS,

BANKERS,

57 Market Street,

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Collections made on all the principal points of the United States and Canadas.

Stocks, Bonds and other Securities

BOUGHT AND SOLD ON COMMISSION.

Particular attention paid to the purchase and sale of

United States Securities.

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THIS BANK IS NOW TRANSACTING A

GENERAL BANKING BUSINESS,

AT THEIR NEW BANKING HOUSE.

No. 293 Liberty Street.

Accounts of BANKS, BANKERS, MERCHANTS and others are invited.

Collections made on all accessible points in the United States and Canada.

Interest Allowed on Time Deposits.

UNITED STATES SECURITIES BOUGHT AND SOLD.

STOCKHOLDERS INDIVIDUALLY LIABLE.

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WESTERN SAVINGS BANK,

No. 59 Fourth Street.

CHARTERED 1866.

Interest paid on Time Deposits

ANY SUM RECEIVED FROM

ONE DOLLAR UPWARD.

DEPOSITS SUBJECT TO CHECK, WITHOUT INTEREST.

Discounts Daily at **12** o'clock.

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Vice President--A. M. MARSHALL.

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THOMPSON BELL, JOS. DILWORTH, J. J. GILLESPIE, A. M. MARSHALL, JOS. ALAREE.

Stockholders to whom we make reference:

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BANKERS.

ESTABLISHED IN **1837.**

No. 35 SOUTH THIRD ST.

PHILADELPHIA,

DEALERS IN GOVERNMENT SECURITIES.

7 3-10s Converted Into 5-20.

STOCKS AND GOLD

Bought and sold on commission, here and in New York. TIME PAPER NEGOTIATED.

INTEREST ALLOWED ON DEPOSITS OF GOLD AND CURRENCY. Accounts of Banks and Bankers received on favorable terms.

ALL CLASSES OF SECURITIES TAKEN IN EXCHANGE AT MARKET RATES.

fe24:188

MECHANICS' SAVINGS BANK,

No. 14 Smithfield Street,

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INTEREST PAID ON DEPOSITS. ANY SUM RECEIVED FROM ONE DOLLAR UPWARD. Deposits received subject to check, without interest.

JAMES BLACKMORE, President.
GEO. D. TINDLE, Secretary and Treasurer.
JAMES H. HOPKINS, Solicitor.

TRUSTEES:

James Blackmore, Alex. Tindle, William Deane, A. G. Cubbage, James H. Hopkins, James Bown, W. W. Bradshaw, Robert Wray, John Evans.

REMOVAL.

I HAVE REMOVED MY

BANKING AND EXCHANGE OFFICE

TO THE

Corner of Fifth and Wood Streets,

Formerly occupied by the NATIONAL BANK OF COMMERCE.

PH. R. MERTZ.

CONVERSION OF 7-30's.

We are now prepared to convert the SECOND and THIRD SERIES of

SEVEN-THIRTIES

INTO THE

New 1867 5-20 Gold Coupon Bonds.

JAMES T. BRADY & CO.,

Dealer in Government Securities,

CORNER FOURTH AND WOOD STS.

The Pittsburgh Gazette.

FINANCE AND TRADE.

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE, WEDNESDAY, April 29, 1868.

The gold market opened strong at 139¼, but on large offers to sell, declined to 139⅛ to 139, and dull. There is little disposition among brokers or importers to buy gold at present prices, although it is admitted that the market will not have the full benefit of the large payments of coupons in May. A decline is inevitable from the unwillingness for purchasers to buy now. The advance in the French rentis from 64 to 69, and of Consols from 92¼ to 93¾ and 93⅞, will stimulate investments in American securities, and will thus be adverse to any large shipments of specie.

Government securities are on a standstill. Money has not become so plentiful yet that people will rush and invest at present high prices; the only purchasers in the market are speculators, who may advance the prices on themselves, but will not be able to get the public to buy at their own prices. Bonds are, like any other article of commerce, subject to the same laws that govern advance and decline; the advance was too sudden during the last few days, and people pause and hesitate to buy ot such high prices when it will take a whole years' interest to pay for the additional premium.

Stocks are lower and parties who have bought during the last weeks decline are realizing now and await a further turn in the market. There is an improved demand on local securities, simply to realize the dividends due during the early part of May. A large number of small mortgages are now offered for sale at rates that must be ruinous to the seller, but properties that have been bought when prices were still higher than they now are, cannot be sacrificed without a strong effort to raise even usurious interest.

Closing quotations as received by Ph. R. Mertz, were as follows:

Gold, 139¼; 1881 bonds, 113¾; 1862 5-20s, 112; 1864 do, 110¾; 1865 do, 110¾; Consols, 108⅝; 10-40s, 102¾; 7-30s, 107¼.

Railroads—Cleveland & Pittsburgh, 83; Fort Wayne, 103¾; North Western, common 62½; North Western—preferred, 74¾; New York Central, 129; Erie, 70¾; Old Southern, 89¾; Ohio & Mississippi, 31¼; Merchants Union Express, 32¼; Western Union Telegraph, 36¾. Mining Shares—Corydon, 30; Quartz Hill, 1,05. Quicksilver, 26¾.

—Closing quotations received by James T. Brady & Co.:

Gold	139¼
U. S. 6's, 1881	113⅛
" 5-20's, 1862	112
" 5-20's, 1864	110⅝
" 5-20's, 1865	110¾
" 10-40's	102⅝
" 5-20's, Jan. and July, '65	108⅝
" " " " " '67	109⅛
" June 7-30's	107⅜
" July 7-30's	107⅜
May Comp., 1865	118¾

PITTSBURGH PETROLEUM MARKET.

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE, WEDNESDAY, April 29, 1868.

CRUDE—The market for crude oil has been rather active to-day, but prices are weak at the quotations. This fact is probably occasioned by the prospect of a rise in the Allegheny. We can report the following sales: 1000 bbls spot at 10c; 800 do at 10c; 950 do at 10c; 2000 for May, seller's option, at 10c; 2000 for June, seller's option, at 10c; 6500 bbls first water, at 10c. Contract sales were of 3000 bbls, buyer's option till October 1st, at $4 per bbl, in tanks at Oil City, purchaser paying $1 per bbl in advance. In the absence of transactions, we quote all the year, buyer's option, at 12½ cents.

REFINED—The refined market rules firm and prices have advanced. We are cognizant of the following transactions: A "line" of 6000 bbls, from August to November, inclusive, 1500 bbls each month, at 30c; a "line" of 3000 bbls from July to December, inclusive, 500 each month at 29½c; 500 for May, at 27½c; 500 for June, at 27½c; 1000 for June, at 28c; 1000 for July, at 28c; 1000 last June, buyer's option, at 28c; 500 last half July, buyer's option, at 28c; 500 all the year, at 32c.

ARRIVALS—The following are the arrivals of oil:

Fisher & Bro.	1200	Jas. Wilkins	56
E. Sahalk	1000		
Total			2256

OIL SHIPMENTS PER A. V. R. R.

Lockhart, Frew & Co., 280 bbls refined to Warden, Frew & Co., Philadelphfa.

Forsyth, Bro. & Co., 207 do do to Warden, Frew & Co., Philadelphia.

Nat. Ref. Co., 250 do do to F. A. Dilworth & Co., Philadelphia.

Fawcett, Logan & Stockdale, 200 do do to W. P. Logan & Bro., Philadelphia.

Braun & Wagner, 150 do do to Waring, King & Co., Philadelphia.

P. Weisenberger, 100 do do to Warden, Frew & Co., Philadelphia.

Buffum, Kehew & Co., 100 do to W. P. Logan, Philadelphia.

New York Dry Goods Market.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

NEW YORK, April 29.—The Dry Goods trade is still languid. Domestic staple cottons, however, are firm, being influenced by the extreme prices prevalent for raw material. Still there is but little disposition to buy goods of any class not absolutely required for pressing wants. A better inquiry is anticipated, however, as soon as the weather becomes more settled, and all fabrics, both of cotton and woolen manufacture, are held with much confidence. Fancy thin fabrics, particularly of European make, are in the meantime greatly depressed, and are being forced to sale at a great loss in many instances. Heavy Brown Sheetings steady, at 18¼ for Pacific extra, and 19 for Appleton and Indian Head; 9¾a10 for printing cloths, the latter an extreme; 14a15 for Amoskeag, Richmond and Spragues; 18 for Pacific laws; 18 for American printed delaines; 18 for Lancaster ginghams; 40 for Lewiston cottonades; 42½ for farmers and mechanics double.

PITTSBURGH MARKETS.

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE, WEDNESDAY, April 28, 1868.

Trade continues active and improving in the aggregate of transactions, but since our last, prices of the leading staples are without material change. The weather for a considerable portion of the day interfered with out-door transactions. Flour continues very active, and under lighter receipts and advices from the West of higher rates, together with the active inquiry, and small stocks in store, holders are asking stiffer rates for choice brands, and are anticipating another advance. The demand for Bacon and Lard is very active, and prices are still tending up. Groceries are in fair demand, and Coffees are advancing. The following are the ruling wholesale quotations:

GROCERIES—During the past week there has been an active inquiry for Groceries. With the advance in gold Coffees are advancing. Refined Sugars are ¼ cent higher, and firm at quotations given below. Syrups are advanced from 5c to 10c per gallon. White Fish and Lake Herring have advanced 50c per half barrel, and continues very firm at quotations.

SUGARS—New Orleans, 14½c to 16c; Cuba, 12½ to 13c; Porto Rico, 13c to 14c; Crushed, 18c; "A" Coffee, 17c; "B" do, 16½c; Extra "C," 16¼c.

COFFEE—Prime Rio, 26½ to 27c; good, 24c; fair, 22c; Old Government Java, 37½ to 38c; Laguayra, 28c.

MOLASSES—New Orleans, 90 to $1; Cuba, 65 to 70c; Porto Rico, 70 to 75c.

SYRUPS—"Lovering's," $1; "Booth & Edgar," 85c; "Amber, 75c; "Drips," $1.05 to $1,10.

SPICES—Cassia, 80 to 85c; Cloves, 50c; Pepper, 38c; Allspice, 35c; Nutmegs, $1,50.

RICE—Rangoon, 11¼c; Carolina, 12½c.

STARCH—Madison, 8c; Silver Gloss, 12½c, and Corn Starch, 13½c.

FRUITS—Layer Rasins, $4,75 per box; Valentia, 20c per lb; Prunes, 17c; Currants, 14c for new.

BAR LEAD—12c; Shot, $3,50 per bag.

SOAPS—"Babbitt's," 12c; "Oakley's," 11½c; Rosin, 4¼ to 6c; "Dobbin's," 15c.

CANDLES—Mould, 16c; Star, 23c.

CONCENTRATED LYE—$7,50 per case.

BI CARB SODA—$8,50 per 100.

FISH—White Fish, $8,00; Lake Herring, $4; Mackerel No. 1, $22; No. 2, $18,00; No. 3, $14,50; in half bbls, 50c more.

TOBACCO—Black 5s, 10s, ¼s and Louisville Navy, 72 to 75c; Wm. H. Grant's 10s and Navy, 80c; C. & D. Tobacco, 22c to 25c for best.

TEA—The market is firm and prices are higher for new crop. Choice Young Hyson, $1,75; fair, $1,50; common to good, $1 to $1,35; Oolong, 75c, 85c, 90c, $1, $1,25 and $1,35; good Porto Rico, $1 to $1,85, as to quality. Imperial, $1 to $1,85. Japan—Choice, $1,30; fair $1.

FLOUR—The market was excited and sales were very large. For the past few days, with the exception of yesterday, the receipts have been heavy, but the demand was sufficient, with the orders on hand, sold ahead to carry off the surplus recepts and leave a bare market. We see by private dispatches from Chicago this afternoon that choice brands of Spring were fully 25c higher, owing to a better feeling in Wheat. The demand here is much greater than our dealers expected. The advance at Chicago to-day has not changed the price in this market as yet, but holders are more firmer. We quote the prices of the following brands: Dayton Snow Flake (White Winter) $13; White River (Red Winter) $12; Jenking Mills, $12; Crossetts, $11,75; Emerald, $11,50; Medium brands, $10,50 to $11; Rye Flour, $9,50 per barrel.

GRAIN—The receipts are very light, but prices have not undergone any material change. Shelled Corn is scarce and commands $1,05 to $1,10 from elevator. Oats from first hands brings 77 to 79c, and from store 80 to 83c. On track Rye sold at $1,85 to $1,30, with a good demand and light import. Barley is scarce and nominal at $2,50. There is no Wheat coming in except that bought by millers in the West; quoted nominally at $2,40 to $2,45 for No 1 Spring; Red Winter, $2,65 to $2,70; and White Wheat, $2,70 to $2,75.

BEANS...None in market, and White small would readily bring $5 per bushel.

BUTTER—Prices are drooping. To-day prime to choice Roll was rather dull at 40 to 45c.

EGGS—Market firm at 23c.

PROVISIONS—The market is active at the following prices. We now quote Mess Pork at $28,50 per bbl; Sugar Cured Hams, 19¾ to 20c; do Canvassed, 20¾ to 21c; Shoulders, 14¼ to 14½c; Ribbed Sides, 16½c; Clear Sides, 18¼c; choice Dried Beef, 23 to 24c, and Lard, 19c per pound.

LARD OIL—There is a large demand for Extra No. 1 at $1,48 to $1,50, and $1,20 per gallon for No. 2.

SALT—Small jobbing lots at $2,00 per barrel.

POTATOES—Sales of Peach Blows by the car load at $1,40 per bushel, and Buckeyes from store at $4,25 to $4,50 per bbl.

CRANBERRIES—Sales of choice Cultivated at $18 per barrel.

HAY—Baled Hay on the wharf commands $24 to $26 per ton, and loose Timothy from country wagons at $24 to $28 per ton, as to quality.

Cincinnati Market.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

CINCINNATI, April 29.—Flour quiet and unchanged. Wheat closes dull and prices drooping; $2,60a2,65 offered for Nos 2 and 1. Corn scarce and in good demand, at 95c for ear. Oats firmer; closing at 61c for No 1. Rye dull and prices lower, No 1 at $2. Barley unchanged. Cotton dull and prices nominal; middling offered at 30c. Tobacco in good demand at full prices. Mess pork quiet at $28,50. There is a good demand for bulk sides and prices are ¼c higher; sales of 400,000 lbs at 15c; shoulders are held at 13c. Bacon—sides in active demand and prices ¼a½c higher; sales of 300 hhds at 17c for clear rib, and 17¾c for clear; shoulders are held at 14c. Lard was held at 19c but sold at 18½c at the close; the reported advance of one shilling and six pence at Liverpool is doubted. Sugar cured hams, 19¼a20c, and in demand. Butter firm at 36a40c for fresh. Eggs dull and prices drooping; closing at 20c. Groceries remain unchanged and quiet. Potatoes are in better supply and the market is dull and 25c lower; prime $3,50a3,75 per bbl. Apples are in better supply, but the market is dull and prices lower; prime, $5,50a6,50, Hay dull and $1 lower; prime timothy, $12a13. Gold, 139. The money market is unchanged.

Cleveland Market.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

CLEVELAND, April 29.—Flour steady, firm and unchanged at $10a12 for double extra spring; $12a10 for do red winter, and $13,50a15,50 for treble extra. Wheat is quiet but firm at $2,73a2,75 for No. 1 red winter; $2,53a2,60 for No. 1 do, and $2,45 for No. 1 spring. Corn less active and ½c lower, at 98c for No. 1 shelled frm store. Oats scarce and better at 80c for No. 1 State from store. Rye scarce and firm at $1,90 for No. 1 State and western. No Barley offering. Petroleum firm and steady at 22a23c for bonded, and 32a33c for free.

Louisville Market.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

LOUISVILLE, April 29.—Tobacco active and higher; sales 218 hhds lugs to fair selections at 5¼a19½. Cotton dull at 29½. Superfine flour $8,75. Wheat scarce at $2,60a2,65. Corn—shelled in bulk at 89a90c. Oats 79a80c. Mess pork $28,50. Bacon—shoulders 14a14¼c, clear rib sides 17½c, clear sides 18¼. Lard—tierces 19c. Whisky—raw, free, $2,2).

Baltimore Market.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

BALTIMORE, April 29.—Flour firm but quiet. Wheat firm; Maryland, $3a3,15; Pennsylvania, $2,90. Corn heavy; white, $1,07a1,09; yellow, $1,20a1,21. Oats dull; western, 80a84. Rye firm at $2,25. Mess pork firm at $20a29,50. Bacon quiet and firm. Lard firm at 19¾a20c.

The Pittsburgh Gazette.

PROPOSING BY LETTER.

BY SHIRLEY BROWNE.

Eleven o'clock—at least so said the golden tide of sunshine, creeping over the velvety turf of the village green, and losing itself in the murmurous foliage of the big maple trees; and so said the little clock in Judge Cornell's law office on the Main street, speaking in a sharp, melodious chime.

Harry Grover glanced quietly up at the uncompromising little dial, as he entered the domain of "Coke upon Littleton."

"I'm late this morning," he muttered, hanging up his hat behind the door; "but, as good luck will have it, the Judge has not made his appearance yet!"

He was a straight, handsome young fellow, with curly brown hair, limped hazel eyes, and a healthy flush on his sunbrowned cheeks—a young man whom you instinctively felt you could trust, *a l' entrance*, as you looked into his frank, honest face. There was not many such; more's the pity!

"Whew—whew—whew!" whistled Mr. Harry Grover, turning over his pile of legal documents in a very immethodical sort of way. "Law and love were never meant to go together; of that I am certain. Pretty Ariel Browne's blue eyes are shining roguelsily out at me from every bit of parchment or printed blank I touch. How lovely she looked last night—and who would ever suppose that the old cat with the false curls and grinning porcelain teeth, could be her aunt? Rich, too, they say; a good match for some desperate fortune hunter, who is willing to swallow the bitter old pill for the sake of the gold coating. Let me see—talking about old Experience Browne, I believe I have a business letter to write to her about that piece of land by the schoolhouse corners that she wants me to buy. Not I! When I purchase land for a building spot, it won't be a desolate pasture, where rocks and mullen stocks fight together to see which shall possess the staunch soil. The old lady must take me for a very unsophisticated character indeed. I wonder, now, if blue-eyed Ariel will ever be a wrinkled catamaran clutching after bargains. Pooh! I should as soon think of a white plumed little dove being transformed into a greedy vulture?"

He leaned back in his chair, with both hands clasped on top of his curly head, and looked out abstractedly into the slushing village street, humming an old tune under his breath—a tune whose burden was "love, still love."

Plainly, Mr. Harry Grover was very little disposed for work that morning. And when, at twelve o'clock, Judge Cornell came in, there was but a hopeless chaos of papers on the table to represent his young partner's matutinal labors.

"Why, Grover, you haven't accomplished a thing this morning," said the old Judge, glancing keenly around through his antique silver bound spectacles. "I am afraid that the pretty girls at 'Squire Dockthorn's party last night were too much for your mental equilibrium."

"Well, you see, sir, I've been rather sorting the papers over," said Harry, a little sheepishly, "and I've written two letters this morning!"

"Two letters?"

"Yes, sir."

"May I ask to whom?"

"One was to old Miss Experience Browne, about that lot she wanted to sell me—a regular clipper, giving the old hag a piece of my mind—and the other——"

"The other——"

"Ahem—that wasn't exactly a business letter. Now, Judge, suppose you and I look over the papers together!"

The Judge smiled slyly; he had an idea as to what the other letter contained! Every one in town knew how hopelessly Mr. Harry Grover was in love with pretty Ariel Browne! Judge Cornell had been young himself not so very many years ago!

"It's just as well for the lad to marry and settle down," thought the old gentlemen, "and Ariel will certainly make as sweet a little wife as human moral could wish for!"

Harry needn't have been so mysterious, sealing and directing his two letters at the tall desk behind the office door.

Judge Cornell knew just as well what was in them as if he had read every word with his own eyes. But young people have a mistaken idea that old people don't know anything!

Miss Ariel Browne sat in her room, busy with a complicated piece of bright-colored web-work that ladies call "crochet," when Bridget tapped softly at the panels of the door.

"Please, Miss Ariel, a letter!"

"A letter! and for me! Dear me, Bridget, and who can it be from?"

"Faix, then, and its meself doesn't know, but Lawyer Grover's office boy brought it, and an impudent young spalpeen he is, for——"

But here Bridget became conscious that her young mistress was paying no attention to her, and withdrew into her department of the kitchen, there to nurse her griefs in solitude.

Ariel's cheek had turned as pink as the inside of a wild rose-bud, as she read the superscription of the letter, and her heart beat, perhaps a pulse or two faster than was its wont, but she broke open the missive with a resolute hand and read:

"My Dear Miss Browne: ["Rather cold beginning!" she pouted.] I must beg to decline all further negotiations with you. As you cannot for a momeat suppose I care to possess anything so utterly worn down and good for nothing, it is useless to waste either of our time in any more preliminaries.

"I will call this afternoon and return to you the papers you so unnecessarily took the trouble to send me.

"Yours, very truly, H. Grover.

Ariel threw down the note and burst into tears.

"The cold-hearted, presumptuous villain!" she sobbed. "Papers, indeed! I suppose he means the note I wrote him about the pic-nic. Oh, how foolish I have been, how absurd, and I am rightfully punished for my folly!"

But still Ariel wept on; when a girl of eighteen has built up a glittering castle in the air, whose foundations are laid in her own heart, she cannot see it dashed ruthlessly into ruins without a few natural tears!"

Meanwhile, Miss Experience Browne, *aetat* fifty well ripened autumns, was reading with no little astonishment, the letter which Bridget's enemy, the post-boy, had brought for her.

"U-pon my word!" exclaimed Miss Experience, slowly and emphatically. "The impertinent young fortune-hunting humbug! Does he suppose I'm a born fool, to swallow such a pack of sentimental flattery as this? 'Lovely eyes—dimples!' If he'd have said spectacles, he'd have been considerably nearer right. No you don't, my fine fellow—*no—you—don't!* Experience Browne hasn't lived fifty-five years in the world to fall into such a trap as this at last. 'He'll call this afternoon to receive the answer that is to decide the whole current of his future life,' will he? Well, let him call. I'll be ready for him, and I warrant me he won't be in a hurry to call again."

And Miss Experience chuckled to herself until all the false curls quivered, as she folded the letter neatly, and put it back into its hurriedly directed envelope.

"I never had an offer of marriage before," she thought, viewing her autmnal countenance in a pier-glass, and adjusting the little puffs of ribbon in her cap border, "and it *does* make one feel kind of queer! It's something to tell of anyway. Bethuar Jones needn't go to saying *now* that I was an old maid, because I had never had an offer! I just wonder what Ariel would say—I guess I won't tell her; she would only laugh at me!"

Miss Experience drew herself up as grimly as if her spinal column were a bar of iron, that afternoon; when Bridget announced:

"Mr. Grover, mem!"

"Show him in, Biddy—I am quite at leisure to receive him."

And our hero, entirely innocent of the impending storm that awaited him, walked into Miss Experience's awful presence, with a bundle of title deeds in his hand, tied with the official looking red tape of his profession.

"Good afternoon, Miss Experience!"

"Aint' you ashamed of yourself, Harry Grover?" ejaculated the spinster, in a deep, stern voice. "Get along with yourself, makin' love to an old woman mor'n twice as old as you be, just because she's got a little money! What do you take me for, hey? Don't stand starin there! Walk out of this room, quick, or I'll throw the big dictionary at your head! *No*, no, no! *Now* have you got your answer plain enough? I wouldn't marry you if there wasn't another man in the whole town!"

Harry Grover was a little appalled at this charge of horse and foot, but he stood his ground manfully, not even quailing at the big dictionary!

"But, Miss Browne—will you hear me a moment? I don't want you to marry me! What has put this strange fancy in your head?"

"You don't want to marry me? Then what the mischief does this letter mean, I'd like to know."

"May I look at it?"

Harry took the letter, and glanced at it—its contents threw a new light upon the unaccountable state of affairs.

"Good Cupid! what a blockhead—what unmitigated, inexcusable, incomparable donkey I have been! What could I have been thinking about?"

"Hey?" demanded the puzzled spinster.

"Excuse me, ma'am, but there has been a mistake—a——"

And without stopping to complete his fragmentary sentence, he rushed out of the room to the little bay-windowed parlor, where Ariel usually sat.

"Well, I never!" exclaimed Miss Experience, as the door banged unceremoniously in her face.

"Ariel! Miss Browne!"

But Ariel turned haughtily from the pleading eyes of her lover.

"Your letter is quite sufficient, sir; I need no further exponent of your meaning."

"Ariel—darling—there has been an absurd mistake; this is the letter that was intended for you. The other was written to your aunt on business, and by some unaccountable blunder, got into the wrong envelope! I have been a fool—a blockhead, but I love you, dearest, with all my heart! Ariel! you will not send me away!"

No—Ariel did not send him away, for the shy smiles and the rosy bloom were beginning to come back to her face as she read the real letter!

"But Harry!" she said, with a roguish dimple at the corner of her mouth, "you must confess that aunt Experience's note had rather an unpleasant style."

"I was a careless reprobate," said Harry, frankly, "but you see Judge Connell was watching me, and—"

And that was the end of all misunderstanding between Harry Grover and Ariel Browne, thenceforth, forevermore.

Miss Experience was rather disappointed in two things. She would like to have sold the school house "corner lot," and she would like to have said that *once*, in the course of her fifty-five years of life, she had had an offer of marriage.

"However," said Miss Experience, "Ariel is very happy, and may be things are best as they are?"

SPECIAL NOTICES.

BATCHELOR'S HAIR DYE.

This splendid Hair Dye is the best in the world; the only true and perfect Dye; harmless, reliable, instantaneous; no disappointment; no ridiculous tints; remedies the ill effects of bad dyes; invigorates and leaves the Hair soft and beautiful. *Black or brown.* Sold by all Druggists and Perfumers; and properly applied at Batchelor's Wig Factory, No. 16 Bond street, New York. ap28:y28

MARRIAGE AND CELIBACY.

—An Essay for Young Men on the Crime of Solitude, and the DISEASES and ABUSES which create impediments to MARRIAGE, with sure means of relief. Sent in sealed letter envelopes, free of charge. Address Dr. J. SKILLIN HOUGHTON, Howard Association, Philadelphia, Penn'a. ja30 m6TF

NINTH LIST OF APPLICATIONS TO SELL LIQUORS, filed in the Clerk's Office, for the months of March and April, 1868.

Pittsburgh.

Jane McDermott, eating house, 1st ward.
Julius Weiserl, eating house, 1st ward.
J. B. Cherry, other goods, 1st ward.
John Kennedy, tavern, 2d ward.
John Duffy, tavern, 3d ward.
Michael Celia, eating house, 3d ward.
Mary Joice, eating house, 3d ward.
Benj. Trimble, tavern, 4th ward.
Samuel Hare, tavern, 4th ward.
Mary Welch, eating house, 4th ward.
F. G. Kellerman, eating hous , 4th ward.
Abra. Greenwood, tavern, 5th ward.
E. D. Marker, tavern, 5th ward.
August Brockman, tavern, 6th ward.
Sarah Lavell, eating house, 7th ward.
Elias Kaufield & Co., other goods, 7th ward.
Jos. Byrnes & Jos. Armstrong, tavern, 8th ward.
Stephen Matutesta, tavern, 10th ward.
Chas. Durning, tavern, 10th ward.
Jere. Molyneaux, other goods, 10th ward.

Allegheny.

Gottlieb Fass, tavern, 1st ward.
J. Rosenkranz, other goods, 3d ward.
Jas. Cashbaugh, other goods, 6th ward.
Mich. Kutz, tavern, 8th ward.

Boroughs.

Gedekeh & Wood, other goods, Birmingham.
Shaum & Shemelfenig, tavern, McKeesport.
Fred. Arensburgh, eating house, McKeesport.
Cath. Garritz, eating house, Lower St. Clair.
Amelia Bretsch, other goods, West Pittsburgh.
Jacob Soffel, tavern, Mt. Washington.

Townships.

Mary Powers, tavern, Indiana.
John Brown, eating house, McClure.
Jos. Letzkus, tavern, Oakland.

The License Board will sit on WEDNESDAY, the 29th day of April, 1868, at 9 o'clock A. M. for hearing the above applications.

JOHN G. BROWN, Clerk.

SECURITY AND COMFORT FOR THE TRAVELING COMMUNITY.

J. B. HARRIS' SAFETY FIRE JACKET,

Car Heater and Moderator,

For SMOKE AND HOT AIR FLUES, dispensing with the use of Stoves and Fires in or about the Passenger or Baggage Cars, with the attachment to graduate the heat to any temperature that may be desired without the possibility of firing the car or cars to which the Jacket may be attached.

Having obtained of the United States Letters Patent for a Safety Jacket which is warranted to resist the most intense heat that may be applied to it in the position and purpose for which it is intended. It is a sure protection from accidents by fire, originating from defective flues, or where iron pipes are used as conductors for smoke or heat. It is applicable to all piping that may become overheated, and is warranted to give perfect satisfaction where wood or other combustible material may be placed in close proximity thereto. I am now ready to apply my invention to stores, dwellings, factories, ships, steamboats, railroad cars, &c., wherever pipes as conductors are made dangerous by being overheated and security desired. I will sell, on application, rights to manufacture or to use the above invention; also, territorial rights, to such as may wish to engage in selling privileges, either by State or county.

J. B. HARRIS.

Office at the "NE PLUS ULTRA PAINT WORKS," corner of Morris street and the Allegheny Valley Railroad, Ninth Ward, Pittsburgh, Pa. fe28:s40

POLITICAL.

CONGRESS—22d DISTRICT.

Gen. J. S. NEGLEY

Is a candidate for nomination before the Union Republican Convention. mh17:d&T

CONGRESS—22d DISTRICT.

THOMAS HOWARD, Esq.,

Is a candidate for nomination, by the Union Republican Congressional Convention. mh31:d&T

FOR DISTRICT ATTORNEY.

LEVI BIRD DUFF,

Subject to the decision of the Union Republican County Convention. ap17:o92-d&T

FOR DISTRICT ATTORNEY.

Gen. A. L. PEARSON,

Subject to the decision of the Union Republican County Convention. mh24:n24-d&T

FOR DISTRICT ATTORNEY.

WILLIAM C. MORELAND,

Subject to the decision of the Union Republican County Convention. mh27:n42:d&T

ASSISTANT DISTRICT ATTORNEY.

JOHN W. RIDDELL

Will be a candidate for Assistant District Attorney, subject to the decision of the Republican County Convention. ap16:d&T

ASSISTANT DISTRICT ATTORNEY.

J. B. FLACK,

Subject to the decision of the Union Republican County Convention. mh26:n42-d&T

COUNTY COMMISSIONER.

PHILIP HOERR,

Of Lower St. Clair township, (late of Co. B. 62d P. V.,) subject to the decision of the Union Republican County Convention. ap22:o85-d&T

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PHILADELPHIA.

ap10:o33-d&F

AN ORDINANCE to authorize the Grading and Paving of Ohio Avenue, Madison Avenue, Grant Avenue, Union Avenue, Middle Street, Juniata Street, Kilbuck Street, Lindsay Alley and Blair Alley.

SEC. 1. *Be it ordained and enacted by the Select and Common Councils of the City of Allegheny, and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same,* That the Committee on Streets be and they are hereby authorized and directed to invite and receive proposals for the Grading and Paving of OHIO AVENUE, from Grant Avenue to the Pittsburgh, Fort Wayne & Chicago Railroad; MADISON AVENUE, from the terminus of the present pavement at the old city line to the point of intersection of said Avenue with East street; GRANT AVENUE, from the Pittsburgh, Fort Wayne & Chicago Railroad to Lincoln Avenue; UNION AVENUE, from Ohio street to Church Avenue; MIDDLE STREET, from North Avenue to Knoll street; JUNIATA STREET, from Sedgwick street to Beaver Avenue; KILBUCK STREET, from east side of Craig street to west side of Corry street; LINDSAY ALLEY, in the Second ward; and BLAIR ALLEY, in the Second ward; and to contract therefor with the lowest and best bidder or bidders, at their discretion.

SEC. 2. That for the purpose of defraying the cost and expenses of the said improvements, there be and is hereby levied a special tax, to be equally assessed upon the several lots bounding and abutting upon the said avenues, streets, and alleys respectively, in proportion to the feet front in them respectively comprised, and bounding and abutting as aforesaid.

SEC. 3. That as soon as the cost and expenses of said improvements shall be fully ascertained, it shall be the duty of the Street Commissioner to assess and apportion the same among the several lots bounding and abutting upon said avenues, streets and alleys respectively, according to the rule above indicated, and thereupon proceed to make demand and collect the same, according to the provisions of the act of the General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, entitled "An Act defining the manner of collecting the expenses of grading and paving of the streets and alleys of the City of Allegheny, and for other purposes," passed the 30th of March, 1852.

SEC. 3. That so much of any ordinance as may conflict with or be supplied by the foregoing, be and the same is hereby repealed.

Ordained and enacted into a law this the 23d day of April, A. D. 1868.

JAMES McBRIER,
President of Select Council.
J. S. SLAGLE,
President of Common Council.

Attest:
D. MACFERRON, Clerk of Select Council.
R. DILWORTH, Clerk of Common Council. ap29

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FOR

HAM PACKERS,

AND

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H. WAGNER,
mh17:m37 PITTSBURGH.

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ap10:o35

NATIONAL INSURANCE CO.,

OF THE CITY OF ALLEGHENY.

Office, in ALLEGHENY TRUST COMPANY'S BUILDING.

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mh25:n34

WESTERN INSURANCE COMPANY OF PITTSBURGH.

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Office, 82 Water street, Spang & Co.'s Warehouse, up stairs, Pittsburgh.

Will insure against all kinds of Fire and Marine Risks. A home Institution, managed by Directors who are well known to the community, and who are determined by promptness and liberality to maintain the character which they have assumed, as offering the best protection to those who desire to be insured.

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PENNSYLVANIA

INSURANCE COMPANY OF PITTTSBURGH

OFFICE, 21 FIFTH STREET, BANK BLOCK.

This is a Home Company, and insures against loss by Fire exclusively.

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AGAINST LOSS BY FIRE.

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mh29:w15

ALLEGHENY INSURANCE COMPANY OF PITTSBURGH.

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Insures against all kinds of Fire and Marine Risks.

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COAL AND COKE.

BEST FAMILY COAL

ALWAYS ON HAND

And Delivered Promptly to Order,

AT LOWEST MARKET RATES, BY

OSCAR F. LAMM & CO.,

Corner Sandusky Street and P. Ft. W. & C. R. R.

ALLEGHENY CITY,

ANTHRACITE COAL FURNISHED AT THE LOWEST RATES. je6:

COAL! COAL!! COAL!!!

DICKSON, STEWART & CO.,

Having removed their Office to

NO. 567 LIBERTY STREET,

(Lately City Flour Mill) SECOND FLOOR.

Are now prepared to furnish good YOUGHIOGHENY LUMP, NUT COAL OR SLACK, at the lowest market price.

All orders left at their office, or addressed to them through the mail, will be attended to promptly. my25:b25

CHARLES H. ARMSTRONG,

DEALER IN

YOUGHIOGLENY AND CONNELLSVILLE COAL,

And Manufacturers of

COAL, SLACK AND DESULPHURIZED COKE.

Office and Yard—CORNER OF BUTLER AND MORTON STREETS. First yard on Liberty and Clymer streets, Ninth Ward, and on Second street, near Lock No. 1, Pittsburgh, Pa.

Families and Manufacturers supplied with the best article of Coal or Coke at the lowest cash rates.

Orders left at any of their offices will receive prompt attention.

ARMSTRONG & HUTCHINSON,
Successors to
PHILADELPHIA AND YOUGHIOGHENY COAL CO.,

MINERS, SHIPPERS AND DEALERS, BY RAILROAD AND RIVER, of superior Youghiogheny

GAS AND FAMILY COAL.

Office and Yard—FOOT OF TRY STREET, near the Gas Works.

SUPERIOR COAL.

C. CHERRY & CO.,

Miners and Shippers of PITTSBURGH GAS, TORGE and FAMILY COAL, NUT COAL and SLACK.

Coal delivered promptly to all parts of the cities at the lowest market rates.

Office and Yard—CORNER FOURTH AND WATSON (formerly Canal) STREETS, Pittsburgh.

P. O. BOH 1292. oc23:

FURNITURE.

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FURNITURE MANUFACTURERS,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL,

LEMON & WEISE,

NO. 118 FOURTH STREET.

Constantly on hand every variety of PARLOR and CHAMBER FURNITURE, together with a complete assortment of common Furniture at reduced prices.

Those in want of anything in our line are cordially invited to call before purchasing.

Work guaranteed.

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JOHN R. & A. MURDOCH,

Nurserymen, Florists and Seedsmen.

SEED STORE—112 SMITHFIELD STREET, opposite Post Office, Pittsburgh, Pa.

Greenhouses at Oakland. Nurseries on Squirrel Hill. mh9

AMUSEMENTS.

PITTSBURGH THEATRE.

FRED AIMS.....MANAGER.
GEO. H. BARTON.....STAGE MANAGER.

New attraction.

PUSS IN BOOTS.

And the GREAT VARIETY COMBINATION, until further notice. ☞ Grand Family "Puss in Boots" Matinee Saturday afternoon.

BURNELL'S

MUSEUM EXHIBITION,

Comprising WORKS OF ART and GREAT NATURAL LIVING CURIOSITIES,

AT FRANKLIN HALL,

Fifth street, opposite Pittsburgh Theatre.

Cards of Admission, 25 cents. Doors open from 8 o'clock A. M. to 10 P. M. ap8:o18

GRAND VOCAL AND INSTRUMENTAL CONCERT,

To be given in the MANCHESTER PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH, corner of Franklin and Market streets, Allegheny, (formerly Manchester,) for the benefit of the Church, on

THURSDAY EVENING, APRIL 30TH.

Under the auspices Mr. C. C. MELLOR, assisted by Mrs. LAURA MELLOR, Messrs. R. E. BREED, J. EBBERT and Prof. J. MANNING.

Tickets, 50 cents. For sale at C. C. Mellor's, 81 Wood street, Pittsburgh, at the principal stores in Manchester, and at the door. Doors open at 7—Concert to commence at ½ to 8 o'clock.

The Manchester Passenger Cars pass corner of Franklin and Market streets every 10 minutes. Concert over in time to take the cars for the cities. ap28:p34

THAYER & NOYES'

GREAT

CIRCUS AND MENAGERIE,

OF

TRAINED ANIMALS.

The management is enabled to present this season a style of

SPECTACULAR SPLENDOR

Never before consummated by tact or liberality.

A DISPLAY OF PAGEANTRY

Which, while developing the almost INEXHAUSTIBLE RESOURCES of the

"STANDARD SHOW,"

Sustains the reputation so honestly acquired and proudly maintained by Messrs. THAYER & NOYES. Don't fail to witness the

GRAND PROCESSION.

THE FETE OF VERSAILLES.

The Courtly Meeting of ROYALTY and POWER on the

FIELD OF THE CLOTH OF GOLD,

KING HENRY VIII. of England; FRANCIS I, of France. Poocessions of

KNIGHTS AND DAMES,

DAYS OF TILT AND TOURNEY.

THE CAR OF AURORA,

At a cost of $10,000. Representations of the people of all Nations—EUROPE, ASIA, AFRICA and AMERICA.

THE GENIUS OF LIBERTY,

A ROLLING MASS OF MAGNIFICENCE.

A LINE OF GORGEOUSNESS

ONE MILE LONG.

POWER SUBSERVIENT TO BEAUTY.

LION PROSTRATE AT WOMAN'S FEET.

A HUGE MONSTER,

Taken from its Den, mounted upon a Pedestal, and

Carried in Triumph Through the Streets.

Revival of a Taste for the Beautiful,

A PERIOD OF CHIVALRY, A MODERN PARADE,

Replete with Ancient Grandeur; Meeting of the Monarchs; the White and Black Knights attired in Suits of Real Armor; Ladies of the Court in Royal Robes.

THE ORIENTAL FEATURE,

THE ELEPHANT,

Bedecked in Eastern Trapping, and bearing on its back THE INFANT PRINCESS.

THE WILD BEAST DEN,

Thrown open to the public. Prof. WHITE and his GROUP OF LYONS—the largest and finest ever seen in any Menagerie.

☞For full particulars of this

QUADRUPLE COMBINATION

See the Pamphlets, Descriptive Bills, &c., of the Animals, Performers, &c.

☞Doors open at 1 and 7 P. M. Performance commences at 2 and 8 P. M.

WILL EXHIBIT IN

BIRMINGHAM,

On Thursday, April 30th, 1868.

ALLEGHENY CITY,

Friday and Saturday, May 1st and 2d.

PITTSBURGH, Red Lion Lot,

SIX DAYS ONLY.

Commencing MONDAY, May 4th.

OLIVER P. MYERS, Director Publication.

JAMES JAKWAY, Agent.

ap24:p6

GAS AND STEAM FITTING.

JOHN M. COOPER.....JOS. KAYE.....HENRY BIER.

JOHN M. COOPER & CO.,

BRASS FOUNDERS,

GAS AND STEAM FITTERS,

Manufacturers of PUMPS AND BRASS WORK, of every description; dealers in GAS FIXTURES AND TUBING, of all kinds.

Corner of Pike and Walnut Streets,

PITTSBURGH.

my15:z30

H. B. LYON,

Sealer of Weights and Measures,

No. 5 FOURTH STREET,

(Between Liberty and Ferry streets.

Orders promptly attended to. ap13:z2

INDIA RUBBER BELTING AND STEAM PACKING, wholesale and retail, at the India Rubber Depot, 26 and 28 St. Clair street. ap15 J. & H. PHILLIPS.

CITY AND SUBURBAN.

The Highway Robbery Case--Second "Trial"--One of the Accused Discharged --The Prosecutor Committed for Perjury.

We published a few days since an account of the alleged robbery of Labius B. Kelly, shoemaker, of Turtle Creek, by Thomas Devine, Ed. McGann and James Brightmore, hack-drivers, at a house of ill-fame on Miltenberger's alley, in this city, and also a report of the hearing before Alderman Owston, deputy Mayor, who discharged the accused. A second information having been made before Alderman Strain, another hearing or *trial* of the case took place yesterday. At the hour appointed the parties appeared, the "*trial*" proceeded, and the following evidence was adduced:

L. B. Kelly, the prosecutor, testified that he resided at Turtle Creek, and is a shoemaker. He had no acquaintance with the prisoners, except to know them by sight. On Thursday last he came to town, arriving here about ten o'clock P. M. He went to the Rush House, but could not get lodging. He started away, and McGann took him down Penn street to Canal. There the other two defendants and a German were sitting in a wagon. McGann told him to get into the wagon, and he would take him to a place where he could get lodging and breakfast. He got in, and they put the German out at the corner, and took the witness to a house of ill fame. There Devine demanded five dollars. The witness refused, and said he had not so much. Devine then left. McGann came up, and said he was going to have that money. The witness offered three dollars, and took out his pocket book, containing sixty dollars. McGann snatched all the money except forty-five cents from the pocket book, and then left immediately. Devine had been standing by and left also. Devine had driven the wagon. Brightmore had remained in the wagon, but had come to the door and told the others to come away and let the man alone. When witness went out, the men and wagon were gone. The affair occurred at between eleven and half past. On cross-examination the witness stated he came here in the morning, and went to Wilkinsburg to collect a bill. He returned here in the evening and took four drinks. He did not know where the house was that the men drove him to, and they did not stop at any other place. He did not tell officer Grover that he had paid those men three dollars, and that was all the money except a few cents. He denied, also, that he said at the Mayor's office that he had been robbed of only forty-five dollars. He stated that he lost two $20 bills in National currency, a $10 greenback, a five dollar bill, two one dollar bills and three dollars in scrip. He was certain he had the money when he entered the house. When McGann took the money he said nothing, for he thought it would be useless. He remained about fifteen minutes at the house after the men left, but said nothing to the persons there about the robbery. He got one twenty dollar bill from a railroad man at Turtle Creek. He saw an acquaintance at the Rush House after he returned, and told him of the robbery. He denied having said that he had paid to the driver all the money he had. There were two women in the room when he was robbed. There was no light in the room except from the fire in the grate.

N. M. Robling, an employé of the St. James Hotel, testified that on the night of the robbery he heard a noise outside, and on going out saw a German in a wagon with Devine. He asked Devine where he was going with the man, but received no answer. Followed the wagon to Canal street, and then saw Brightmore with Kelly approaching the wagon. The German got off the wagon at Penn street, and McGann, Brightmore and Devine got in, and drove down Penn street. Kelly did not seem to be drunk. Saw him afterwards at the Rush House and he seemed to have been drinking. He said he had been robbed, and witness counselled him to keep quiet, as he knew the parties he had been with. On cross-examination, witness stated that he thought McGann was in the wagon when Kelly and Brightmore got in.

Joseph Kolback, a resident of Allegheny, testified that he was in the wagon on the night mentioned, and Kelly got in when he got out. McGann and Devine were in the wagon. He thought Kelly and the others a little drunk.

This closed the testimony for the prosecution.

For the defense officer Roger O'Mara testified that on the night in question he saw Kelly at the Rush House, and heard him say that he had been overcharged by the defendants, but heard nothing whatever of having been robbed. There were several parties talking to him, and witness said but little to him. Witness did not know whether Kelly knew that he was an officer or not. Brightmore was in the crowd, but whether Kelly saw him or not witness could not say.

Officer Daniel Grover testified that he is an officer stationed at the Rush House; heard defendant complaining of being overcharged; asked him what was the matter, and was told that the three men had charged him three dollars, which was all the money he had, except eighteen cents. Did not get the impression that he had been robbed. Did not hear Kelly tell Mr. Robling he had been robbed.

Lieutenant Seth Wilmot testified that on the morning of the 24th he saw Kelly at the Mayor's office. He said he had been robbed of $45. Then he said he had been robbed of $55. Finally he said $65 had been stolen from him. Witness thought Kelly was intoxicated.

James Archibald testified that he saw Kelly in the Rush House, on the morning in question, and he complained of extortion by the defendants.

Mrs. Fanny Splane testified that Kelly was brought to her house on the night mentioned, and McGann and Devine were with him, all being under the influence of liquor. Witness saw Kelly pay some money to McGann, but did not know how much. After the men had gone, Kelly said he was afraid to go out, and staid a little while; said he had no money, but a check for $150 or $200. Did not say anything about being robbed. Had been sitting in such a position that she could see what took place between Kelly and McGann.

Mary Kauffman was sworn and corroborated the testimony of Mrs. Splane.

Jas. Martin testified in effect as officers O'Mara and Grover had done.

No further testimony was adduced.

At the request of the prosecuting counsel Brightmore was discharged, and Devine and McGann were held for a further hearing on Saturday afternoon at three o'clock.

After the hearing James Brightmore, one of the defendants, made information charging L. B. Kelly with perjury. The case was held over for a hearing.

It will be observed by the evidence of the prosecutor that he not only testifies to the fact that he was robbed, but also identified the man who committed the robbery, and his accomplices. His statement corresponds precisely with that made under oath before deputy Mayor Owston. In several important points he is fully corroborated by N. M. Robling, who swears that he saw Kelly get into the wagon with the accused, and that he next saw him at the Rush House, where he heard him say he had been robbed. He is also corroborated in part by the testimony of Joseph Kolback, who swears that he (Kolback) was in the wagon, and saw Kelly get in, after which he got (Kolback) out.

The testimony on the part of the defence is, to make the most of it, merely of a negative character, and of that kind, which, if admitted at all, should be considered by a jury, on the trial of the case. There is, however, not a single fact proven by the defendants which does not in some point, material or immaterial, corroborate the testimony of the prosecutor. The only fact established by the testimony of O'Mara is that Kelly was at the Rush House after the robbery is said to have been committed, and this Kelly himself states. The testimony of Grover and Archibald establishes nothing more. The testimony of officer Wilmot does not establish any fact, as it is merely a statement of a conversation had with the witness. Fanny Splane, occupant of the house where Kelly was taken, corroborates his statement in several important points and does not contradict him in anything material. She says that Kelly came to her house with Devine and McGann, that he was left there by them and remained some time, stating that he was afraid to go out, to all of which Kelly testified.

We have, perhaps, *argued* the case. But since the Alderman has seen proper to *try* it, we may be allowed the privilege of going outside of our strict duty and to assume the *role* of counsel, in justification of remarks heretofore made about the case.

We seriously doubt the propriety of the arrest of Kelly on a charge of perjury before the larceny case has been decided. It is alleged, however, that the case is decided so far as Brightmore, the prosecutor in the perjury case, is concerned, he having been discharged.

The prosecutor is not, in a case of the character in hand, responsible for the names of parties included in an information. He states the facts to the magistrate, who is supposed to have sufficient knowledge of the law to know what names to insert and what charge to make, having the facts. The prosecutor swears to the facts above and nothing more. And in this case, if there is probable grounds for supposing two of the parties guilty, the facts would, it seems to us, justify the including of the third party as an accomplice.

Real Estate Transfers.

The following deeds were filed of record, before H. Snively, Esq., Recorder, April 28th, 1868:

Charles Klein to Frederick Klein, April 14th, 1868; the undivided one-half part of a lot in the borough of East Birmingham, on the north side of Josephine street, 40 by 120 feet, buildings, &c., ... $200

John F. Kirkpatrick to Miss Alice Poskett, June 14th, 1867; lot numbered 5 in Rose Irwin's plan in Pitt township, on the south side of Centre avenue, 21 by 100 feet, buildings, &c..... $3,200

T. S. Grey to Henry Hurbert, January 2d, 1868; tract in Moon township, at the junction of the Sharon and Moontown roads, containing eight acres, three roods and sixteen perches..... $242 50

James E. Mellon to Thomas Ramsdon, April 6th, 1868; lots numbered 44 and 45 in Mellon's plan in Collins township, on Hiland avenue, each 25 by 124 feet..... $80

Peter Crehan's executor to Mrs. Caroline S. McFarland, April 1st, 1868; tract in Noblestown, containing 9-24 perches..... $1,050

Sherriff Cluley to Nicholas Jacoby, January 27, 1868; lots numbered 11 and 13 in plan called East Liberty Bauverein, in the district of East Liberty, formerly Collins township, on the corner of Liberty and Joseph streets, 40 by 100..... $70

John R. Stevenson to Matthew Day, April, 24, 1868; lots numbered 59 and 60 in Irwin's plan in Allegheny City, on Central street, 50 by 100 feet with buildings..... $7,000

John Little to Elizabeth Allen, June 13, 1863; lots numbered 1 and 2 in Samuel Wright's plan, in Seventh ward, Pittsburgh, on the corner of Linton street and Duncan, buildings, &c..... $1,100

Wm. E. Schmertz et all., to Edward T. Devlin, April 15, 1868; lots numbered 3 and 5, inclusive, in Schmertz's plan in Oakland township, on Charles street..... $32,000

Leonard Walter to Thomas Burger, May 28, 1868; lot in the Fourth Ward, Allegheny City, at the corner of Canal street, and an alley, 20 by 50 feet, buildings..... $2,250

Mathew Hedgson to Ralph Ord, April 2, 1867; tract in Mifflin township, on the State Road, containing one acre and ninety-two perches..... $50

John Goodrich to James M'Cs. Beam, April 1, 1868; tract in Jefferson township..... $7,350

John Hood to Joseph Cidge, April 6, 1868; lot in Fifth ward, Allegheny city, late borough of Manchester, south side of Sheffield street, 40 by 124 feet..... $1,000

Wm. Jancey to Patrick Griffin, September 24, 1867; lot in Liberty township..... $200

John A. Barker et al. to W. P. Price, October 31, 1867; lot in Allegheny city, on the east side of Pasture Lane, corner of Carroll street, 20 by 100 feet..... $900

Andrew J. Woolslayer to the Pennsylvania Railroad Company, April 22, 1868; tract in Collins township, being the southeast corner of Station street, on the line of the Pennsylvania Railroad, containing 2 acres and 7.753 perches; also tract in same township on the south side of Pensylvania Railroad, near Station street, containing 4 acres and 102.53 perches..... $8,700

Jacob L. Negley to James Joyce; April 4, 1868; tract in Collins township, containing 6 acres, buildings, &c..... $1,000

Bernard McGinnis to Henry Eberg; November 21, 1867; lot numbered 36, in Miltenberger's plan of lots, in the Eighth ward, Pittsburgh, having a front on Forbes street, of 24 feet and extending in depth 120 feet, buildings, &c..... $1,000

The Culver Trial Continued.

In the Court of Quarter Sessions of Venango county, on Tuesday, the case of C. V. Culver and James S. Austin, indicted for conspiracy to defraud and embezzlement of fifty thousand dollars worth of stock (on special deposit) of the Tradesmen's National Bank of Pittsburgh, on oath of Dr. A. G. Egbert, was called up. There appeared for the prosecution Messrs. S. A. Purviance, F. D. Kinnear and S. Griffith; for the defendants, Messrs. Archibald Blakely, J. D. Hancock, W. L. Corbett and J. K. Kerr.

On motion of defendants' counsel the case was postponed till August term, owing to the non-attendance of an important witness, and to the failure to procure by regular subpœna the books of the Petroleum Bank, in the possession of the receiver of that institution, F. W. Aims, Esq.

We had a reporter on hand to fully report the proceedings, but the continuance disappointed our expectations. The case is a very important one, and when it comes up we promise a faithful report to our readers. The prosecution urgently pressed for trial at the present term, but the defense appeared timid to venture on the evidence they had at hand.

A Grumbler.

Some grumbler, signing himself "Charity," has addressed a note to his Honor, the Mayor, relative to the manner in which the "Managers of the Methodist Graveyard, on Bedford street, are having the remains of those buried there removed and reinterred." He says "the workmen dig a trench, and then collect the bones by the basketful and then throw them into the trench promiscuously. The boxes containing the remains of those recently buried are likewise tumbled into the ditch in the same manner." He further states that the work of removing the bodies should be postponed until cold weather, as the stench already rising from the graveyard is "unbearable." The Mayor would attend to the matter immediately if he thought there was any truth in the statement, but as the writer of the note was ashamed to put his name to it, he is inclined to pay no attention to it. He is right.

Furniture at Auction.

A large and splendid stock of furniture, both new and second-hand, will be disposed of to-day by Messrs. Smithson, Vanhook & McClelland, at the Masonic Hall Auction Rooms, No. 55 and 57 Fifth street. The stock embraces bureaus, wardrobes, washstands, tables, bedsteads of every description, and in fact almost every article of furniture requisite. The sale of furniture commences at ten o'clock and continues till eleven, at which time a large and complete stock of groceries will be sold. At two o'clock a large lot of elegant carpets will be sold without reserve, after which three good pianos will be disposed of. Persons desiring a good investment at low price, will do well to attend this sale.

Pocket Picked.—Mr. David Keesports, of Logansport, Indiana, had his pocket picked at Union Depot, yesterday, between two and three o'clock, of a pocket book containing fifty dollars in greenbacks and a draft on an Eastern bank for three hundred dollars. Mr. K. had been to Lancaster, Pa., and was on his way home when he was robbed. He thinks it was done while getting aboard the train for the West.

Assault and Battery.—Catharine Gilchrist made information, before Justice Ammon, charging James Harvey with assault and battery. She alleges that the accused beat and abused her child. The parties reside at the American Iron Works. A warrant was issued for his arrest.

Surety of the Peace.—Eliza Bradley, of Hatfield, fears that her neighbor Ellen Aiken will do her some bodily harm, and made information before Alderman Irwin, of Lawrenceville, for surety of the peace. A warrant was issued for her arrest.

THE COURTS.

United States District Court—Judge McCandless.

In the bankruptcy branch, Messrs. McElroy, Dickson & Co., of this city, filed a petition against J. D. and J. O. Vogan, doing business as Vogan & Bro., at Anandale, Butler county, asking that they be adjudged bankrupts. The petitioning creditors allege that the Messrs. Vogan are indebted to them in the sum of $304.40, and that, with the intent to delay, hinder and defraud them and other creditors, they have disposed of their store and goods valued at $5,000, to Harlen Rook, Anandale, together with their book accounts, etc. It is also alleged that J. D. Vogan, one of the firm, has left the State, for the purpose of defrauding the creditors of the firm. Other acts of bankruptcy within the meaning of the law are alleged, and the petitioners therefore asked that the debtors be declared bankrupts. A rule was granted on the Messrs. Vogan, directing them to show cause why the prayer should not be granted. The rule was made returnable on the 9th day of May.

Final discharges were granted and certificates awarded to Orman Osborn, of Warren county, Charles R. Brown, of Erie county, Hugh A. Jones, Allegheny county, Jay F. Kusball, Erie county, William B. Midaugh, Tioga county, William H. Baker and Lewis W. Jones, of Waynesburg, Greene county

Petitions for final discharge were filed by Amos Joliff, of Uniontown, John P. Cooper, Luzerne county, and W. H. Vahn, of Susquehanna county.

Petitions for adjudication were filed by Jacob Dundore, of Union county, and Nathan O. Hinchman, of Westmoreland county.

In the case of L. D. Taylor & Co., bankrupts, a special order was made by the Court, on petition being presented, directing the assignee to sell either at public or private sale the whole or any part of the outstanding debts due the bankrupts, after advertising the same in a Tioga county newspaper, and by hand bills posted in Blossburg, same county.

In the case of Ellis Morris, on motion of G. S. Berry, Esq., counsel for creditors, special commissioners were appointed in New York, Philadelphia and Boston, to take testimony.

Court of Common Pleas—Judge Sterrett.

In the case of Charles vs. Humphreys, the jury found for the plaintiff in the sum of $261 02.

Fort Pitt Coal Company vs. Shaffer & Obey. Action on book account. Verdict in favor of plaintiff for the sum of $263 20.

Mary Ann Carpenter vs. Jacob Schmidt. Action for slander. Jury out.

Body Found—Coroner's Inquest.

Between seven and eight o'clock yesterday morning, the body of a man was found floating in the Monongahela river, opposite the foot of Penn street, by Mr. William Hoffman, who was crossing the river in a skiff. The body was identified as that of Martin Connor, a laborer, who fell overboard from the steamboat J. N. McCullough, then lying at the Monongahela wharf, immediately below the Suspension bridge, on the 3d inst. The deceased at the time of the accident was sitting on the stern of the boat. He fell between the steamer and the wharf boat, and it is supposed he was immediately swept under the latter. The body was towed to shore and Coroner Clawson notified, who held an inquest upon it, when the jury returned a verdict of "accidental death by drowning." The deceased was aged about twenty-two years, was unmarried, and boarded at No. 105 Water street. His father resides on the line of the Panhandle Railroad, near Steubenville, and he has been informed by telegraph of the recovery of the body, which will be taken home for interment.

Safe Keeping.

John Grace, a young man recently from New York, made information before Alderman M'Masters, yesterday, charging Mrs. Lee, of Allegheny, with larceny by bailee. He alleges that when he arrived in the city he made the acquaintance of the accused and boarded with her for some time. He, by her advice, went to Seymour & Bros. to learn house painting, and as his work was on this side of the river, he concluded to change his boarding house. He paid his board, and got everything belonging to him about the house except a gold ring, valued at six dollars, formerly the property of his mother, which Mrs. Lee had taken charge of for "safe keeping." He asked for the ring, but she declined to give it up, hence the information. A warrant was issued.

The Haymakers in Costume.

The beautiful cantata of the "Haymakers," which was produced at the Academy of Music some time since, and which was so highly applauded by all who had the good fortune to be present, will be reproduced Saturday afternoon at the same place and by the same artists. It will doubtless be well attended, as the high musical reputation of those having it in charge is sufficient to recommend the entertainment to all. We know that it was a complete success before, and have no hesitancy in predicting a still greater success for it this time.

Sharp Practice.

David Bovail a Section Boss for the Pittsburgh & Connellsville Railway company, made information before the Mayor yesterday, charging David Mullaney with obtaining money under false pretense. It appears that the accused was working on the road under the prosecutor, and that he yesterday went to the Treasurer's office and drew his money, $25, after which he prepared an order on the boss for the same amount, which was cashed when presented. A warrant was issued, but the "sharper" had left the city on the train befofe the officer reached the depot.

Determined Lover.—George A. Harvey made information before Alderman Taylor, yesterday, against Daniel Haney and Michael Brennon for surety of the peace. Harvey, it appears, eloped with Haney's sister, for whom it is stated Brennon has a "weakness." The "big brother" and the disappointed lover, hearing of the elopement, started in pursuit and succeeded in overtaking the fleeing pair, when it is alleged they threatened to do bodily harm to the deponent. They were arrested and held for a hearing.

A Modern Don Juan.—Catharine Wentling, a young widow, made information before Ald. McMasters, Tuesday, charging Stephen Belinge with *fornix et cet.* He was arrested and after a hearing committed to jail, but having procured the required bail was released yesterday evening. It transpired during the hearing that there are five others, victims to his seducive arts, who will prosecute. He was about to leave the city, when the widow, hearing of his intention, caused him to delay his departure for a few days.

A Wife Beater.—William Shields, a resident of "Barefoot Square," First ward, Allegheny, was arrested yesterday by officer Stewart for beating and abusing his wife and family. He was taken to the lock-up, and an information for assault and battery will be made against him this morning.

Beat a Child.—William Downey was charged on oath of Nicholas Bishop of Pitt township with assault and battery. It is alleged that the accused beat and abused a child of the prosecutor. Alderman Irwin, before whom the information was made, issued a warrant for the arrest of Downey.

The Soldiers' Monument.

The disapproval of the action of the Executive Committee of the Allegheny County Soldiers' Monumental Association, in selecting a lot in the Cemetery on which to erect the monument, has been so generally expressed that it is hardly probable they will now insist upon placing it there. It is not fair to presume that a Committee of ladies and gentlemen composed of such high toned moral persons as constitute this Executive Committee will allow either a feeling of petty sectional jealousy or self-interest to have so strong an influence on their actions as to lead them to do that which has been so generally objected to and condemned by the public. We are not disposed to believe them so headstrong and self-willed as to act not only independent of public opinion, but in direct opposition to an almost universal expression of it. We have not heard a single person outside of the Committee express an opinion favorable to the erection of the monument in the Cemetery, and we think there is not a man or woman in the county, not interested in the Cemetery either directly or indirectly, who would express such an opinion. We would regret to have this Committee do that which would detract from the well merited praise received during the progress of the fair, for the energetic and faithful efforts displayed to secure the means with which to erect the monument. We hope they will consider the matter carefully, and at an early day reconsider the action which is so evidently dissatisfactory to the people whose money they are about to expend. A number of sites have been proposed, any one of which is preferable to the one selected, and as we have no feeling in the matter, other than our opposition to the Cemetery, we favor no particular location.

District Attorneyship.

PITTSBURGH, April 29, 1868.

EDITORS GAZETTE—In the selection of a District Attorney, great care should be exercised. The office is one of great public importance, and the man chosen to fill it should not only be learned in the law but should also be affable, attentive to business, and calculated to inspire public confidence. Permit us, therefore, to suggest through your columns the name of Col. Thomas M. Bayne as a candidate for this office. He unites in himself all the qualifications required. He has served his country in the field; he is a lawyer of experience, and all who might have business with him would be treated courteously and their business promptly attended to. With all deference to the claims and qualifications of the candidates already before the public, his friends claim for him that he is in no way inferior to any of them.

MANY MEMBERS OF THE BAR.

The Headquarters.

For first-class artificial teeth, artificial human eyes, nose or pallate, is at Dr. Spencer's steam dental establishment, No. 254 Penn street. One hundred sets of teeth are manufactured every week per express order at this establishment. Ten first-class assistants always in attendance. Also two experienced young ladies to receive and assist in waiting on ladies and children.

N. B. Dr. S. is the originator of Laughing Gas or Nitro Oxide is Pittsburgh, and will give a reward of $50 if he fails to extract the most difficult tooth without pain. 254 Penn street is the number.

Burnett's Florimel closely resembles the odor of a rare and *delicate* bouquet of flowers, and in this respect stands unrivalled. A few drops will leave its peculiar and delightful fragrance upon the handkerchief for many hours.

BURNETT'S COLOGNE is equal to the best imported. It is put up in a neat and elegant style, and wins for itself a favorite place on the dressing table. Its intrinsic merits really justify the high reputation in which it is held.—*Providence Journal.*

TTS:F

Stands Before the World Without a Rival.—The Weed Sewing Machine is acknowledged to be the best by all who have seen it and tried it. The Weed does not take fits or spells when you want it to sew. Call and see it at the Agent's, Mr. R. H. Long, No. 112 Grant street, and be suited in terms and prices.

To Milliners, Country Merchants, &c.

A full stock of Millinery Goods,
Sundowns,
Bonnets,
Hats, Flowers, &c.
Domestics,
Dress Goods,
Cassimeres,
Jeans,
Hosiery, Notions, &c.,
At the lowest market prices,
Wholesale and Retail,
At Wm. Semple's, 180 and 182 Federal street, Allegheny.

Ladies' Cotton Hose, 12½ per pair.

Children's Cotton Hose, white and fancy, 12½c, per pair.
Ladies' Gloves, 12½c
Children's Gloves, 12½c.
At Barker's.

Large Auction Sale of Boots and Shoes. An extraordinary large sale of boots, shoes and gaiters of all kinds will take place at A. Leggate's Auction House, 159 Federal street, Allegheny, on Friday afternoon (to-morrow) at two o'clock. Buyers will unquestionably find it advantageous to attend.

New Balmoral Skirts
At Barker's.

Everybody will acknowledge that Holtzheimer's Continental Dining Rooms, Fifth street, next door to the Post Office, are marvelously well kept, and that no where in the city can a cleaner or better meal, or repast be obtained at such reasonable prices.

Parasols, all kinds, cheap
At Barker's

1,000 Yards Carpets at auction this day at two o'clock, at A. Leggate's Auction House, 159 Federal street, Allegheny.

Sunshades, newest styles
At Barker's.

IT IS ALLOWED to but few men to survive such a mass of obituary comments, and all cast in high phrases of admiration, as Dr. Livingstone has outlived. He will be the real *redivivus* of our century. The very jaws of the grave could not release one whose returned presence would furnish greater surprise and more general satisfaction. His will have been the only living eyes in the head of a white man that have surveyed the lands and the inhabitants of the heart of unknown Africa. His the only face that has been bronzed by the fierce suns of that vague and vast tropical interior. The Geographical Societies will want almost to devour him, in order to possess themselves bodily of the treasury of his rare knowledge. The ethnologists will feel like pulling him limb from limb. Royalty will make haste to do him honor, whose own highest proof of Royalty is to be found in his intelligent courage and undying fortitude. His return, which may now be looked for in England as not very far off, will create a social and scientific stir to which the Parliamentary debates will be as nothing in comparison. And all this, not simply because an individual has succeeded in safely crossing the wilds of Africa, but because a larger knowledge of that enigmatical continent has stretched and informed the thought of every man who aims seriously to grasp and realize all the possible conditions of the human race.—*Boston Post.*

Extravagance in Men.

(From the London Review.)

There are lots of young men with whom the spending of money is a positive disease. They constantly demonstrate the truth of the familliar proverb. There is a sort of fatal profusion in their habits. Women are accused very unfairly of being over extravagant. As a rule, men are far more so; and the account against them is principally due to those who fritter everything they gain or sell in numberless and nameless trifles. A woman has a natural title to being well clad—to being, indeed, clad so as to make the most of her appearance. She has a sense for jewelry. To deny her ornaments is to stifle a genuine, and reasonable instinct. But a man who parts with a considerable portion of his income in order to comply with every freak of his tailor, and who really seems to have only used his brains upon the patterns of neckties, is one of the most pitiable creetures alive. A gentleman ought to be correctly and neatly dressed. There is something revolting, as well as startling, in the style in which the unfortunate London cad turns out to air himself on the tops of omnibuses and on the penny steamboats on Sunday. Still, the extremes meet. The cad is not, in all probability, a greater jackass than the person he mimics. He is also extravagant in his own miserable way. He has given more than he can afford for his flaring scarf with its horrible brass pin, his embroidered shirt front, and all the rest of his vile pharaphernalia. Extravagance is not confined to a class. Some working men spend proportionately as much in beer houses and music halls as those above them do in Clubs and at the opera or theatre.

Aerodomes.

This is the name given to a new class of houses to be erected in Paris with the approval of the Emperor. The streets are to be widened, and the houses are to be made very high. They will be not less than ten stories high, access to the upper ones being afforded by lifts. Iron is to constitute the framework of these vast edifices, which are to rise to altitudes of from one hundred to a hundred and twenty feet. At the fifth story there will be a terrace ten feet broad, which forms a sort of base for the "aerodome" above, and the rooms on this terrace can be occupied for stores, as is the story next the ground. The other parts of the aerodomes may communicate with each other by means of bridges thrown across from terrace to terrace, and in this way there would be two towns, one above the other; a large amount of traffic will be carried on without descending into the streets at all, provisions, fuel, &c., being obtained by means of the lifts. Each aerodome may be inhabited by one thousand people and more, all enjoying commodious apartments, a pure atmosphere, and abundance of light, while the streets below will be wide and airy.

WHATEVER may be the result of the Southern elections, the Southern States have for the first time been treated to the novelty of a free, untrammeled political discussion. No restraints have been placed upon the politicians or newspapers so far as the support of their party and candidates have been concerned. They have written and said what seemed best to them from Florida to Arkansas, without fear of Government restraint or popular violence. Mob law, which, in former years, silenced opposition and controlled elections, has been done away with, and the press and the people now express their opinions with impunity, and free discussion prevails. If the Southern whites are now suffering from wrongs, this very freedom of thought and speech will sooner or later right them, and will at the same time insure protection for the liberated bondmen. Free thought, free speech, and a free press, will always secure individual freedom.

CALIFORNIA is rapidly filling up with immigrants from the Atlantic States. The exceedingly low fares, caused by the competition of the rival lines of steamers to California, it is said, are flooding San Francisco with more people than can find employment, and the newspapers of that city are beginning to complain of the rapidly increasing surplus of population. They say trade is dull, wages low and provisions high, and that persons of limited means, who are able to raise money to get out there, find themselves unable to get back. They deny also that San Francisco is any longer a "new country," in the sense of needing fresh immigration.

THE Fremont (Iowa) *Times* says: The grasshoppers have hatched out thicker than ever. The ground froze solid last winter with no snow, but they hatched. The prairies were burned over, but they warmed themselves by the fire, and came out healthy. It rained and they looked refreshed. Wednesday night we had a snow storm that would have killed any common critter, and Thursday morning we saw the little cusses pelting each other with snow balls. Like Daniel Webster, they 'aint dead yet.

THE NATIONAL BOARD OF TRADE.—Arrangements have now been perfected for the meeting of the National Board of Trade, and Philadelphia has been selected as the place, and the 3d of June the time for the meeting. A number of Philadelphia gentlemen have been appointed to receive the delegations, and in the name of the Philadelphia Board of Trade, and the merchants, manufacturers and citizens, to extend to them a becoming hospitality.

PRESIDENT LORD, of the Indianapolis, Cincinnati and Lafayette Railway, has concluded a negotiation, a combination, by which the control and direct property interest in the North end of the Louisville, New Albany and Chicago Railway—that part of the road between La Fayette and Michigan City—passes into his hands. This will give the Baltimore and Ohio Railway a connection with Chicago, *via* Marietta, Cincinnati and La Fayette.

THE Manitowoc (Wis.) *Tribune*, of April 16th, comes to its readers with its local columns in mourning for thirty-one of its citizens, who perished on the fatal morning of the 9th of April. Among the list are the names of some of its most prominent old residents.

THE Chicago *Railroad Gazette* says that a special train on the Illinois Central Railroad, a few days ago, made the trip through from Cairo to Chicago in ten hours and ten minutes, including all stoppages.

—Col. Tabor Naphegyi, a Hungarian author, has been arrested at New York on a charge of swindling the firm of Powell, Groes & Co. to the amount of $50,000, through a forged letter from Reverdy Johnson. Naphegyi was formerly an agent of Santa Anna. He was held to bail in $10,000.

—The chair factory of Peterson & Robinson, Cincinnati, was destroyed by fire Wednesday morning. The fire communicated to several adjacent dwellings, which were speedily destroyed. The total loss will amount to twenty-eight thousand dollars. Insurance, eight thousand dollars.

—The total of the receipts from nearly all the collection districts in the United States proves the revenue for the last five months to be at the rate of one hundred and twenty million of dollars per year, or thirty million less than the estimate made by Special Commissioner Wells.

—It is stated that the Congressional Democratic Executive Committee unanimously passed resolutions requesting the Democratic National Committee to reconsider their previous action and issue a call for a Presidential Nominating Convention, to meet in New York early in June. It is probable a Congressional caucus of all the Democratic members will shortly be called for the purpose of making the same request. A meeting of soldiers held at the Fifth Avenue Hotel, New York, agreed upon supporting General Hancock as a candidate for the Presidency, and urging the calling of a Democratic Soldiers and Sailors National Convention.

Buffalo Market.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

BUFFALO, April 29.—Receipts — Wheat, 63,000 bushels; Corn, 1,110.000 bushels; Flour, 5,000 barrels. Flour, spring in good demand; sales of 725 barrels of city ground at $10,50. Wheat dull, small lots of No. 1 Milwaukee Club sold at $2.40. Corn dull; sales of one car load of new western at 95c, store generally held higher; sales of 6.000 bushels of new Toledo and western in lots at 97a$1,00. Oats dull, small sales at 76c in store for western. Barley dull; sales of one car of state at $2.25. Pork firmer and held at $29,00 for heavy. Lard firm and asking 19c. Canal freights are about 13c on corn, and 16c on wheat, these will be the opening rates.

New Orleans Market.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

NEW ORLEANS, April 29,—Cotton quiet and lower, middlings 32c; sales of 1,100 bales, receipts 147 bales; exports 5,307 bales. Sterling 151½a154, New York Sight Exchange ½ premium. Gold 140¼. Flour dull, superfine $9,25. Corn firm at $1,02a1,05. Oats firm at 75a77c. Hay firm and unchanged. Pork firm at $29,50. Bacon firm, shoulders 14¼c, rib sides 17¾a19c, clear 19c. Lard firm and scarce, tierce 19c, keg 19½c.

Detroit Market.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

DETROIT, April 29.—Flour less active, at $13@13,50 for good to choice; superior to very choice $13,75. Wheat—market weaker with more sellers than buyers at $3 for No. 1 white; light sales at that figure.

San Francisco Mrrket.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

SAN FRANCISCO, April 29.—Flour nominal; extra, $7,75; superfine, $7. Wheat, $2,40a2,50, for ordinary to choice. Legal Tenders, 72.

MARRIED:

EVANS—HUNT.—On Sunday, April 26th, at the Olive Branch Regular Baptist Church, by Rev. C. L. Vance, Lieut. JOSEPH L. EVANS, of Pittsburgh, and Miss LIZZIE HUNT, of Rostraver, Westmoreland county, Pa.

DIED:

STOCKTON.—On Tuesday evening, April 28th, at 9 o'clock, R. C. STOCKTON, in the 65th year of his age.

The funeral will proceed from the residence of W. P. Weyman, Esq., No. 31 Sixth street, THIS AFTERNOON, 30th inst., at 2½ o'clock. His friends are respectfully invited to attend.

MOORE.—On the 19th of November, 1867, near New Orleans, ROBERT C. MOORE, formerly of Donaldville, La.

His remains will arrive on the Steamer St. Charles, THIS (Thursday,) MORNING, and proceed immediately to the family burying ground in Mt. Union Cemetery.

REA.—At his residence in Hollidaysburg, Blair county, Pa., on Tuesday, April 28th, Mr. JAMES D. REA, after a short illness.

UNDERTAKERS.

ALEX. AIKEN, UNDERTAKER, No. 166 FOURTH STREET, Pittsburgh, Pa. COFFINS of all kinds, CRAPES, GLOVES, and every description of Funeral Furnishing Goods furnished. Rooms open day and night. Hearse and Carriages furnished.

REFERENCES—Rev. David Kerr, D. D., Rev. M. W. Jacobus, D. D., Thomas Ewing, Esq., Jacob H. Miller, Esq.

CHARLES & PEEBLES, UNDERTAKERS AND LIVERY STABLES, corner of SANDUSKY STREET AND CHURCH AVENUE, Allegheny City, where their COFFIN ROOMS are constantly supplied with real and imitation Rosewood, Mahogany and Walnut Coffins, at prices varying from $4 to $100. Bodies prepared for interment. Hearses and Carriages furnished; also, all kinds of Mourning Goods, if required. Office open at all hours, day and night.

ROBERT T. RODNEY, UNDERTAKER AND EMBALMER, No. 45 OHIO STREET, Allegheny, and No. 80 DIAMOND SQUARE, (by John Wilson & Bros.,) keeps always on hands the best Metal, Rosewood, Walnut and imitation Rosewood Coffins. Walnut Coffins from $25 upwards. Rosewood Coffins $20 upwards, all other Coffins in proportion. Carriages and Hearses furnished at low rates. Crape, Gloves, Plate and Engraving furnished gratis. Office open day and night.

SPECTACLES,

WARRANTED TO

IMPROVE THE SIGHT,

AT

DUNSEATH & HASLETT'S,

JEWELERS AND OPTICIANS,

65 FIFTH ST., OPPOSITE MASONIC HALL.

NEW

SPRING GOODS,

Adapted to a FIRST CLASS MERCHANT TAILORING TRADE,

JUST OPENED, AT

HENRY G. HALE'S,

Corner of Penn and St. Clair Streets.

ONLY $10,

FOR A GOOD SET OF TEETH,

WARRANTED FOR ONE YEAR.

Something ENTIRELY NEW. Can only be obtained of the inventor,

DR. SPENCER, 254 Penn St.

☞ CALL AND EXAMINE.

N. B.—The ARTIFICIAL HUMAN EYE inserted without pain. ap25:p8

WALK IN! WALK IN!

AND SEE THE NEW

SPRING AND SUMMER GOODS,

JUST RECEIVED AT

H. SMITH'S Tailoring Establishment,

No. 98 WYLIE STREET,

Corner of Federal.

FOR SALE.—HOBOKEN.—THE balance of those desirable Lots are now offered at private sale, and any one desirous of fine building sites would do well to make a selection. The village is located on a beautiful and healthy spot, two and a half miles from Sharpsburg, on the Western Pennsylvania Railroad, which runs through it, making it much more valuable and agreeable. Extensive preparations are now making for erecting a number of fine houses, which will prove an ornament to the town. The remainder of these Lots will be sold at very reasonable rates and on terms exceedingly easy. SILL & SHUTTERLY, Real Estate and Insurance Agents, Lawrenceville